CURRENT POPULATION SURVEY, OCTOBER 2012 SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND INTERNET USE SUPPLEMENT FILE

TECHNICAL DOCUMENTATION CPS—12

This file documentation consists of the following materials:

Attachment 1	Abstract
Attachment 2	Overview - Current Population Survey
Attachment 3	Overview - October 2012 School Enrollment Supplement
Attachment 4	Glossary
Attachment 5	How to Use the Record Layout
Attachment 6	Basic CPS Record Layout
Attachment 7	Current Population Survey, October 2012 School Enrollment Supplement Record Layout
Attachment 8	Current Population Survey, October 2012 School Enrollment Supplement Questionnaire
Attachment 9	Industry Classification Codes
Attachment 10	Occupation Classification Codes
Attachment 11	Specific Metropolitan Identifiers
Attachment 12	Topcoding of Usual Hourly Earnings
Attachment 13	Tallies of Unweighted Counts
Attachment 14	Countries and Areas of the World
Attachment 15	Allocation Flags
Attachment 16	Source and Accuracy of the October 2012 Internet Use Supplement Data
Attachment 17	Source and Accuracy of the October 2012 School Enrollment Supplement Data
Attachment 18	User Notes

NOTE

Questions about accompanying **documentation** should be directed to Administrative and Customer Services Division, Publications Services Branch, Bureau of the Census, Washington, D.C. 20233. Phone: (301) 763-4400.

Questions about the **CD-ROM** should be directed to Marketing Services Office, Customer Services Center, Bureau of the Census, Washington, D.C. 20233. Phone: (301) 763-INFO (4636).

Questions about the **subject matter** should be directed to Karen Woods, Demographic Surveys Division, Bureau of the Census, Washington, D.C. 20233. Phone: (301) 763-3806

ABSTRACT

Current Population Survey, October 2012: School Enrollment Supplement [machine-readable data file] / conducted by the Bureau of the Census for the Bureau of Labor Statistics. -Washington: Bureau of the Census [producer and distributor], 2013.

Type of File:

Microdata; unit of observation is individuals within housing units.

Universe Description:

The universe consists of all persons in the civilian noninstitutional population of the United States living in households. The probability sample selected to represent the universe consists of approximately 57,000 households.

Subject-Matter Description:

Data are provided on labor force activity for the week prior to the survey. Comprehensive data are available on the employment status, occupation, and industry of persons 15 years old and over. Also shown are personal characteristics such as age, sex, race, marital status, veteran status, household relationship, educational background, and Hispanic origin.

The file contains information on school enrollment for persons 3 years old and over. This information includes current grade attending at a public or private school, whether attending college full or part-time at a 2 or 4-year institution, year last attended a regular school, and year graduated from high school.

Geographic Coverage:

States, regions and divisions are identified in their entirety. Within confidentiality restrictions; indicators are provided for 278 selected core-based statistical areas (CBSA), 30 selected combined statistical areas (CSA), 217 counties, and 76 central cities in multi-central city core-based statistical areas or combined statistical areas. Also within confidentiality restrictions, indicators are provided for metropolitan/non-metropolitan, central city/balance metropolitan, and CBSA size.

Technical Description:

File Structure: Rectangular.

File Size: 150,871 logical records; 1,196 character logical record length.

File Sort Sequence: State rank by CBSA rank by household identification number by line number.1-2

Reference Materials:

Current Population Survey, October 2012: School Enrollment Supplement Technical Documentation. Documentation contains this abstract, questionnaire facsimiles, and record layouts of the file. It is available on the Census Bureau's website at http://www.census.gov/

U.S. Census Bureau. *The Current Population Survey Design and Methodology* (Technical Paper 66) describes in detail the sample design and survey procedures used as well as the accuracy of estimates and sampling errors. Reference copies should be available from most public libraries or Federal Depository Libraries.

For information about the Current Population Survey and other Census Bureau data products, be sure to visit our online Question & Answer Center on the Census Bureau's home page (http://www.census.gov/) where you can search our knowledge base and submit questions.

File Availability:

You can order the file on disc from the Customer Services Center at (301) 763-INFO (4636) or through our online sales catalog (click "Catalogs" on the Census Bureau's home page).

OVERVIEW

Current Population Survey

Introduction

The Current Population Survey (CPS) is the source of the official government statistics on employment and unemployment. The CPS has been conducted monthly for over 50 years. Currently, we obtain interviews from about 56,000 households monthly, scientifically selected on the basis of area of residence to represent the nation as a whole, individual states, and other specified areas. Each household is interviewed once a month for four consecutive months one year, and again for the corresponding time period a year later. This technique enables us to obtain reliable month-to-month and year-to-year comparisons at a reasonable cost while minimizing the inconvenience to any one household.

Although the main purpose of the survey is to collect information on the employment situation, a very important secondary purpose is to collect information on demographic characteristics such as age, sex, race, marital status, educational attainment, family relationship, occupation, and industry. From time to time, additional questions are included on health, education, income, and previous work experience. The statistics resulting from these questions serve to update similar information collected once every 10 years through the decennial census, and are used by government policymakers and legislators as important indicators of our nation's economic situation and for planning and evaluating many government programs.

The CPS provides current estimates of the economic status and activities of the population of the United States. Because it is not possible to develop one or two overall figures (such as the number of unemployed) that would adequately describe the whole complex of labor market phenomena, the CPS is designed to provide a large amount of detailed and supplementary data. Such data are made available to meet a wide variety of needs on the part of users of labor market information.

Thus, the CPS is the only source of monthly estimates of total employment (both farm and nonfarm); nonfarm self-employed persons, domestics, and unpaid helpers in nonfarm family enterprises; wage and salaried employees; and, finally, estimates of total unemployment.

It provides the only available distribution of workers by the number of hours worked (as distinguished from aggregate or average hours for an industry), permitting separate analyses of part-time workers, workers on overtime, etc. The survey is also the only comprehensive current source of information on the occupation of workers and the industries in which they work. Information is available from the survey not only for persons currently in the labor force but also for those who are outside the labor force. The characteristics of such persons - whether married women with or without young children, disabled persons, students, older retired workers, etc., can be determined. Information on their current desire for work, their past work experience, and their intentions as to job seeking are also available.

For a more detailed discussion about the basic labor force data gathered on a monthly basis in the CPS survey, see "Explanatory Notes and Estimates of Error" in any recent issue of the *Employment and Earnings*, a Bureau of Labor Statistics periodical. This source is referred to on the next page.

CPS Sample Design

The current CPS sample is selected based on 2000 census information. The first stage of the 2000 sample design created 2,025 geographic areas called primary sampling units (PSUs) in the entire United States. These PSUs were grouped into strata within each state. Some of these PSUs formed strata by themselves and were in sample with certainty, which is referred to as self-representing. Of the remaining nonself-representing PSUs, one PSU was selected from each stratum with the probability of selection proportional to the population of the PSU. A total of 824 PSUs were selected for sampling. The second stage of the sample design selected housing units within these PSUs.

Approximately 72,000 housing units are assigned for interview each month, of which about 60,000 are occupied and thus eligible for interview. The remainder are units found to be destroyed, vacant, converted to nonresidential use, containing persons whose usual place of residence is elsewhere, or ineligible for other reasons. Of the 60,000 occupied housing units, approximately 7 percent are not interviewed in a given month due to temporary absence (vacation, etc.), the residents are not found at home after repeated attempts, inability of persons contacted to respond, unavailability for other reasons, and refusals to cooperate. The interviewed households contain approximately 108,000 persons 15 years old and over, approximately 27,000 children 0-14 years old, and about 450 Armed Forces members living with civilians either on or off base within these households. A more precise explanation regarding the CPS sample design is provided in "Explanatory Notes and Estimates of Error: Household Data - Sampling" in any issue of *Employment and Earnings*.

Relationship of Current Population Survey Files to Publications

Each month, a significant amount of information about the labor force is published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics in the *Employment and Earnings* and *Monthly Labor Review* reports.

As mentioned previously, the CPS also serves as a vehicle for supplemental inquiries on subjects other than employment, which are periodically added to the questionnaire. From the basic and supplemental data, the Bureau of the Census issues three series of publications under the general title Current Population Reports:

P-20 Population Characteristics

P-23 Special Studies

P-60 Consumer Income

All Current Population Reports, including the other series for population estimates and projections and special censuses, may be obtained by subscription from the U.S. Government Printing Office at 202-783-3238. Subscriptions are available as follows: Population Characteristics, Special Studies, and Consumer Income series (P-20, P-23, P-60) combined, \$101 per year (sold as a package only); Population Estimates and Projections, (P-25), \$27 per year. Single issues may be ordered separately; ordering information and prices are provided in the Bureau of the *Census Catalog and Guide*, the *Monthly Product Announcement* (MPA), and in *Census and You*. Selected reports also may be accessed on the INTERNET at http://www.census.gov/prod/www/subject.html#pop

Geographic Limitations

The CPS sample was selected so that specific reliability criteria were met nationally, for each of the 50 States and for the District of Columbia. Since 1985, these reliability criteria have been maintained through periodic additions and deletions in the State samples. Estimates formed for geographic areas identified on the microdata file which are smaller than states are not as reliable.

Weights

Under the estimating methods used in the CPS, all of the results for a given month become available simultaneously and are based on returns for the entire panel of respondents. The CPS estimation procedure involves weighting the data from each sample person. The base weight, which is the inverse of the probability of the person being in the sample, is a rough measure of the number of actual persons that the sample person represents. Almost all sample persons in the same state have the same base weight, but the weights across states are different. Selection probabilities may also differ for some sample areas due to field subsampling, which is done when areas selected for the sample contain many more households than expected. The base weights are then adjusted for noninterview, and the ratio estimation procedure is applied.

- 1. **Noninterview adjustment**. The weights for all interviewed households are adjusted to the extent needed to account for occupied sample households for which no information was obtained because of absence, impassable roads, refusals, or unavailability of the respondent for other reasons. This noninterview adjustment is made separately for clusters of similar sample areas that are usually, but not necessarily, contained within a state. Similarity of sample areas is based on Core-Based Statistical Area (CBSA) status and size. Within each cluster, there is a further breakdown by residence. Each CBSA cluster is split by "principal city" and "balance of the CBSA." The proportion of occupied sample households not interviewed fluctuates around 8 percent depending on weather, vacations, etc.
- 2. **Ratio estimates**. The distribution of the population selected for the sample may differ somewhat, by chance, from that of the population as a whole in such characteristics as age, race, sex, and state of residence. Because these characteristics are closely correlated with labor force participation and other principal measurements made from the sample, the survey estimates can be substantially improved when weighted appropriately by the known distribution of these population characteristics. This is accomplished through two stages of ratio adjustment as follows:
 - a. *First-stage ratio estimate*. The purpose of the first-stage ratio adjustment is to reduce the contribution to variance that results from selecting a sample of PSUs rather than drawing sample households from every PSU in the nation. This adjustment is made to the CPS weights in two race cells: black and nonblack; it is applied only to PSUs that are nonself-representing and for those states that have a substantial number of black households. The procedure corrects for differences that existed in each state cell at the time of the 2000 census between 1) the race distribution of the population in sample PSUs and 2) the race distribution of all PSUs (both 1 and 2 exclude self-representing PSUs).
 - b. Second-stage ratio estimate. This procedure substantially reduces the variability of estimates and corrects, to some extent, for CPS undercoverage. The CPS sample weights are adjusted to ensure that sample-based estimates of population match independent population controls. Three sets of controls are used:
 - 1) 51 state controls of the civilian noninstitutional population 16 years of age and older
 - 2) national civilian noninstitutional population controls for 14 hispanic and 5 nonhispanic age-sex categories
 - national civilian noninstitutional population controls for 66 white, 42 black, and 10 "other" agesex categories

The independent population controls are prepared by projecting forward the resident population as enumerated on April 1, 2000. The projections are derived by updating demographic census data with information from a variety of other data sources that account for births, deaths, and net migration. Estimated numbers of resident Armed Forces personnel and institutionalized persons reduce the resident population to the civilian noninstitutional population. Estimates of net census undercount, determined from the Post Enumeration Survey, are added to the population projections. Prior to January 2003, the projections were based on earlier censuses, and prior to January 1994, there was no correction for census undercount. A summary of the current procedures used to make population projections is given in "Revisions in the Current Population Survey Effective January 2003" in the January 2003 issue of Employment and Earnings..

Comparability of CPS From Microdata Files With Published Sources

Although total estimates of the population will equal published estimates, labor force estimates produced from a microdata file will not be directly comparable or identical with the published nonseasonally adjusted labor force data. The major reason for this is due to a final estimation procedure incorporated into the production of the published nonseasonally adjusted data. This procedure, known as a composite estimator, is a weighted average of two estimates for the current month for any particular item. The first estimate is the two-stage ratio estimate that includes all the estimation steps given above. The second estimate consists of the composite estimate for the preceding month to which has been added an estimate of the change from the preceding month, based on that part of the sample which is common to the two months (about 75 percent). This procedure is primarily used to increase the reliability of estimates of month-to-month change, although other reliability gains are also realized. As noted above, the composite estimation procedure does not affect estimates of the total population.

Another factor also inhibits microdata comparison with published labor force data. This is the seasonal adjustment that is applied to many published statistics. This adjustment is used to adjust for normal seasonal variations to help distinguish the underlying economic situation in month-to-month changes.

Shown below are data from January and July 1993 which demonstrate how estimates compiled using the final weights from the microdata file may differ from the published composited estimates, with and without seasonal adjustment. Note that the composite estimation procedure was not used for estimates published from January 1994 to May 1994. For a further description of both the composite estimator and seasonal adjustment, see "Explanatory Notes and Estimates of Error: Household Data - Estimating Methods (Composite Estimation Procedure)" and "Seasonal Adjustment" in any issue of Employment and Earnings.

Comparison of CPS Estimates from Microdata Files with Published Sources

	Civilian Noninstitutional Population	Civilian Labor Force	Employed	Unemployed	Not in Labor Force
January 1993 Data (000's)					
Final Weights	192,644	126,115	116,113	10,002	66,529
Composited (Not Seasonally Adjusted)	192,644	126,034	116,123	9,911	66,610
Composited (Seasonally Adjusted)	192,644	127,083	118,071	9,013	65,561
July 1993 Data (000's)					
Final Weights	193,633	130,399	121,450	8,949	63,234
Composited (Not Seasonally Adjusted)	193,633	130,324	121,323	9,002	63,309
Composited (Seasonally Adjusted)	193,633	128,070	119,301	8,769	65,563

OVERVIEW

October 2012 School Enrollment and Internet Use Supplement

General

The Census Bureau staff conducted the 2012 October School Enrollment and Internet Use Survey as a supplement to that month's Current Population Survey (CPS). The CPS is a monthly labor force survey conducted in approximately 57,000 interviewed households across the country. Attachment 8 is a copy of the October 2012 School Enrollment and Internet Use questionnaire.

Attachment 2 comprises a description of the CPS entitled "Overview – Current Population Survey." A description of the October 2012 School Enrollment and Internet Use Survey follows:

Data Collection

The Census Bureau staff conducted interviews during the period of October 14-20, 2012. We asked the school enrollment items of all people 3 years old or over, as appropriate. Interviewers received a 1 1/2-hour home study that contained questions on the basic labor force questions, item-by-item instructions for both supplements, supplement exercises, and a practice interview.

Data Processing

The data processing involved editing the October supplement data. Below is a description of this process:

- Basic School Enrollment Items -- These items are asked each October. They include
 the following variables: PESSCHOL, PEPUBLIC, PEGRADE, PEFULL, PESTYPE,
 PEVOCA, PELASTYR, PELASTGD, PEYRATT, PEYRDEG, PEYRDIP, PEGED,
 asked of adults; and PESCH35, PESCH614, PECHPUB, PECHGRDE, PES56, and
 PES57 asked of children.
 - 2. <u>Additional Items</u> The Internet Use items were asked of users, 3 years old or over, who access the Internet. They include the following items: PENET1,PENET1A, HENET2, HENET3, HENET3A, HENET4, HENET5, HENET5B, HENET5D, HENET6, HENET6B, HENET7 HENET7B, PENET8, HENET9, PENET10, HENET11, PENET12

- 3. The data processing involved a consistency edit and allocation module for all school enrollment items. The consistency edit mainly ensured that the entries within an individual record followed the correct skip pattern. Items with missing values were assigned values, if appropriate. When a response is not obtained for a particular data item, or an inconsistency in reported items is detected, an "imputed" response is entered in the field. Imputation is performed using a "hot deck" method, whereby a response from another sample person with similar demographic and economic characteristics is used for the nonresponse. The imputation procedure is performed one item at a time. In October 2012, the imputation rate for supplement items ranged from 4 -7 percent per item.
- 4. The values and universes for each variable are defined in the supplement record layout found in Attachment 7.

October 2012 CPS School Enrollment File

CPS Labor Force Data. The October 2012 CPS file contains 150, 871 records. The first 950 characters contain the labor force data for each record. Attachment 6 contains the CPS Basic Items Record Layout, which includes the variable name, character size, location on the record, universe, and the possible values of each basic CPS variable included on the file.

The variable PRPERTYP (located in positions 161-162) on the CPS Basic Items Record Layout) determines the type of person as follows:

PRPERTYP

- 1 = Child household member (0-14 years old)
- 2 = Adult civilian household member (15+ years old)
- 3 = Adult Armed Forces household member (15+ years old)

The variable HRINTSTA (located in positions 57-58 on the CPS Basic Items Record Layout) determines the interview status of the household.

HRINTSTA

- 1 = Interview
- 2 = Type A Noninterview (These records represent households that were eligible for the October 2012 CPS interview but were not interviewed because no one was home, household members were temporarily absent, etc.)

- 3 = Type B Noninterview (These records represent sample addresses determined to be ineligible for the CPS by virtue of being vacant, under construction, nonresidential, etc.)
- 4 = Type C Noninterview (These records represent sample addresses determined to be ineligible for the CPS by virtue of being demolished, a house or trailer moved, condemned, etc.)

By combining the values of PRPERTYP (1-3) and HRINTSTA (2-4), the number of records can be determined.

The values of PRPERTYP are:	Unweighted Counts
1 = Child	26093
2 = Adult Civilian, 15+	106245
3 = Adult, Armed Forces	409
The values of HRINTSTA are:	
2 = Type A Noninterview	5732
3 = Type B Noninterview	11723
4 = Type C Noninterview	669

October 2012 School Enrollment and Internet Use Data. The 2012 October school enrollment supplement data for adults are in locations (951-976). Children's data are in locations (977-988). Recodes are in locations (989-994). Allocation flags for school enrollment supplement variables are in locations (995-1030). The supplement weight appears in (1031-1040). The internet use supplement data are in locations (1041-1150) and the allocation flags are in locations (1151-1186). The supplement weight appears in (1187-1196). See Attachment 7.

Tallying the October 2012 School Enrollment and Internet Use Supplement File. The October 2012 supplement universe includes the full CPS sample comprised of all people 3 years old or over.

Definition of a Supplement Partial Interview. Data quality can be measured by knowing the number and percentage of successful interviews to the overall universe for a data collection. An eligible person (or household) for any data collection is determined to be an interview when the definition of a partial interview is satisfied. For the 2012 October School Enrollment and Internet Use Supplement, all persons in the supplement universe are considered interviews because of the allocation for missing responses (see section on **Data Processing** above).

Weighting. The 2012 October School Enrollment Supplement weighting was added to the processing of the School Enrollment data starting in 2006. Be sure to use this weight (PWSUPWGT) in location (1031-1040) for tallying individuals.

The Internet Use supplement is a fully allocated supplement. There is no supplement non-response weight included for use with supplement data. The basic CPS person (PWSSWGT) and household (HWHHWGT) weights may be used to tally the supplement.

"There is, however, a weight associated with the primary respondent questions. This weight, (PWPRMWGT) in location (1187 – 1196), should be used with the primary respondent questions which include PENET1, PENET1A(1-10). PENET12(1-13). This weight must be used when tallying these supplement questions."

Attachment 13 is a tally listing of unweighted counts from selected supplement items. Use these totals to ensure that the file is being accessed properly.

Data Contact. For questions regarding the October 2012 School Enrollment data, call the Education and Social Stratification Branch on (301) 763-2464.

GLOSSARY

Current Population Survey

Age–Age classification is based on the age of the person at his/her last birthday. The adult universe (i.e., population of marriageable age) is comprised of persons 15 years and over for CPS labor force data.

Allocation Flag—Each edited item has a corresponding allocation flag indicating the nature of the edit. See the attachment on allocation flags for more information. The second character of the item name is always "X".

Armed Forces—Demographic information for Armed Forces members (enumerated in off-base housing or on-base with their families) is included on the CPS data files. No labor force information is collected of Armed Forces members in any month. In March, supplemental data on income are included for Armed Forces members. This is the only month that non-demographic information is included for Armed Forces members.

Civilian Labor Force—(See Labor Force.)

Class of Worker—This refers to the broad classification of the person's employer. These broad classifications for current jobs are:

- 1) Federal government
- 2) State government
- 3) Local government
- 4) Private industry (including self-employed, incorporated)
- 5) Self-employed (not incorporated)
- 6) Working without pay

Domain—The domain for an item is a list or range of its possible values. Note that all unedited items have possible values of -1 (blank), -2 (don't know), and -3 (refused). Since all items have these possible values, they are not shown as valid entries for each item.

Duration of Unemployment—Duration of unemployment represents the length of time (through the current survey week) during which persons classified as unemployed are continuously looking for work. For persons on layoff, duration of unemployment represents the number of full weeks since the termination of their most recent employment. A period of two weeks or more during which a person is employed or ceased looking for work is considered to break the continuity of the present period of seeking work.

Earners, Number of-The file includes all persons 15 years old and over in the household with \$1 or more in wages and salaries, or \$1 or more of a loss in net income from farm or nonfarm self-employment during the preceding year.

Edited item—An edited item is allocated or imputed by the processing system. In most cases this means allocating a value where the unedited item contains a value of blank, "don't know", or "refused". The second character of the item name is always "E".

An edited version of an item exists only if that item is processed through the edits. If the edits never deal with a particular item, then that item only has an unedited version.

Since the instrument enforces skip patterns and consistency between many items, the edits are left mainly with the job of allocating missing values. Also, since an interviewer is allowed to "back up" in the interview, there may be "off-path" items filled in the unedited data. The edits also blank these off-path items if an edited version of the items exists.

Education—(See Level of School Completed.)

Employed—(See Labor Force.)

Family—A family is a group of two persons or more (one of whom is the householder) residing together and related by birth, marriage, or adoption. All such persons (including related subfamily members) are considered as members of one family. Beginning with the 1980 CPS, unrelated subfamilies (referred to in the past as secondary families) are no longer included in the count of families, nor are the members of unrelated subfamilies included in the count of family members.

Family Household—A family household is a household maintained by a family (as defined above), and may include among the household members any unrelated persons (unrelated subfamily members and/or secondary individuals) who may be residing there. The number of family households is equal to the number of families. The count of family household members differs from the count of family members, however, in that the family household members include all persons living in the household, whereas family members include only the householder and his/her relatives. (See the definition of Family).

Family Weight—This weight is used only for tallying family characteristics. In March, the weight on the family record is the March supplement weight of the householder or reference person.

Final Weight—Used in tabulating labor force items in all months, including March. The final weight is controlled to independent estimates for:

- 1) States
- 2) Origin, Sex, and Age
- 3) Age, Race, and Sex

This weight should not be used when tabulating March supplement data.

Full-Time Worker-Persons on full-time schedules include persons working 35 hours or more, persons who worked 1-34 hours for noneconomic reasons (e.g., illness) and usually work full-time, and persons "with a job but not at work" who usually work full-time.

Group Quarters-Group quarters are noninstitutional living arrangements for groups not living in conventional housing units or groups living in housing units containing nine or more persons unrelated to the person in charge.

Head Versus Householder—Beginning with the March 1980 CPS, the Bureau of the Census discontinued the use of the terms "head of household" and "head of family." Instead, the terms "householder" and "family householder" are used.

Highest Grade of School Attended (See Level of School Completed.)

Hispanic/Non-Hispanic Origin—A person's Hispanic/Non-Hispanic status in this file is determined on the basis of a question that simply asks "(Is/Are) (Name/you) Hispanic?"

Hours of Work—Hours of work statistics relate to the actual number of hours worked during the survey week. For example, a person who normally works 40 hours a week but who is off on the Veterans Day holiday is reported as working 32 hours even though he is paid for the holiday.

For persons working in more than one job, the figures related to the number of hours worked in all jobs during the week. However, all the hours are credited to the major job.

Household—A household consists of all the persons who occupy a house, an apartment, or other group of rooms, or a room, which constitutes a housing unit. A group of rooms or a single room is regarded as a housing unit when it is occupied as separate living quarters; that is, when the occupants do not live with any other person in the structure, and when there is direct access from the outside or through a common hall. The count of households excludes persons living in group quarters, such as military barracks and institutions. Inmates of institutions (mental hospitals, rest homes, correctional institutions, etc.) are not included in the survey.

Household Weight—The household weight is used for tallying household characteristics. In March, the household weight is the March Supplement weight of the householder.

Householder—The householder refers to the person (or one of the persons) in whose name the housing unit is owned or rented (maintained) or, if there is no such person, any adult member, excluding roomers, boarders, or paid employees. If the house is owned or rented jointly by a married couple, the householder may be either the husband or the wife. The person designated as the householder is the "reference person" to whom the relationship of all other household members, if any, is recorded.

Householder With No Other Relatives in Household—A householder who has no relatives living in the household. This is the entry for a person living alone. Another example is the designated householder of an apartment shared by two or more unrelated individuals.

Householder With Other Relatives (Including Spouse) in Household-The person designated as householder if he/she has one or more relatives (including spouse) living in the household.

Industry, Occupation, and Class of Worker (I&O)—Current Job (basic data)—For the employed, current job is the job held in the reference week (the week before the survey). Persons with two or more jobs are classified in the job at which they worked the most hours during the reference week. The unemployed are classified according to their latest full-time job lasting two or more weeks or by the job (either full-time or part-time). The I & O questions are also asked of persons not in the labor force who are in the fourth and eighth months in sample and who have worked in the last five years.

Job Seekers—All unemployed persons who made specific efforts to find a job sometime during the 4-week period preceding the survey week.

Longitudinal Weight—Used for gross flows analysis. Only found on adult records matched from month to month.

PEMLR-(Major Labor Force Recode)-This classification is available for each civilian 15 years old and over according to his/her responses to the monthly (basic) labor force items.

Labor Force—Persons are classified as in the labor force if they are employed, unemployed, or in the Armed Forces during the survey week. The "civilian labor force" includes all civilians classified as employed or unemployed. The file includes labor force data for civilians age 15 and over. However, the official definition of the civilian labor force is age 16 and over.

1. Employed

Employed persons comprise (1) all civilians who, during the survey week, do any work at all as paid employees or in their own business or profession, or on their own farm, or who work 15 hours or more as unpaid workers on a farm in a business operated by a member of the family; and (2) all those who have jobs but who are not working because of illness, bad weather, vacation, or labor-management dispute, or because they are taking time off for personal reasons, whether or not they are seeking other jobs. These persons would have a Monthly Labor Force Recode (MLR) of 1 or 2 respectively in characters 180-181 of the person record which designates "at work" and "with a job, but not at work." Each employed person is counted only once. Those persons who held more than one job are counted in the job at which they worked the greatest number of hours during the survey week. If they worked an equal number of hours at more than one job, they are counted at the job they held the longest.

2. Unemployed

Unemployed persons are those civilians who, during the survey week, have no employment but are available for work, and (1) have engaged in any specific job seeking activity within the past 4 weeks such as registering at a public or private employment office, meeting with prospective employers, checking with friends or relatives, placing or answering advertisements, writing letters of application, or being on a union or professional register; (2) are waiting to be called back to a job from which they had been laid off; or (3) are waiting to report to a new wage or salary job within 30 days. These persons would have an MLR code of 3 or 4 in characters 180-181 of the person record. The unemployed includes job leavers, job losers, new job entrants, and job reentrants.

a. Job Leavers

Persons who quit or otherwise terminate their employment voluntarily and immediately begin looking for work.

b. Job Losers

Persons whose employment ends involuntarily, who immediately begin looking for work, and those persons who are already on layoff.

c. New Job Entrants

Persons who never worked at a full-time job lasting two weeks or longer.

d. Job Reentrants

Persons who previously worked at a full-time job lasting two weeks or longer but are out of the labor force prior to beginning to look for work.

Finally, it should be noted that the unemployment rate represents the number of persons unemployed as a percent of the civilian labor force 16 years old and over. This measure can also be computed for groups within the labor force classified by sex, age, marital status, race, etc. The job loser, job leaver, reentrant, and new entrant rates are each calculated as a percent of the civilian labor force 16 years old and over; the sum of the rates for the four groups thus equals the total unemployment rate.

3. Not in Labor Force

All civilians 15 years old and over who are not classified as employed or unemployed. These persons are further classified by major activity: retired, unable to work because of long-term physical or mental illness, and other. The "other" group includes, for the most part, students and persons keeping house. Persons who report doing unpaid work in a family farm or business for less than 15 hours are also classified as not in the labor force.

For persons not in the labor force, data on previous work experience, intentions to seek work again, desire for a job at the time of interview, and reasons for not looking for work are asked only in those households that are in the fourth and eighth months of the sample, i.e., the "outgoing" groups, those which had been in the sample for three previous months and would not be in for the subsequent month.

Persons classified as NILF have an MLR code of 5-7 in characters 180-181 of the person record.

Layoff—A person who is unemployed but expects to be called back to a specific job. If he/she expects to be called back within 30 days, it is considered a temporary layoff; otherwise, it is an indefinite layoff.

Level of School Completed/Degree Received—These data changed beginning with the January 1992 file. A new question, "What is the highest level of school ... has completed or the highest degree ... has received?" replaced the old "Highest grade attended" and "Year completed" questions. The new question provides more accurate data on the degree status of college students. Educational attainment applies only to progress in "regular" school. Such schools include graded public, private, and parochial elementary and high schools (both junior and senior high), colleges, universities, and professional schools, whether day schools or night schools. Thus, regular schooling is that which may advance a person toward an elementary school certificate or high school diploma, or a college, university, or professional school degree. Schooling in other than regular schools is counted only if the credits obtained are regarded as transferable to a school in the regular school system.

Looking for Work-A person who is trying to get work or trying to establish a business or profession.

Marital Status—The marital status classification identifies four major categories: single (never married), married, widowed, and divorced. These terms refer to the marital status at the time of enumeration.

The category "married" is further divided into "married, civilian spouse present," "married, Armed Force spouse present," "married, spouse absent," "married, Armed Force spouse absent," and "separated." A person is classified as "married, spouse present" if the husband or wife is reported as a member of the household even though he or she may be temporarily absent on business or on vacation, visiting, in a hospital, etc., at the time of the enumeration. Persons reported as "separated" included those with legal separations, those living apart with intentions of obtaining a divorce, and other persons permanently or temporarily estranged from their spouses because of marital discord.

For the purpose of this file, the group "other marital status" includes "widowed and divorced," "separated," and "other married, spouse absent."

Month-In-Sample—The term is defined as the number of times a unit is interviewed. Each unit is interviewed eight times during the life of the sample.

Never Worked—A person who has never held a full-time civilian job lasting two consecutive weeks or more.

Nonfamily Householder—A nonfamily householder (formerly called a primary individual) is a person maintaining a household while living alone or with nonrelatives only.

Nonworker—A person who does not do any work in the calendar year preceding the survey.

Nonrelative of Householder With No Own Relatives in Household—A nonrelative of the householder who has no relative(s) of his own in the household. This category includes such nonrelatives as a foster child, a ward, a lodger, a servant, or a hired hand, who has no relatives of his own living with him in the household.

Nonrelative of Householder With Own Relatives (Including Spouse) in Household-Any household member who is not related to the householder but has relatives of his own in the household; for example, a lodger, his spouse, and their son.

Other Relative of Householder—Any relative of the householder other than his spouse or child; for example, father, mother, grandson, daughter-in-law, etc.

Out Variable—An instrument-created item that stores the results of another item.

Own Child-A child related by birth, marriage, or adoption to the family householder.

Part-Time, Economic Reasons—The item includes slack work, material shortages, repairs to plant or equipment, start or termination of job during the week, and inability to find full-time work. (See also Full-Time Worker.)

Part-Time, Other Reasons—The item includes labor dispute, bad weather, own illness, vacation, demands of home housework, school, no desire for full-time work, and full-time worker only during peak season.

Part-Time Work—Persons who work between 1 and 34 hours are designated as working "part-time" in the current job held during the reference week. For the March supplement, a person is classified as having worked part-time during the preceding calendar year if he worked less than 35 hours per week in a majority of the weeks in which he worked during the year. Conversely, he is classified as having worked full-time if he worked 35 hours or more per week during a majority of the weeks in which he worked.

Part-Year Work—Part-year work is classified as less than 50 weeks' work.

Population Coverage—Population coverage includes the civilian population of the United States plus approximately one million members of the Armed Forces in the United States living off post or with their families on post but excludes all other members of the Armed Forces. This file excludes inmates of institutions. The labor force and work experience data are not collected for Armed Forces members.

Processing Recode—An item calculated by the processing system from a combination of other items in the database. The second character of the item name is always "R".

Race—The population is divided into six groups on the basis of race: White, Black or African American, American Indian or Alaska Native, Asian, Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander, and Other races. The 2011 CPS uses the Census 2010 question on race that allows for more than one race reporting, but does not include the Census 2010 "Some Other Race" category.

Reentrants—Persons who previously worked at a full-time job lasting two weeks or longer, but who are out of the labor force prior to beginning to look for work.

Related Children—Related children in a family include own children and all other children in the household who are related to the householder by birth, marriage, or adoption. For each type of family unit identified in the CPS, the count of own children under 18 years old is limited to single (never married) children; however, "own children under 25" and "own children of any age," include all children regardless of marital status. The totals include never-married children living away from home in college dormitories.

Related Subfamily-A related subfamily is a married couple with or without children, or one parent with one or more own single (never married) children under 18 years old, living in a household and related to, but not including, the householder or spouse. The most common example of a related subfamily is a young married couple sharing the home of the husband's or wife's parents. The number of related subfamilies is not included in the number of families.

School, Major Activity-A person who spent most of his time during the survey week attending any kind of public or private school, including trade or vocational schools in which students receive no compensation in money or kind.

Secondary Individual-A secondary individual is a person in a household or group quarters such as a guest, roomer, boarder, or resident employee (excluding nonfamily households and inmates of institutions) who is not related to any other person in the household or group quarters.

Self-Employed-Self-employed persons are those who work for profit or fees in their own business, profession or trade, or operate a farm.

Stretches of Unemployment-A continuous stretch is one that is not interrupted by the person getting a job or leaving the labor market to go to school, to keep house, etc. A period of two weeks or more during which a person is employed or ceased looking for work is considered to break the continuity of the period of seeking work.

Unable to Work-A person is classified as unable to work because of long-term physical or mental illness, lasting six months or longer.

Unedited item-An item that is produced by the computer automated instrument, either collected during the interview or created by the instrument. The second character of the item name is always "U".

Unemployed-(See Labor Force.)

Unpaid Family Workers-Unpaid family workers are persons working without pay for 15 hours a week or more on a farm or in a business operated by a member of the household to whom they are related by birth or marriage.

Unrelated Individuals-Unrelated individuals are persons of any age (other than inmates of institutions) who are not living with any relatives. An unrelated individual may be (1) a nonfamily householder living alone or with nonrelatives only, (2) a roomer, boarder, or resident employee with no relatives in the household, or (3) a group quarters member who has no relatives living with him/her. Thus, a widow who occupies her house alone or with one or more other persons not related to her, a roomer not related to anyone else in the housing unit, a maid living as a member of her employer's household but with no relatives in the household, and a resident staff member in a hospital living apart from any relatives are all examples of unrelated individuals.

Unrelated Subfamily-An unrelated subfamily is a family that does not include among its members the householder and relatives of the householder. Members of unrelated subfamilies may include persons such as guests, roomers, boarders, or resident employees and their relatives living in a household. The number of unrelated subfamily members is included in the number of household members but is not included in the count of family members.

Persons living with relatives in group quarters were formerly considered as members of families. However, the number of such unrelated subfamilies became so small (37,000 in 1967) that beginning with the data for 1968 (and beginning with the census data for 1960) the Bureau of the Census includes persons in these unrelated subfamilies in the count of secondary individuals.

Veteran Status-If a person served at any time during the four most recent wartime periods, the codes for all periods of service are entered. A person can report up to 4 periods of service. The following codes are used:

- 0 Children under 15
- 1 September 2001 or later
- 2 August 1990 to August 2001
- 3 May 1975 to July 1990
- 4 Vietnam era (Aug 1964 to Apr 1975)
- 5 February 1955 to July 1964
- 6 Korean War (July 1950 to January 1955)
- 7 January 1947 to June 1950
- 8 World War II (December 1941 to December 1946)
- 9 November 1941 or earlier

Wage and Salary Workers-Wage and salary workers receive wages, salary, commission, tips, or pay in kind from a private employer or from a governmental unit. Also included are persons who are self-employed in an incorporated business.

Workers-(See Labor Force--Employed.)

Work Experience-Includes those persons who during the preceding calendar year did any work for pay or profit or worked without pay on a family-operated farm or business at any time during the year, on a part-time or full-time basis.

Year-Round Full-Time Worker-A year-round full-time worker is one who usually worked 35 hours or more per week for 50 weeks or more during the preceding calendar year.

HOW TO USE THE RECORD LAYOUT

Data users familiar with the CPS data files in prior years will see many similarities between the format of this file and those files released before January 1994. As in the past, there are numeric locations on the file which correspond to each variable. There is only one record layout which contains the variables for children, adults, and armed forces members. In prior years, each type of person had a separate record layout.

Item Naming Conventions

- ∠ The first character of each variable name is one of the following:
 - H Household item
 - G Geography item
 - * P Person item (includes adult items, child items, and armed forces items)
 - * There is no need to distinguish adult, child, and armed forces items in the variable names in the new system. The recode **PRPERTYP** (located in positions 161-162) tells you what category the person is in.
- ⊄ The second character of each variable name is one of the following:
 - E Edited item
 - U Unedited item
 - X Allocation flag (see Attachment 15 for more information)
 - W Weight
 - R Recode
- For multiple entry items, the file contains a separate variable for each possible response. Each item has the same descriptive name but a number is added as the last digit. For example, Question 22A allows separate entries for up to 6 job search methods. The item names are **PELKM1** (this item is edited), **PULKM2**, (this item is unedited), **PULKM3**, etc. These items are located in positions 296-307 of the record layout.

CPS RECORD LAYOUT FOR BASIC LABOR FORCE ITEMS

STANDARD PUBLIC USE FILES

A1. HOUSEHOLD INFORMATION

********** STARTING MAY 2012 *********** NAME SIZE DESCRIPTION LOCATION Additional valid entries for unedited items: -1 (blank), -2 (don't know), -3 (refused). HRHHID 15 HOUSEHOLD IDENTIFIER (Part 1) 1- 15 **EDITED UNIVERSE:** ALL HHLD's IN SAMPLE Part 1. See Characters 71-75 for Part 2 of the Household Identifier. Use Part 1 only for matching backward in time and use in combination with Part 2 for matching forward in time. 2 HRMONTH MONTH OF INTERVIEW 16-17 **EDITED UNIVERSE:** ALL HHLDs IN SAMPLE **VALID ENTRIES** 01 MIN VALUE 12 MAX VALUE HRYEAR4 18-21 YEAR OF INTERVIEW **EDITED UNIVERSE:** ALL HHLDs IN SAMPLE

NAME	SIZE	DESCRIPTION	LOCATION
		VALID ENTRIES	
		1998 MIN VALUE 2999MAX VALUE	
HURESPLI	2	LINE NUMBER OF THE CURRENT RESPONDENT	22 - 23
		VALID ENTRIES	
		0 MIN VALUE 99 MAX VALUE	
HUFINAL	3	FINAL OUTCOME CODE	24 - 26
		OUTCOME CODES BETWEEN 001 AND 020 ARE FOR CA ALL OTHER OUTCOME CODES ARE FOR CAPI.	TI.
		VALID ENTRIES	
		 001 FULLY COMPLETE CATI INTERVIEW 002 PARTIALLY COMPLETED CATI INTERVIEW 003 COMPLETE BUT PERSONAL VISIT REQUESTED NE 004 PARTIAL, NOT COMPLETE AT CLOSEOUT 005 LABOR FORCE COMPLETE, SUPPLEMENT INCOMING 006 LF COMPLETE, SUPPLEMENT DK ITEMS INCOMPLED CLOSEOUT—ASEC ONLY 020 HH OCCUPIED ENTIRELY BY ARMED FORCES MEDOR ALL UNDER 15 YEARS OF AGE 201 CAPI COMPLETE 202 CALLBACK NEEDED 203 SUFFICIENT PARTIAL - PRECLOSEOUT 204 SUFFICIENT PARTIAL - AT CLOSEOUT 205 LABOR FORCE COMPLETE, - SUPPL. INCOMPLETE 213 LANGUAGE BARRIER 214 UNABLE TO LOCATE 216 NO ONE HOME 217 TEMPORARILY ABSENT 218 REFUSED 219 OTHER OCCUPIED - SPECIFY 223 ENTIRE HOUSEHOLD ARMED FORCES 224 ENTIRE HOUSEHOLD UNDER 15 225 TEMP. OCCUPIED W/PERSONS WITH URE 226 VACANT REGULAR 227 VACANT - STORAGE OF HHLD FURNITURE 228 UNFIT, TO BE DEMOLISHED 229 UNDER CONSTRUCTION, NOT READY 	PLETE - CATI ETE AT MBERS

	0.22	52001ttt 11011	200, (1101)
		230 CONVERTED TO TEMP BUSINESS OR STORAGE 231 UNOCCUPIED TENT OR TRAILER SITE 232 PERMIT GRANTED - CONSTRUCTION NOT STARTE 233 OTHER - SPECIFY 240 DEMOLISHED 241 HOUSE OR TRAILER MOVED 242 OUTSIDE SEGMENT 243 CONVERTED TO PERM. BUSINESS OR STORAGE 244 MERGED 245 CONDEMNED 246 BUILT AFTER APRIL 1, 2000 247 UNUSED SERIAL NO./LISTING SHEET LINE 248 OTHER - SPECIFY 256 REMOVED DURING SUB-SAMPLING 257 UNIT ALREADY HAD A CHANCE OF SELECTION	LD
HUSPNISH	2	IS SPANISH THE ONLY LANGUAGE SPOKEN BY ALL MEMBERS OF THIS HOUSEHOLD WHO ARE 15 YEARS OF AGE OR OLDER?	27 - 28
		VALID ENTRIES 1 SPANISH ONLY LANGUAGE SPOKEN	
HETENURE	2	ARE YOUR LIVING QUARTERS (READ ANSWER CATEGORIES)	29 - 30
		EDITED UNIVERSE: HRINTSTA = 1 OR HUTYPB = 1-3	
		VALID ENTRIES	
		OWNED OR BEING BOUGHT BY A HH MEMBER RENTED FOR CASH OCCUPIED WITHOUT PAYMENT OF CASH RENT	
		NOTE: May be missing on the Basic CPS microdata files. This will be updated on later releases of the same month's data.	
HEHOUSUT	2	TYPE OF HOUSING UNIT	31 - 32
		EDITED UNIVERSE: ALL HHLDs IN SAMPLE	

NAME

SIZE

DESCRIPTION

LOCATION

NAME	SIZE	DESCRIPTION	LOCATION
		VALID ENTRIES 0 OTHER UNIT 1 HOUSE, APARTMENT, FLAT 2 HU IN NONTRANSIENT HOTEL, MOTEL, ETC. 3 HU PERMANENT IN TRANSIENT HOTEL, MOTEL 4 HU IN ROOMING HOUSE 5 MOBILE HOME OR TRAILER W/NO PERM. ROOM A 6 MOBILE HOME OR TRAILER W/1 OR MORE PERM 7 HU NOT SPECIFIED ABOVE 8 QUARTERS NOT HU IN ROOMING OR BRDING HS 9 UNIT NOT PERM. IN TRANSIENT HOTL, MOTL 10 UNOCCUPIED TENT SITE OR TRLR SITE 11 STUDENT QUARTERS IN COLLEGE DORM 12 OTHER UNIT NOT SPECIFIED ABOVE	
HETELHHD	2	IS THERE A TELEPHONE IN THIS HOUSE/APARTMENT?	33 - 34
		EDITED UNIVERSE: HRINTSTA = 1	
		VALID ENTRIES	
		1 YES 2 NO	
HETELAVL	2	IS THERE A TELEPHONE ELSEWHERE ON WHICH PEOPLE IN THIS HOUSEHOLD CAN BE CONTACTED?	35 - 36
		EDITED UNIVERSE: HETELHHD = 2	
		VALID ENTRIES	
		1 YES 2 NO	
HEPHONEO	2	IS A TELEPHONE INTERVIEW ACCEPTABLE?	37 - 38
		EDITED UNIVERSE: HETELHHD = 1 OR HETELAVL = 1	

NAME	SIZE	DESCRIPTION	LOCATION
		VALID ENTRIES 1 YES 2 NO	
HEFAMINC	2	FAMILY INCOME (COMBINED INCOME OF ALL FAMILY MEMBERS DURING THE LAST 12 MONTHS. INCLUDES MONEY FROM JOBS, NET INCOME FROM BUSINESS, FARM OR RENT, PENSIONS, DIVIDENDS, INTEREST, SOCIAL SECURITY PAYMENTS AND ANY OTHER MONEY INCOME RECEIVED BY FAMILY MEMBERS WHO ARE 15 YEARS OF AGE OR OLDER.) Edited beginning January 2010 Note: Caution should be used when using this variable since has an allocation rate of approximately 20 percent.	39 - 40
		<u>VALID ENTRIES</u> 1 LESS THAN \$5,000 2 5,000 TO 7,499	
		3 7,500 TO 9,999 4 10,000 TO 12,499 5 12,500 TO 14,999	
		6 15,000 TO 19,999 7 20,000 TO 24,999 8 25,000 TO 29,999	
		9 30,000 TO 34,999 10 35,000 TO 39,999 11 40,000 TO 49,999	
		12 50,000 TO 59,999 13 60,000 TO 74,999 14 75,000 TO 99,999 15 100,000 TO 149,999	
		16 150,000 OR MORE	

HUTYPEA 2 TYPE A NONINTERVIEW REASON

41 - 42

NAME	SIZE	DESCRIPTION	LOCATION
		VALID ENTRIES 1 NO ONE HOME (NOH) 2 TEMPORARILY ABSENT (TA) 3 REFUSED (REF) 4 LANGUAGE BARRIER 5 UNABLE TO LOCATE 6 OTHER OCCUPIED - SPECIFY	
HUTYPB	2	TYPE B NON-INTERVIEW REASON	43 - 44
		VALID ENTRIES	
		 VACANT REGULAR TEMPORARILY OCCUPIED BY PERSONS W/ URE VACANT-STORAGE OF HHLD FURNITURE UNFIT OR TO BE DEMOLISHED UNDER CONSTRUCTION, NOT READY CONVERTED TO TEMP BUSINESS OR STORAGE UNOCCUPIED TENT SITE OR TRAILER SITE PERMIT GRANTED CONSTRUCTION NOT STARTE OTHER TYPE B - SPECIFY 	D
HUTYPC	2	TYPE C NON-INTERVIEW REASON	45 - 46
		VALID ENTRIES 1 DEMOLISHED 2 HOUSE OR TRAILER MOVED 3 OUTSIDE SEGMENT 4 CONVERTED TO PERM. BUSINESS OR STORAGE 5 MERGED 6 CONDEMNED 8 UNUSED LINE OF LISTING SHEET 9 OTHER - SPECIFY	
HWHHWGT	10	HOUSEHOLD WEIGHT (4 IMPLIED DECIMAL PLACES) USED FOR TALLYING HOUSEHOLD CHARACTERISTIC	47 - 56
		EDITED UNIVERSE: HRINTSTA = 1	
HRINTSTA	2	INTERVIEW STATUS	57 - 58

NAME	SIZE	DESCRIPTION	LOCATION
		EDITED UNIVERSE: ALL HHLDs IN SAMPLE	
		VALID ENTRIES	
		 1 INTERVIEW 2 TYPE A NON-INTERVIEW 3 TYPE B NON-INTERVIEW 4 TYPE C NON-INTERVIEW 	
HRNUMHOU	J 2	TOTAL NUMBER OF PERSONS LIVING IN THE HOUSEHOLD (HOUSEHOLD MEMBERS).	59 - 60
		EDITED UNIVERSE: ALL HHLDs IN SAMPLE	
		VALID ENTRIES	
		0 MIN VALUE 16 MAX VALUE	
HRHTYPE	2	HOUSEHOLD TYPE	61 - 62
		EDITED UNIVERSE: ALL HHLDs IN SAMPLE	
		VALID ENTRIES	
		0 NON-INTERVIEW HOUSEHOLD 1 HUSBAND/WIFE PRIMARY FAMILY (NEITHER AF) 2 HUSB/WIFE PRIM. FAMILY (EITHER/BOTH AF) 3 UNMARRIED CIVILIAN MALE-PRIM. FAM HHLDER 4 UNMARRIED CIV. FEMALE-PRIM FAM HHLDER 5 PRIMARY FAMILY HHLDER-RP IN AF, UNMAR. 6 CIVILIAN MALE PRIMARY INDIVIDUAL 7 CIVILIAN FEMALE PRIMARY INDIVIDUAL 8 PRIMARY INDIVIDUAL HHLD-RP IN AF 9 GROUP QUARTERS WITH FAMILY 10 GROUP QUARTERS WITHOUT FAMILY	
HRMIS	2	MONTH-IN-SAMPLE	63 – 64
		EDITED UNIVERSE: ALL HHLDs IN SAMPLE	

NAME	SIZE	DESCRIPTION	LOCATION
		VALID ENTRIES	
		1 MIN VALUE 8 MAX VALUE	
HUINTTYP	2	TYPE OF INTERVIEW	65 - 66
		VALID ENTRIES	
		 0 NONINTERVIEW/INDETERMINATE 1 PERSONAL 2 TELEPHONE 	
HUPRSCNT	2	NUMBER OF ACTUAL AND ATTEMPTED PERSONAL CONTACTS	67 - 68
		VALID ENTRIES	
		1 MIN VALUE 9 MAX VALUE	
HRLONGLK	2	LONGITUDINAL LINK INDICATOR	69 - 70
		EDITED UNIVERSE: ALL HHLDs IN SAMPLE	
		VALID ENTRIES	
		0 MIS 1 OR REPLACEMENT HH (NO LINK) 2 MIS 2-4 OR MIS 6-8 3 MIS 5	
HRHHID2	5	HOUSEHOLD IDENTIFIER (part 2)	71 - 75
		EDITED UNIVERSE: ALL HHLD's IN SAMPLE	
		Part 1 of this number is found in columns 1-15 of the record. Concatenate this item with Part 1 for matching forward in time	
		The component parts of this number are as follows: 71-72 Numeric component of the sample number (HRSAN 73-74 Serial suffix-converted to numerics (HRSERSUF) Household Number (HUHHNUM)	MPLE)

NAME	SIZE	DESCRIPTION	LOCATION
FILLER	3		76 – 78
HUBUS	2	DOES ANYONE IN THIS HOUSEHOLD HAVE A BUSINESS OR A FARM?	79 - 80
		VALID ENTRIES	
		1 YES 2 NO	
HUBUSL1	2	ENTER LINE NUMBER FOR HUBUS = 1	81 - 82
		VALID ENTRIES	
HUBUSL2	2	01 MIN VALUE 99 MAX VALUE See BUSL1	83 - 84
		VALID ENTRIES	
		1 MIN VALUE 99 MAX VALUE	
HUBUSL3	2	See BUSL1	85 - 86
		VALID ENTRIES	
		1 MIN VALUE 99 MAX VALUE	
HUBUSL4	2	See BUSL1	87 - 88
		VALID ENTRIES	
		1 MIN VALUE 99 MAX VALUE	
	<u>A2. (</u>	GEOGRAPHIC INFORMATION	
GEREG	2	REGION	89 - 90
		EDITED UNIVERSE: ALL HHLD's IN SAMPLE	

NAME	SIZE	DESCRIPTION	LOCATION
		VALID ENTRIES	
		 1 NORTHEAST 2 MIDWEST (FORMERLY NORTH CENTRAL) 3 SOUTH 4 WEST 	
GESTCEN	2	CENSUS STATE CODE	91 - 92
		EDITED UNIVERSE: ALL HHLD's IN SAMPLE	
		VALID ENTRIES	
		11 ME 51 DE 85 NM 12 NH 52 MD 86 AZ 13 VT 53 DC 87 UT 14 MA 54 VA 88 NV 15 RI 55 WV 91 WA 16 CT 56 NC 92 OR 21 NY 57 SC 93 CA 22 NJ 58 GA 94 AK 23 PA 59 FL 95 HI 31 OH 61 KY 32 IN 62 TN 33 IL 63 AL 34 MI 64 MS 35 WI 71 AR 41 MN 72 LA 42 IA 73 OK 43 MO 74 TX 44 ND 81 MT 45 SD 82 ID 46 NE 83 WY 47 KS 84 CO	
GESTFIPS	2	FEDERAL INFORMATION 93 PROCESSING STANDARDS (FIPS) STATE CODE	- 94
		EDITED UNIVERSE: ALL HHLD's IN SAMPLE	

		VALID ENTRIES	
		01 AL 30 MT 02 AK 31 NE 04 AZ 32 NV 05 AR 33 NH 06 CA 34 NJ 08 CO 35 NM 09 CT 36 NY 10 DE 37 NC 11 DC 38 ND 12 FL 39 OH 13 GA 40 OK 15 HI 41 OR 16 ID 42 PA 17 IL 44 RI 18 IN 45 SC 19 IA 46 SD 20 KS 47 TN 21 KY 48 TX 22 LA 49 UT 23 ME 50 VT 24 MD 51 VA 25 MA 53 WA 26 MI 54 WV 27 MN 55 WI 28 MS 56 WY 29 MO	
FILLER	1		95 - 95
GTCBSA	5	Metropolitan CBSA FIPS CODE	96 - 100
		EDITED UNIVERSE: ALL HHLD's IN SAMPLE	
		VALID ENTRIES	
		00000 NOT IDENTIFIED OR NONMETROPOLITAN 00460 MIN VALUE 79600 MAX VALUE	
		SPECIFIC METROPOLITAN CBSA CODE (SEE GEOGRAPHIC ATTACHMENT)	

NAME

SIZE

DESCRIPTION

LOCATION

NAME	SIZE	DESCRIPTION	LOCATION
GTCO	3	FIPS COUNTY CODE	101 - 103
		EDITED UNIVERSE: ALL HHLD's IN SAMPLE	
		VALID ENTRIES	
		000 NOT IDENTIFIED 001-810 SPECIFIC COUNTY CODE (SEE ATTACHMENT NOTE: THIS CODE MUST BE USED IN COMBINATE WITH A STATE CODE (GESTFIPS or GESTCEN) IN ORDER TO UNIQUELY IDENTIFY A COUNTY. ALS MOST COUNTIES ARE NOT IDENTIFIED.	ION
GTCBSAST	1	PRINCIPAL CITY/BALANCE STATUS	104 - 104
		EDITED UNIVERSE: ALL HHLD's IN SAMPLE	
		VALID ENTRIES	
		 1 PRINCIPAL CITY 2 BALANCE 3 NONMETROPOLITAN 4 NOT IDENTIFIED 	
GTMETSTA	1	METROPOLITAN STATUS	105 - 105
		EDITED UNIVERSE: ALL HHLD's IN SAMPLE	
		VALID ENTRIES	
		1 METROPOLITAN2 NONMETROPOLITAN3 NOT IDENTIFIED	
GTINDVPC	1	INDIVIDUAL PRINCIPAL CITY	106 - 106
		EDITED UNIVERSE: ALL HHLD's IN SAMPLE	

NAME	SIZE	DESCRIPTION	LOCATION
		 VALID ENTRIES NOT IDENTIFIED, NONMETROPOLITAN, or NOT A CENTRAL CITY 1-7 SPECIFIC PRINCIPAL CITY CODE (SEE GEOGRAPHIC ATTACHMENT) NOTE: WHENEVER POSSIBLE THIS CODE IDENTIFIES SPECIFIC PRINCIPAL CITIES IN A METROPOLITAN AREA THAT HAS MULTIPLE PRINCIPAL CITIES. THIS CODE MUST BE USED IN COMBINATION WITH THE CBSA FIPS CODE (GTCBSA) IN ORDER TO UNIQUELY IDENTIFY A SPECIFIC CITY. 	
GTCBSASZ	1	Metropolitan Area (CBSA) SIZE	107 - 107
		EDITED UNIVERSE: ALL HHLD's IN SAMPLE	
		VALID ENTRIES	
		 NOT IDENTIFIED OR NONMETROPOLITAN 100,000 - 249,999 250,000 - 499,999 	
		4 500,000 - 499,999 5 1,000,000 - 2,499,999	
		6 2,500,000 - 4,999,999 7 5,000,000+	
GTCSA	3	Consolidated Statistical Area (CSA) FIPS CODE	108-110
		EDITED UNIVERSE: ALL HHLD's IN SAMPLE	
		VALID ENTRIES	
		000 NOT IDENTIFIED OR NONMETROPOLITAN118 MIN VALUE720 MAX VALUE	
		SPECIFIC CSA CODE (SEE GEOGRAPHIC ATTACHMEN	T)
FILLER	3		111 - 113

NAME	SIZE	DESCRIPTION	LOCATION
		A3. PERSONS INFORMATION DEMOGRAPHIC ITEMS	
PROLDRRP	2	RELATIONSHIP TO REFERENCE PERSON (RECODE) Eliminated February 2005	114 - 115
		EDITED UNIVERSE: PRPERTYP = 1, 2, OR 3	
		VALID ENTRIES	
		01 REF PERS WITH OTHER RELATIVES IN HH 02 REF PERS WITH NO OTHER RELATIVES IN HH 03 SPOUSE 04 CHILD 05 GRANDCHILD 06 PARENT 07 BROTHER/SISTER 08 OTHER RELATIVE 09 FOSTER CHILD 10 NON-REL OF REF PER W/OWN RELS IN HH 11 PARTNER/ROOMMATE 12 NON-REL OF REF PER W/NO OWN RELS IN HH SEE LOCATION 118 - 119 FOR AN UNCOLLAPSED VERSION	
FILLER	2	Starting February 2005	114 - 115
PUPELIG	2	INTERVIEW STATUS OF EACH PERSON IN THE HOUSEHOLD	116 - 117
		VALID ENTRIES	
		1 ELIGIBLE FOR INTERVIEW 2 LABOR FORCE FULLY COMPLETE 3 MISSING LABOR FORCE DATA FOR PERSON 4 (NOT USED) 5 ASSIGNED IF AGE IS BLANK 6 ARMED FORCES MEMBER 7 UNDER 15 YEARS OLD 8 NOT A HH MEMBER 9 DELETED 10 DECEASED 11 END OF LIST 12 AFTER END OF LIST	

NAME	SIZE	DESCRIPTION	LOCATION
PERRP	2	RELATIONSHIP TO REFERENCE PERSON	118 - 119
		EDITED UNIVERSE: PRPERTYP = 1, 2, OR 3	
		VALID ENTRIES	
		EXPANDED RELATIONSHIP CATEGORIES 01 REFERENCE PERSON W/RELS. 02 REFERENCE PERSON W/O RELS. 03 SPOUSE 04 CHILD 05 GRANDCHILD 06 PARENT 07 BROTHER/SISTER 08 OTHER REL. OR REF. PERSON 09 FOSTER CHILD 10 NONREL. OF REF. PERSON W/RELS. 11 NOT USED 12 NONREL. OF REF. PERSON W/O RELS. 13 UNMARRIED PARTNER W/RELS. 14 UNMARRIED PARTNER W/OUT RELS. 15 HOUSEMATE/ROOMMATE W/RELS. 16 HOUSEMATE/ROOMMATE W/OUT RELS. 17 ROOMER/BOARDER W/RELS. 18 ROOMER/BOARDER W/OUT RELS. SEE LOCATION 114 - 115 FOR THE COLLAPSED VERSION	
PEPARENT	2	LINE NUMBER OF PARENT	120 - 121
		EDITED UNIVERSE: EVERY PERSON	
		VALID ENTRIES	
		-1 NO PARENT 01 MIN VALUE	

99 MAX VALUE

NAME	SIZE	DESCRIPTION	LOCATION
PRTAGE	2	PERSONS AGE	122 - 123
		Note: This variable was labeled as PEAGE in prior versions of even though it contained the public use version of age that was further masking steps to protect the confidentiality of individual	s topcoded and underwent
		EDITED UNIVERSE: PRPERTYP = 1, 2, 0R 3	
		VALID ENTRIES	
		00-79 Age in Years 80 80-84 Years Old 85 85+ Years Old	
PRTFAGE	1	TOP CODE FLAG FOR AGE	124 - 124
		VALID ENTRIES	
		0 NO TOP CODE1 TOP CODED VALUE FOR AGE	
PEMARITL	2	MARITAL STATUS	125 - 126
		EDITED UNIVERSE: PEAGE >= 15	
		VALID ENTRIES	
		 1 MARRIED - SPOUSE PRESENT 2 MARRIED - SPOUSE ABSENT 3 WIDOWED 4 DIVORCED 5 SEPARATED 6 NEVER MARRIED 	
PESPOUSE	2	LINE NUMBER OF SPOUSE	127 - 128
		EDITED UNIVERSE: PEMARITL = 1	
		VALID ENTRIES	
		-1 NO SPOUSE 01 MIN VALUE 99 MAX VALUE	

NAME	SIZE	DESCRIPTION	LOCATION
PESEX	2	SEX	129 - 130
		EDITED UNIVERSE: PRPERTYP = 1, 2, 0R 3	
		VALID ENTRIES	
		1 MALE 2 FEMALE	
PEAFEVER	2	DID YOU EVER SERVE ON ACTIVE DUTY IN THE U.S. ARMED FORCES?	131 - 132
		EDITED UNIVERSE: PEAGE >=17	
		VALID ENTRIES	
		1 YES 2 NO	
FILLER	2	Starting August 2005	133 – 134
PEAFNOW	2	ARE YOU NOW IN THE ARMED FORCES	135 - 136
		EDITED UNIVERSE: PRPERTYP = 2 or 3	
		VALID ENTRIES	
		1 YES 2 NO	
PEEDUCA	2	HIGHEST LEVEL OF SCHOOL COMPLETED OR DEGREE RECEIVED	137 - 138
		EDITED UNIVERSE: PRPERTYP = 2 0R 3	
		VALID ENTRIES	
		31 LESS THAN 1ST GRADE 32 1ST, 2ND, 3RD OR 4TH GRADE 33 5TH OR 6TH GRADE 34 7TH OR 8TH GRADE 35 9TH GRADE 36 10TH GRADE 6-17	

NAME	SIZE	DESCRIPTION	LOCATION
		 37 11TH GRADE 38 12TH GRADE NO DIPLOMA 39 HIGH SCHOOL GRAD-DIPLOMA OR EQUIV (GED) 40 SOME COLLEGE BUT NO DEGREE 41 ASSOCIATE DEGREE-OCCUPATIONAL/VOCATION 42 ASSOCIATE DEGREE-ACADEMIC PROGRAM 43 BACHELOR'S DEGREE (EX: BA, AB, BS) 44 MASTER'S DEGREE (EX: MA, MS, MEng, MEd, MSV 45 PROFESSIONAL SCHOOL DEG (EX: MD, DDS, DVM 46 DOCTORATE DEGREE (EX: PhD, EdD) 	V)
PTDTRACE	2	RACE	139 – 140
		EDITED UNIVERSE: PRPERTYP = 1, 2, 0R 3	
		<u>VALID ENTRIES</u>	
		01 White Only	
		02 Black Only	
		03 American Indian, Alaskan Native Only	
		04 Asian Only	
		05 Hawaiian/Pacific Islander Only	
		06 White-Black07 White-AI	
		08 White-Asian	
		09 White-HP	
		10 Black-AI	
		11 Black-Asian	
		12 Black-HP	
		13 AI-Asian	
		14 AI-HP	
		15 Asian-HP	
		16 W-B-AI	
		17 W-B-A	
		18 W-B-HP	
		19 W-AI-A	
		20 W-AI-HP	
		21 W-A-HP	
		22 B-AI-A	
		23 W-B-AI-A 24 W-AI-A-HP	
		24 W-AI-A-III	

25 Other 3 Race Combinations

26 Other 4 and 5 Race Combinations

NAME	SIZE	DESCRIPTION	LOCATION
PRDTHSP	2	DETAILED HISPANIC ORIGIN GROUP	141 - 142
		EDITED UNIVERSE: PEHSPNON = 1	
		VALID ENTRIES	
		 Mexican Puerto Rican Cuban Central/South American Other Spanish 	
PUCHINHH	2	CHANGE IN HOUSEHOLD COMPOSITION	143 – 144
		VALID ENTRIES	
		1 PERSON ADDED 2 PERSON ADDED - URE 3 PERSON UNDELETED 4 PERSON DIED 5 DELETED FOR REASON OTHER THAN DEATH 6 PERSON JOINED ARMED FORCES 7 PERSON NO LONGER IN AF 9 CHANGE IN DEMOGRAPHIC INFORMATION	
FILLER	2		145 - 146
PULINENO	2	PERSON'S LINE NUMBER	147 - 148
		VALID ENTRIES	
		01 MIN VALUE 99 MAX VALUE	
FILLER	2		149 - 150
PRFAMNUM	2	FAMILY NUMBER RECODE	151 - 152
		EDITED UNIVERSE: PRPERTYP = 1, 2, 0R 3	

NAME	SIZE	DESCRIPTION	LOCATION
		VALID ENTRIES 00 NOT A FAMILY MEMBER 01 PRIMARY FAMILY MEMBER ONLY 02 SUBFAMILY NO. 2 MEMBER 03 SUBFAMILY NO. 3 MEMBER 04 SUBFAMILY NO. 4 MEMBER 05 SUBFAMILY NO. 5 MEMBER 06 SUBFAMILY NO. 6 MEMBER 07 SUBFAMILY NO. 7 MEMBER 08 SUBFAMILY NO. 8 MEMBER 09 SUBFAMILY NO. 9 MEMBER 10 SUBFAMILY NO. 10 MEMBER 11 SUBFAMILY NO. 11 MEMBER 12 SUBFAMILY NO. 12 MEMBER 13 SUBFAMILY NO. 13 MEMBER 14 SUBFAMILY NO. 14 MEMBER 15 SUBFAMILY NO. 15 MEMBER 16 SUBFAMILY NO. 16 MEMBER 17 SUBFAMILY NO. 17 MEMBER	
		18 SUBFAMILY NO. 18 MEMBER 19 SUBFAMILY NO. 19 MEMBER	
PRFAMREL	2	FAMILY RELATIONSHIP RECODE	153 - 154
		EDITED UNIVERSE: PRPERTYP = 1, 2, 0R 3	
		VALID ENTRIES	
		 NOT A FAMILY MEMBER REFERENCE PERSON SPOUSE CHILD OTHER RELATIVE (PRIMARY FAMILY & UNREL) 	
PRFAMTYP	2	FAMILY TYPE RECODE	155 - 156
		EDITED UNIVERSE: PRPERTYP = 1, 2, 0R 3	
		<u>VALID ENTRIES</u>	
		 1 PRIMARY FAMILY 2 PRIMARY INDIVIDUAL 3 RELATED SUBFAMILY 	

NAME	SIZE	DESCRIPTION	LOCATION
		4 UNRELATED SUBFAMILY 5 SECONDARY INDIVIDUAL	
PEHSPNON	2	HISPANIC OR NON-HISPANIC	157 - 158
		EDITED UNIVERSE: PRPERTYP = 1, 2, 0R 3	
		VALID ENTRIES	
		1 HISPANIC 2 NON-HIPSANIC	
PRMARSTA	2	MARITAL STATUS BASED ON ARMED FORCES PARTICIPATION	159 - 160
		EDITED UNIVERSE: PRPERTYP = 2 OR 3	
		VALID ENTRIES	
		 MARRIED, CIVILIAN SPOUSE PRESENT MARRIED, ARMED FORCES SPOUSE PRESENT MARRIED, SPOUSE ABSENT (EXC. SEPARATED) WIDOWED DIVORCED SEPARATED NEVER MARRIED 	
PRPERTYP	2	TYPE OF PERSON RECORD RECODE	161 - 162
		EDITED UNIVERSE: ALL HOUSEHOLD MEMBERS	
		VALID ENTRIES	
		 CHILD HOUSEHOLD MEMBER ADULT CIVILIAN HOUSEHOLD MEMBER ADULT ARMED FORCES HOUSEHOLD MEMBER 	
PENATVTY	3	COUNTRY OF BIRTH	163 - 165
		EDITED UNIVERSE: PRPERTYP = 1, 2, 0R 3	

NAME	SIZE	DESCRIPTION	LOCATION
		VALID ENTRIES 057 UNITED STATES 066 GUAM 073 PUERTO RICO 078 U. S. VIRGIN ISLANDS 096 OTHER U. S. ISLAND AREA 100-554 FOREIGN COUNTRY (SEE APPENDIX) 555 ELSEWHERE	
PEMNTVTY	3	MOTHER'S COUNTRY OF BIRTH EDITED UNIVERSE: PRPERTYP = 1, 2, 0R 3	166 - 168
		VALID ENTRIES 057 UNITED STATES 066 GUAM 073 PUERTO RICO 078 U. S. VIRGIN ISLANDS 096 OTHER U. S. ISLAND AREA 100-554 FOREIGN COUNTRY (SEE APPENDIX) 555 ELSEWHERE	
PEFNTVTY	3	FATHER'S COUNTRY OF BIRTH EDITED UNIVERSE: PRPERTYP = 1, 2, 0R 3 VALID ENTRIES 057 UNITED STATES 066 GUAM 073 PUERTO RICO	169 - 171
PRCITSHP	2	078 U. S. VIRGIN ISLANDS 096 OTHER U. S. ISLAND AREA 100-554 FOREIGN COUNTRY (SEE APPENDIX) 555 ELSEWHERE CITIZENSHIP STATUS	172 - 173
		EDITED UNIVERSE: PRPERTYP = 1, 2, 0R 3	

NAME	SIZE	DESCRIPTION	LOCATION
		VALID ENTRIES	
		NATIVE, BORN IN THE UNITED STATES NATIVE, BORN IN PUERTO RICO OR OTHER U.S. IS NATIVE, BORN ABROAD OF AMERICAN PARENT OF THE UNITED STATES FOREIGN BORN, U.S. CITIZEN BY NATURALIZATION FOREIGN BORN, NOT A CITIZEN OF THE UNITED STATES.	OR PARENTS ON
PRCITFLG	2	CITIZENSHIP ALLOCATION FLAG	174 - 175
		EDITED UNIVERSE: PRPERTYP = 1, 2, 0R 3	
		Placed in this position because naming convention is different from all other allocation flags.	
PRINUSYR	2	IMMIGRANT'S YEAR OF ENTRY	176 - 177
		EDITED UNIVERSE: PRCITSHP = 2, 3, 4, OR 5	
		VALID ENTRIES	
		-1 NOT IN UNIVERSE (BORN IN U.S.) 00 NOT FOREIGN BORN 01 BEFORE 1950 02 1950-1959 03 1960-1964 04 1965-1969 05 1970-1974 06 1975-1979 07 1980-1981 08 1982-1983 09 1984-1985 10 1986-1987 11 1988-1989 12 1990-1991 13 1992-1993 14 1994-1995 15 1996-1997 16 1998-1999 17 2000-2001 18 2002-2003 19 2004-2005 20 2006-2007 21 2008-2010	

NAME	SIZE	DESCRIPTION	LOCATION
		STARTING JANUARY 2011	
		21 2008-2011	
		STARTING JANUARY 2012	
		21 2008-2009 22 2010-2012	
		STARTING JANUARY 2013	
		22 2010-2013	
		A4. PERSONS INFORMATION LABOR FORCE ITEMS	
PUSLFPRX	2	LABOR FORCE INFORMATION COLLECTED BY SELF OR PROXY RESPONSE	178 - 179
		VALID ENTRIES	
		1 SELF 2 PROXY 3 BOTH SELF AND PROXY	
PEMLR	2	MONTHLY LABOR FORCE RECODE	180 - 181
		EDITED UNIVERSE: PRPERTYP = 2	
		VALID ENTRIES	
		1 EMPLOYED-AT WORK 2 EMPLOYED-ABSENT 3 UNEMPLOYED-ON LAYOFF 4 UNEMPLOYED-LOOKING 5 NOT IN LABOR FORCE-RETIRED 6 NOT IN LABOR FORCE-DISABLED 7 NOT IN LABOR FORCE-OTHER	
PUWK	2	LAST WEEK, DID YOU DO ANY WORK FOR (EITHER) PAY (OR PROFIT)?	182 - 183

NAME	SIZE	DESCRIPTION	LOCATION
		VALID ENTRIES	
		1 YES 2 NO 3 RETIRED 4 DISABLED 5 UNABLE TO WORK	
PUBUS1	2	LAST WEEK, DID YOU DO ANY UNPAID WORK IN THE FAMILY BUSINESS OR FARM?	184 - 185
		VALID ENTRIES	
		1 YES 2 NO	
PUBUS2OT	2	DO YOU RECEIVE ANY PAYMENTS OR PROFITS FROM THE BUSINESS?	186 - 187
		VALID ENTRIES	
		1 YES 2 NO	
PUBUSCK1	2	CHECK ITEM 1 FILTER FOR QUESTIONS ON UNPAID WORK	188 - 189
		VALID ENTRIES	
		1 GOTO PUBUS1 2 GOTO PURETCK1	
PUBUSCK2	2	CHECK ITEM 2 SKIPS OWNERS OF FAMILY BUSINES WHO DID NOT WORK LAST WEEK	190 - 191
		VALID ENTRIES	
		1 GOTO PUHRUSL1 2 GOTO PUBUS2	

NAME	SIZE	DESCRIPTION	LOCATION
PUBUSCK3	2	CHECK ITEM 3	192 - 193
		VALID ENTRIES	
		1 GOTO PUABSRSN 2 GOTO PULAY	
PUBUSCK4	2	CHECK ITEM 4	194 - 195
		VALID ENTRIES	
		1 GOTO PUHRUSL1 2 GOTO PUABSPD	
PURETOT	2	RETIREMENT STATUS (LAST MONTH YOU WERE REPORTED TO BE RETIRED, ARE YOU STILL RETIRED THIS MONTH?)	196 - 197
		VALID ENTRIES	
		1 YES 2 NO 3 WAS NOT RETIRED LAST MONTH	
PUDIS	2	DISABILITY STATUS (LAST MONTH YOU WERE REPORTED TO HAVE A DISABILITY.) DOES YOUR DISABILITY CONTINUE TO PREVENT YOU FROM DOING ANY KIND OF WORK FOR THE NEXT 6 MONTHS?	198 - 199
		VALID ENTRIES	
		1 YES 2 NO 3 DID NOT HAVE DISABILITY LAST MONTH	
PERET1	2	DO YOU CURRENTLY WANT A JOB, EITHER FULL OR PART-TIME?	200 - 201
		EDITED UNIVERSE: PEMLR = 5 AND (PURETOT = 1 OR (PUWK = 3 AND PEAGE >= 50) OR (PUABS = 3 AND PEAGE >= 50) OR (PULAY = 3 AND PEAGE >= 50))	

NAME	SIZE	DESCRIPTION	LOCATION
		VALID ENTRIES 1 YES 2 NO 3 HAS A JOB	
PUDIS1	2	DOES YOUR DISABILITY PREVENT YOU FROM ACCEPTING ANY KIND OF WORK DURING THE NEXT SIX MONTHS?	202 - 203
		VALID ENTRIES	
		1 YES 2 NO	
PUDIS2	2	DO YOU HAVE A DISABILITY THAT PREVENTS YOU FROM ACCEPTING ANY KIND OF WORK DURING THE NEXT SIX MONTHS?	204 - 205
		VALID ENTRIES	
		1 YES 2 NO	
PUABSOT	2	LAST WEEK DID YOU HAVE A JOB EITHER FULL OR PART-TIME?	206 - 207
		VALID ENTRIES	
		 YES NO RETIRED DISABLED UNABLE TO WORK 	
PULAY	2	LAST WEEK, WERE YOU ON LAYOFF FROM A JOB?	208 - 209
		VALID ENTRIES	
		 YES NO RETIRED DISABLED UNABLE TO WORK 	

NAME	SIZE	DESCRIPTION	LOCATION
PEABSRSN	2	WHAT IS THE MAIN REASON YOU WERE ABSENT FROM WORK LAST WEEK?	210 - 211
		EDITED UNIVERSE: PEMLR = 2	
		VALID ENTRIES	
		1 ON LAYOFF 2 SLACK WORK/BUSINESS CONDITIONS 3 WAITING FOR A NEW JOB TO BEGIN 4 VACATION/PERSONAL DAYS 5 OWN ILLNESS/INJURY/MEDICAL PROBLEMS 6 CHILD CARE PROBLEMS 7 OTHER FAMILY/PERSONAL OBLIGATION 8 MATERNITY/PATERNITY LEAVE 9 LABOR DISPUTE 10 WEATHER AFFECTED JOB 11 SCHOOL/TRAINING 12 CIVIC/MILITARY DUTY 13 DOES NOT WORK IN THE BUSINESS 14 OTHER (SPECIFY)	
PEABSPDO	2	ARE YOU BEING PAID BY YOUR EMPLOYER FOR ANY OF THE TIME OFF LAST WEEK?	212 - 213
		EDITED UNIVERSE: PEABSRSN = 4-12, 14	
		VALID ENTRIES	
		1 YES 2 NO	
PEMJOT	2	DO YOU HAVE MORE THAN ONE JOB?	214 - 215
		EDITED UNIVERSE: PEMLR = 1, 2	
		VALID ENTRIES	
		1 YES 2 NO	

NAME	SIZE	DESCRIPTION	LOCATION
PEMJNUM	2	ALTOGETHER, HOW MANY JOBS DID YOU HAVE?	216 - 217
		EDITED UNIVERSE: PEMJOT = 1	
		VALID ENTRIES	
		2 2 JOBS 3 3 JOBS 4 4 OR MORE JOBS	
PEHRUSL1	2	HOW MANY HOURS PER WEEK DO YOU USUALLY WORK AT YOUR MAIN JOB?	218 - 219
		EDITED UNIVERSE: PEMJOT = 1 OR 2 AND PEMLR = 1 OR 2	
		VALID ENTRIES	
		-4 HOURS VARY 0 MIN VALUE 99 MAX VALUE	
PEHRUSL2	2	HOW MANY HOURS PER WEEK DO YOU USUALLY WORK AT YOUR OTHER (JOB/JOBS)?	220 - 221
		EDITED UNIVERSE: PEMJOT = 1 AND PEMLR = 1 OR 2	
		VALID ENTRIES	
		-4 HOURS VARY 0 MIN VALUE 99 MAX VALUE	
PEHRFTPT	2	DO YOU USUALLY WORK 35 HOURS OR MORE PER WEEK?	222 - 223
		EDITED UNIVERSE: PEHRUSL1 = -4 OR PEHRUSL2 = -4	

NAME	SIZE	DESCRIPTION	LOCATION
		VALID ENTRIES	
		1 YES 2 NO 3 HOURS VARY	
PEHRUSLT	3	SUM OF HRUSL1 AND HRUSL2.	224 - 226
		EDITED UNIVERSE: PEMLR = 1 OR 2	
		VALID ENTRIES	
		-4 VARIES 0 MIN VALUE 198 MAX VALUE	
PEHRWANT	2	DO YOU WANT TO WORK A FULL-TIME WORKWEEK OF 35 HOURS OR MORE PER WEEK?	227 - 228
		EDITED UNIVERSE: PEMLR = 1 AND (PEHRUSLT = 0-34 PEHRFTPT = 2)	
		VALID ENTRIES	
		1 YES 2 NO 3 REGULAR HOURS ARE FULL-TIME	
PEHRRSN1	2	WHAT IS YOUR MAIN REASON FOR WORKING PART-TIME?	229 - 230
		EDITED UNIVERSE: PEHRWANT = 1 (PEMLR = 1 AND PEHRUSLT < 35)	
		VALID ENTRIES	
		 SLACK WORK/BUSINESS CONDITIONS COULD ONLY FIND PART-TIME WORK SEASONAL WORK CHILD CARE PROBLEMS OTHER FAMILY/PERSONAL OBLIGATIONS HEALTH/MEDICAL LIMITATIONS SCHOOL/TRAINING 	

NAME	SIZE	DESCRIPTION	LOCATION
PEHRRSN2	2	8 RETIRED/SOCIAL SECURITY LIMIT ON EARNINGS 9 FULL-TIME WORKWEEK IS LESS THAN 35 HRS 10 OTHER - SPECIFY WHAT IS THE MAIN REASON YOU DO NOT	231 - 232
		WANT TO WORK FULL-TIME?	
		EDITED UNIVERSE: PEHRWANT = 2 (PEMLR = 1 AND PEHRUSLT < 35)	
		VALID ENTRIES	
		1 CHILD CARE PROBLEMS 2 OTHER FAMILY/PERSONAL OBLIGATIONS 3 HEALTH/MEDICAL LIMITATIONS 4 SCHOOL/TRAINING 5 RETIRED/SOCIAL SECURITY LIMIT ON EARNINGS 6 FULL-TIME WORKWEEK LESS THAN 35 HOURS 7 OTHER - SPECIFY	
PEHRRSN3	2	WHAT IS THE MAIN REASON YOU WORKED LESS THAN 35 HOURS LAST WEEK?	233 - 234
		EDITED UNIVERSE: PEHRACTT = 1-34 AND PUHRCK7 NE 1, 2 (PEMLR = 1 AND PEHRUSLT = 35+)	
		VALID ENTRIES	
		 SLACK WORK/BUSINESS CONDITIONS SEASONAL WORK JOB STARTED OR ENDED DURING WEEK VACATION/PERSONAL DAY OWN ILLNESS/INJURY/MEDICAL APPOINTMENT HOLIDAY (LEGAL OR RELIGIOUS) CHILD CARE PROBLEMS OTHER FAMILY/PERSONAL OBLIGATIONS LABOR DISPUTE WEATHER AFFECTED JOB SCHOOL/TRAINING CIVIC/MILITARY DUTY OTHER REASON 	

NAME	SIZE	DESCRIPTION	LOCATION
PUHROFF1	2	LAST WEEK, DID YOU LOSE OR TAKE OFF ANY HOURS FROM YOUR JOB, FOR ANY REASON SUCH AS ILLNESS, SLACK WORK, VACATION, OR HOLIDAY?	235 - 236
		VALID ENTRIES	
		1 YES 2 NO	
PUHROFF2	2	HOW MANY HOURS DID YOU TAKE OFF?	237 - 238
		VALID ENTRIES	
		0 MIN VALUE 99 MAX VALUE	
PUHROT1	2	LAST WEEK, DID YOU WORK ANY OVERTIME OR EXTRA HOURS (AT YOUR MAIN JOB) THAT YOU DO NOT USUALLY WORK?	239 - 240
		VALID ENTRIES	
		1 YES 2 NO	
PUHROT2	2	HOW MANY ADDITIONAL HOURS DID YOU WORK?	241 - 242
		VALID ENTRIES	
		0 MIN VALUE 99 MAX VALUE	
PEHRACT1	2	LAST WEEK, HOW MANY HOURS DID YOU ACTUALLY WORK AT YOUR JOB?	243 - 244
		EDITED UNIVERSE: PEMLR = 1	
		VALID ENTRIES	
		0 MIN VALUE 99 MAX VALUE	

NAME	SIZE	DESCRIPTION	LOCATION
PEHRACT2	2	LAST WEEK, HOW MANY HOURS DID YOU ACTUALLY WORK AT YOUR OTHER (JOB/JOBS)	245 - 246
		EDITED UNIVERSE: PEMLR = 1 AND PEMJOT = 1	
		VALID ENTRIES	
		0 MIN VALUE 99 MAX VALUE	
PEHRACTT	3	SUM OF PEHRACT1 AND PEHRACT2.	247 - 249
		EDITED UNIVERSE: PEMLR = 1	
		VALID ENTRIES	
		0 MIN VALUE 198 MAX VALUE	
PEHRAVL	2	LAST WEEK, COULD YOU HAVE WORKED FULL-TIME IF THE HOURS HAD BEEN AVAILABLE?	250 - 251
		EDITED UNIVERSE: PEHRACTT = 1-34 (PEMLR = 1 AND PEHRUSLT < 35 AND PEHRRSN1 = 1, 2, 3)	
		VALID ENTRIES	
		1 YES 2 NO	
FILLER	5		252 - 256
PUHRCK1	2	CHECK ITEM 1	257 - 258
		VALID ENTRIES	
		1 GOTO PUHRUSL2 2 GOTO PUHRUSLT	
PUHRCK2	2	CHECK ITEM 2 SKIPS PERSONS RESPONDING YES TO HRFTPT OUT OF PT SERIES	259 - 260

NAME	SIZE	DESCRIPTION	LOCATION
		 VALID ENTRIES IF ENTRY OF 1 IN MJ AND ENTRY OF D, R OR V IN HRUSL1 AND ENTRY OF D, R, V OR 0-34 IN HRUSL2 GOTO HRFTPT IF ENTRY OF 1 IN MJ AND ENTRY OF D, R OR V IN HRUSL2 AND ENTRY OF D, R V OR 0-34 IN HRUSL1 GOTO HRFTPT IF ENTRY OF 2, D OR R IN MJ AND ENTRY OF D, R OR V IN HRUSL1 GOTO HRFTPT IF ENTRY OF 1 IN BUS1 AND ENTRY OF D, R OR V IN HRUSL1 THEN GOTO HRFTPT 	
PUHRCK3	2	5 ALL OTHERS GOTO HRCK3-C CHECK ITEM 3	261 - 262
		VALID ENTRIES 1 IF ENTRY OF 1 IN ABSOT OR (ENTRY OR 2 IN ABSOT AND ENTRY OF 1 IN BUS AND CURRENT R_P EQUALS BUSLST) THEN GOTO HRCK8 2 IF ENTRY OF 3 IN RET1 GOTO HRCK8 3 IF ENTRY IN HRUSLT IS 0-34 HOURS GOTO HRCK4 4 IF ENTRY IN HRUSLT IS 35+ GOTO HROFF1 5 ALL OTHERS GOTO HRCK4-C 6 GOTO PUHRCK4	
PUHRCK4	2	CHECK ITEM 4 VALID ENTRIES 1 IF ENTRY OF 1, D, R OR V IN HRFTPT THEN GOTO HRACT1 2 IF ENTRY OF 2, D OR R IN BUS2 THEN GOTO HROF 3 IF HRUSLT IS 0-34 THEN GOTO HRWANT 4 IF ENTRY OF 2 IN HRFTPT THEN GOTO HRWANT 5 ALL OTHERS GOTO HRACT1	263 - 264 FF1

NAME	SIZE	DESCRIPTION	LOCATION
PUHRCK5	2	CHECK ITEM 5	265 - 266
		VALID ENTRIES	
		1 IF ENTRY OF 1 IN MJOT GOTO HRACT2 2 ALL OTHERS GOTO HRCK6-C	
PUHRCK6	2	CHECK ITEM 6	267 - 268
		VALID ENTRIES	
		 IF HRACT1 AND HRACT2 EQ 0 AND ENTRY OF 2, D, R IN BUS2 THEN GOTO LK IF HRACT1 AND HRACT2 EQ 0 THEN STORE 1 IN ABSOT AND GOTO ABSRSN ALL OTHERS GOTO HRACTT-C 	
PUHRCK7	2	CHECK ITEM 7	269 - 270
		VALID ENTRIES 1 (IF ENTRY OF 2, D OR R IN BUS2) AND (HRACT1 LESS THAN 15 OR D) GOTO HRCK8 2 (IF ENTRY OF 2, D OR R IN BUS2) AND (HRACT1 IS 15+) GOTO HRCK8 3 (IF HRUSLT IS 35+ OR IF ENTRY OF 1 IN HRFTPT) AND (HRACTT < 35) AND ENTRY IN HRACT1 OR H ISN'T D OR R THEN GOTO HRRSN3 4 IF ENTRY OF 1 IN HRWANT AND HRACTT < 35 AND (ENTRY OF 1, 2, 3 IN HRRSN1) GOTO HRAVL 5 ALL OTHERS GOTO HRCK8	
PUHRCK12	2	CHECK ITEM 12	271 - 272
		VALID ENTRIES	
		 IF ENTRY OF 2, D OR R IN BUS2 AND HRACTT IS LESS THAN 15 OR D GOTO LK ALL OTHERS GOTO IOCK1 	

NAME	SIZE	DESCRIPTION	LOCATION
PULAYDT	2	HAS YOUR EMPLOYER GIVEN YOU A DATE TO RETURN TO WORK?	273 - 274
		VALID ENTRIES	
		1 YES 2 NO	
PULAY6M	2	HAVE YOU BEEN GIVEN ANY INDICATION THAT YOU WILL BE RECALLED TO WORK WITHIN THE NEXT 6 MONTHS?	275 - 276
		VALID ENTRIES	
		1 YES 2 NO	
PELAYAVL	2	COULD YOU HAVE RETURNED TO WORK LAST WEEK IF YOU HAD BEEN RECALLED?	277 - 278
		EDITED UNIVERSE: PEMLR = 3	
		VALID ENTRIES	
		1 YES 2 NO	
PULAYAVR	2	WHY IS THAT?	279 - 280
		<u>VALID ENTRIES</u>	
		 OWN TEMPORARY ILLNESS GOING TO SCHOOL OTHER 	
PELAYLK	2	EVEN THOUGH YOU ARE TO BE CALLED BACK TO WORK, HAVE YOU BEEN LOOKING FOR WORK DURING THE LAST 4 WEEKS.	281 - 282
		EDITED UNIVERSE: PELAYAVL= 1, 2	

NAME	SIZE	DESCRIPTION	LOCATION
PELAYDUR	3	VALID ENTRIES 1 YES 2 NO DURATION OF LAYOFF EDITED UNIVERSE: PELAYLK = 1, 2 VALID ENTRIES	283 - 285
PELAYFTO	2	VALID ENTRIES 1 MIN VALUE 52 MAX VALUE Topcoded at 52 weeks starting April 2011 52 = 52 weeks or more FT/PT STATUS OF JOB FROM WHICH SAMPLE PERSON WAS ON LAYOFF FROM EDITED UNIVERSE: PELAYDUR = 0-120 VALID ENTRIES 1 YES	286 - 287
PULAYCK1	2	2 NO CHECK ITEM 1 VALID ENTRIES 1 GOTO PULAYCK3 2 GOTO PULAYFT 3 GOTO PULAYDR	288 - 289
PULAYCK2	2	CHECK ITEM 2 SCREEN FOR DEPENDENT LAYOFF VALID ENTRIES 1 GOTO PULAYDR3 2 GOTO PULAYFT	290 - 291

NAME	SIZE	DESCRIPTION	LOCATION
PULAYCK3	2	CHECK ITEM 3 FILTER FOR DEPENDENT I & O	292 - 293
		VALID ENTRIES	
		1 MISCK = 5 GOTO IO1INT 2 I-ICR = 1 OR I-OCR = 1, GOTO IO1INT 3 ALL OTHERS GOTO SCHCK	
PULK	2	HAVE YOU BEEN DOING ANYTHING TO FIND WORK DURING THE LAST 4 WEEKS?	294 - 295
		VALID ENTRIES	
		1 YES 2 NO 3 RETIRED 4 DISABLED 5 UNABLE TO WORK	
PELKM1	2	WHAT ARE ALL OF THE THINGS YOU HAVE DONE TO FIND WORK DURING THE LAST 4 WEEKS? (FIRST METHOD)	296 - 297
		EDITED UNIVERSE: PEMLR = 4	
		VALID ENTRIES	
		1 CONTACTED EMPLOYER DIRECTLY/INTERVIEW 2 CONTACTED PUBLIC EMPLOYMENT AGENCY 3 CONTACTED PRIVATE EMPLOYMENT AGENCY 4 CONTACTED FRIENDS OR RELATIVES 5 CONTACTED SCHOOL/UNIVERSITY EMPL CENTE 6 SENT OUT RESUMES/FILLED OUT APPLICATION 7 CHECKED UNION/PROFESSIONAL REGISTERS 8 PLACED OR ANSWERED ADS 9 OTHER ACTIVE 10 LOOKED AT ADS 11 ATTENDED JOB TRAINING PROGRAMS/COURSES 12 NOTHING 13 OTHER PASSIVE	
PULKM2	2	ANYTHING ELSE? (SECOND METHOD)	298 - 299

NAME	SIZE	DESCRIPTION	LOCATION
		VALID ENTRIES 1 CONTACTED EMPLOYER DIRECTLY/INTERVIEW 2 CONTACTED PUBLIC EMPLOYMENT AGENCY 3 CONTACTED PRIVATE EMPLOYMENT AGENCY 4 CONTACTED FRIENDS OR RELATIVES 5 CONTACTED SCHOOL/UNIVERSITY EMPL CENTER 6 SENT OUT RESUMES/FILLED OUT APPLICATION 7 CHECKED UNION/PROFESSIONAL REGISTERS 8 PLACED OR ANSWERED ADS 9 OTHER ACTIVE 10 LOOKED AT ADS 11 ATTENDED JOB TRAINING PROGRAMS/COURSES 13 OTHER PASSIVE	\
PULKM3	2	SAME AS PULKM2 (THIRD METHOD)	300 - 301
		1 CONTACTED EMPLOYER DIRECTLY/INTERVIEW 2 CONTACTED PUBLIC EMPLOYMENT AGENCY 3 CONTACTED PRIVATE EMPLOYMENT AGENCY 4 CONTACTED FRIENDS OR RELATIVES 5 CONTACTED SCHOOL/UNIVERSITY EMPL CENTER 6 SENT OUT RESUMES/FILLED OUT APPLICATION 7 CHECKED UNION/PROFESSIONAL REGISTERS 8 PLACED OR ANSWERED ADS 9 OTHER ACTIVE 10 LOOKED AT ADS 11 ATTENDED JOB TRAINING PROGRAMS/COURSES 13 OTHER PASSIVE	8
PULKM4	2	SAME AS PULKM2 (FOURTH METHOD)	302 - 303
		VALID ENTRIES 1 CONTACTED EMPLOYER DIRECTLY/INTERVIEW 2 CONTACTED PUBLIC EMPLOYMENT AGENCY 3 CONTACTED PRIVATE EMPLOYMENT AGENCY 4 CONTACTED FRIENDS OR RELATIVES 5 CONTACTED SCHOOL/UNIVERSITY EMPL CENTER 6 SENT OUT RESUMES/FILLED OUT APPLICATION 7 CHECKED UNION/PROFESSIONAL REGISTERS	8

NAME	SIZE	DESCRIPTION	LOCATION
		 8 PLACED OR ANSWERED ADS 9 OTHER ACTIVE 10 LOOKED AT ADS 11 ATTENDED JOB TRAINING PROGRAMS/COURSES 13 OTHER PASSIVE 	
PULKM5	2	SAME AS PULKM2 (FIFTH METHOD)	304 - 305
		VALID ENTRIES	
		1 CONTACTED EMPLOYER DIRECTLY/INTERVIEW 2 CONTACTED PUBLIC EMPLOYMENT AGENCY 3 CONTACTED PRIVATE EMPLOYMENT AGENCY 4 CONTACTED FRIENDS OR RELATIVES 5 CONTACTED SCHOOL/UNIVERSITY EMPL CENTE 6 SENT OUT RESUMES/FILLED OUT APPLICATION 7 CHECKED UNION/PROFESSIONAL REGISTERS 8 PLACED OR ANSWERED ADS 9 OTHER ACTIVE 10 LOOKED AT ADS 11 ATTENDED JOB TRAINING PROGRAMS/COURSES 13 OTHER PASSIVE	R
PULKM6	2	SAME AS PULKM2 (SIXTH METHOD)	306 - 307
		VALID ENTRIES 1 CONTACTED EMPLOYER DIRECTLY/INTERVIEW 2 CONTACTED PUBLIC EMPLOYMENT AGENCY 3 CONTACTED PRIVATE EMPLOYMENT AGENCY 4 CONTACTED FRIENDS OR RELATIVES 5 CONTACTED SCHOOL/UNIVERSITY EMPL CENTE 6 SENT OUT RESUMES/FILLED OUT APPLICATION 7 CHECKED UNION/PROFESSIONAL REGISTERS 8 PLACED OR ANSWERED ADS 9 OTHER ACTIVE 10 LOOKED AT ADS 11 ATTENDED JOB TRAINING PROGRAMS/COURSES	R
		13 OTHER PASSIVE	
PULKDK1	2	YOU SAID YOU HAVE BEEN TRYING TO FIND WORK. HOW DID YOU GO ABOUT LOOKING? (FIRST METHOD)	308 - 309

NAME	SIZE	DESCRIPTION	LOCATION
		VALID ENTRIES 1 CONTACTED EMPLOYER DIRECTLY/INTERVIEW 2 CONTACTED PUBLIC EMPLOYMENT AGENCY 3 CONTACTED PRIVATE EMPLOYMENT AGENCY 4 CONTACTED FRIENDS OR RELATIVES 5 CONTACTED SCHOOL/UNIVERSITY EMPL CENTER 6 SENT OUT RESUMES/FILLED OUT APPLICATION 7 CHECKED UNION/PROFESSIONAL REGISTERS 8 PLACED OR ANSWERED ADS 9 OTHER ACTIVE 10 LOOKED AT ADS 11 ATTENDED JOB TRAINING PROGRAMS/COURSES 12 NOTHING 13 OTHER PASSIVE	8
PULKDK2	2	ANYTHING ELSE? (SECOND METHOD) VALID ENTRIES	310 - 311
		1 CONTACTED EMPLOYER DIRECTLY/INTERVIEW 2 CONTACTED PUBLIC EMPLOYMENT AGENCY 3 CONTACTED PRIVATE EMPLOYMENT AGENCY 4 CONTACTED FRIENDS OR RELATIVES 5 CONTACTED SCHOOL/UNIVERSITY EMPL CENTER 6 SENT OUT RESUMES/FILLED OUT APPLICATION 7 CHECKED UNION/PROFESSIONAL REGISTERS 8 PLACED OR ANSWERED ADS 9 OTHER ACTIVE 10 LOOKED AT ADS 11 ATTENDED JOB TRAINING PROGRAMS/COURSES 13 OTHER PASSIVE	t
PULKDK3	2	SAME AS PULKDK2 (THIRD METHOD)	312 - 313
		VALID ENTRIES 1 CONTACTED EMPLOYER DIRECTLY/INTERVIEW 2 CONTACTED PUBLIC EMPLOYMENT AGENCY 3 CONTACTED PRIVATE EMPLOYMENT AGENCY 4 CONTACTED FRIENDS OR RELATIVES 5 CONTACTED SCHOOL/UNIVERSITY EMPL CENTER 6 SENT OUT RESUMES/FILLED OUT APPLICATION 7 CHECKED UNION/PROFESSIONAL REGISTERS	R

NAME	SIZE	DESCRIPTION	LOCATION
		 8 PLACED OR ANSWERED ADS 9 OTHER ACTIVE 10 LOOKED AT ADS 11 ATTENDED JOB TRAINING PROGRAMS/COURSES 13 OTHER PASSIVE 	
PULKDK4	2	SAME AS PULKDK2 (FOURTH METHOD)	314 - 315
		VALID ENTRIES	
		1 CONTACTED EMPLOYER DIRECTLY/INTERVIEW 2 CONTACTED PUBLIC EMPLOYMENT AGENCY 3 CONTACTED PRIVATE EMPLOYMENT AGENCY 4 CONTACTED FRIENDS OR RELATIVES 5 CONTACTED SCHOOL/UNIVERSITY EMPL CENTE 6 SENT OUT RESUMES/FILLED OUT APPLICATION 7 CHECKED UNION/PROFESSIONAL REGISTERS 8 PLACED OR ANSWERED ADS 9 OTHER ACTIVE 10 LOOKED AT ADS 11 ATTENDED JOB TRAINING PROGRAMS/COURSES 13 OTHER PASSIVE	R
PULKDK5	2	SAME AS PULKDK2 (FIFTH METHOD)	316 - 317
		VALID ENTRIES	
		1 CONTACTED EMPLOYER DIRECTLY/INTERVIEW 2 CONTACTED PUBLIC EMPLOYMENT AGENCY 3 CONTACTED PRIVATE EMPLOYMENT AGENCY 4 CONTACTED FRIENDS OR RELATIVES 5 CONTACTED SCHOOL/UNIVERSITY EMPL CENTE 6 SENT OUT RESUMES/FILLED OUT APPLICATION 7 CHECKED UNION/PROFESSIONAL REGISTERS 8 PLACED OR ANSWERED ADS 9 OTHER ACTIVE 10 LOOKED AT ADS 11 ATTENDED JOB TRAINING PROGRAMS/COURSES 13 OTHER PASSIVE	R
PULKDK6	2	SAME AS PULKDK2 (SIXTH METHOD)	318 - 319

NAME	SIZE	DESCRIPTION	LOCATION
		VALID ENTRIES	
		1 CONTACTED EMPLOYER DIRECTLY/INTERVIEW 2 CONTACTED PUBLIC EMPLOYMENT AGENCY 3 CONTACTED PRIVATE EMPLOYMENT AGENCY 4 CONTACTED FRIENDS OR RELATIVES 5 CONTACTED SCHOOL/UNIVERSITY EMPL CENTER 6 SENT OUT RESUMES/FILLED OUT APPLICATION 7 CHECKED UNION/PROFESSIONAL REGISTERS 8 PLACED OR ANSWERED ADS 9 OTHER ACTIVE 10 LOOKED AT ADS 11 ATTENDED JOB TRAINING PROGRAMS/COURSES 13 OTHER PASSIVE	₹
PULKPS1	2	CAN YOU TELL ME MORE ABOUT WHAT YOU DID TO SEARCH FOR WORK? (FIRST METHOD)	320 - 321
		VALID ENTRIES	
		1 CONTACTED EMPLOYER DIRECTLY/INTERVIEW 2 CONTACTED PUBLIC EMPLOYMENT AGENCY 3 CONTACTED PRIVATE EMPLOYMENT AGENCY 4 CONTACTED FRIENDS OR RELATIVES 5 CONTACTED SCHOOL/UNIVERSITY EMPL CENTER 6 SENT OUT RESUMES/FILLED OUT APPLICATION 7 CHECKED UNION/PROFESSIONAL REGISTERS 8 PLACED OR ANSWERED ADS 9 OTHER ACTIVE 10 LOOKED AT ADS 11 ATTENDED JOB TRAINING PROGRAMS/COURSES	₹
		12 NOTHING 13 OTHER PASSIVE	
PULKPS2	2	ANYTHING ELSE? (SECOND METHOD)	322 - 323
		VALID ENTRIES 1 CONTACTED EMPLOYER DIRECTLY/INTERVIEW 2 CONTACTED PUBLIC EMPLOYMENT AGENCY 3 CONTACTED PRIVATE EMPLOYMENT AGENCY 4 CONTACTED FRIENDS OR RELATIVES 5 CONTACTED SCHOOL/UNIVERSITY EMPL CENTER 6 SENT OUT RESUMES/FILLED OUT APPLICATION 7 CHECKED UNION/PROFESSIONAL REGISTERS	₹

NAME	SIZE	DESCRIPTION	LOCATION
		 8 PLACED OR ANSWERED ADS 9 OTHER ACTIVE 10 LOOKED AT ADS 11 ATTENDED JOB TRAINING PROGRAMS/COURSES 13 OTHER PASSIVE 	
PULKPS3	2	SAME AS PULKPS2 (THIRD METHOD)	324 - 325
		1 CONTACTED EMPLOYER DIRECTLY/INTERVIEW 2 CONTACTED PUBLIC EMPLOYMENT AGENCY 3 CONTACTED PRIVATE EMPLOYMENT AGENCY 4 CONTACTED FRIENDS OR RELATIVES 5 CONTACTED SCHOOL/UNIVERSITY EMPL CENTER 6 SENT OUT RESUMES/FILLED OUT APPLICATION 7 CHECKED UNION/PROFESSIONAL REGISTERS 8 PLACED OR ANSWERED ADS 9 OTHER ACTIVE 10 LOOKED AT ADS 11 ATTENDED JOB TRAINING PROGRAMS/COURSES 13 OTHER PASSIVE	R
PULKPS4	2	SAME AS PULKPS2 (FOURTH METHOD)	326 - 327
		1 CONTACTED EMPLOYER DIRECTLY/INTERVIEW 2 CONTACTED PUBLIC EMPLOYMENT AGENCY 3 CONTACTED PRIVATE EMPLOYMENT AGENCY 4 CONTACTED FRIENDS OR RELATIVES 5 CONTACTED SCHOOL/UNIVERSITY EMPL CENTER 6 SENT OUT RESUMES/FILLED OUT APPLICATION 7 CHECKED UNION/PROFESSIONAL REGISTERS 8 PLACED OR ANSWERED ADS 9 OTHER ACTIVE 10 LOOKED AT ADS 11 ATTENDED JOB TRAINING PROGRAMS/COURSES	R
PULKPS5	2	13 OTHER PASSIVE SAME AS PULKPS2 (FIFTH METHOD)	328 - 329
		` '	

NAME	SIZE	DESCRIPTION	LOCATION
		VALID ENTRIES 1 CONTACTED EMPLOYER DIRECTLY/INTERVIEW 2 CONTACTED PUBLIC EMPLOYMENT AGENCY 3 CONTACTED PRIVATE EMPLOYMENT AGENCY 4 CONTACTED FRIENDS OR RELATIVES 5 CONTACTED SCHOOL/UNIVERSITY EMPL CENTER 6 SENT OUT RESUMES/FILLED OUT APPLICATION 7 CHECKED UNION/PROFESSIONAL REGISTERS 8 PLACED OR ANSWERED ADS 9 OTHER ACTIVE 10 LOOKED AT ADS 11 ATTENDED JOB TRAINING PROGRAMS/COURSES 13 OTHER PASSIVE	R
PULKPS6	2	SAME AS PULKPS2 (SIXTH METHOD)	330 - 331
		1 CONTACTED EMPLOYER DIRECTLY/INTERVIEW 2 CONTACTED PUBLIC EMPLOYMENT AGENCY 3 CONTACTED PRIVATE EMPLOYMENT AGENCY 4 CONTACTED FRIENDS OR RELATIVES 5 CONTACTED SCHOOL/UNIVERSITY EMPL CENTE 6 SENT OUT RESUMES/FILLED OUT APPLICATION 7 CHECKED UNION/PROFESSIONAL REGISTERS 8 PLACED OR ANSWERED ADS 9 OTHER ACTIVE 10 LOOKED AT ADS 11 ATTENDED JOB TRAINING PROGRAMS/COURSES 13 OTHER PASSIVE	R
PELKAVL	2	LAST WEEK, COULD YOU HAVE STARTED A JOB IF ONE HAD BEEN OFFERED? EDITED UNIVERSE: PELKM1 = 1 - 13 VALID ENTRIES	332 - 333
		1 YES 2 NO	
PULKAVR	2	WHY IS THAT?	334 - 335

NAME	SIZE	DESCRIPTION	LOCATION
		VALID ENTRIES 1 WAITING FOR NEW JOB TO BEGIN 2 OWN TEMPORARY ILLNESS 3 GOING TO SCHOOL 4 OTHER - SPECIFY	
PELKLL1O	2	BEFORE YOU STARTED LOOKING FOR WORK,336 - 337 WHAT WERE YOU DOING: WORKING, GOING TO SCHOOL, OR SOMETHING ELSE?	
		EDITED UNIVERSE: PELKAVL = 1-2	
		VALID ENTRIES	
		 1 WORKING 2 SCHOOL 3 LEFT MILITARY SERVICE 4 SOMETHING ELSE 	
PELKLL2O	2	DID YOU LOSE OR QUIT THAT JOB, OR WAS IT A TEMPORARY JOB THAT ENDED?	338 - 339
		EDITED UNIVERSE: PELKLL1O = 1 OR 3	
		VALID ENTRIES	
		 1 LOST JOB 2 QUIT JOB 3 TEMPORARY JOB ENDED 	
PELKLWO	2	WHEN LAST WORKED	340 - 341
		EDITED UNIVERSE: PELKLL1O = 1 - 4	
		VALID ENTRIES	
		 WITHIN THE LAST 12 MONTHS MORE THAN 12 MONTHS AGO NEVER WORKED 	
PELKDUR	3	DURATION OF JOB SEEKING	342 - 344

NAME	SIZE	DESCRIPTION	LOCATION
		EDITED UNIVERSE: PELKLWO = 1 - 3	
		<u>VALID ENTRIES</u>	
		0 MIN VALUE 119 MAX VALUE	
		Topcoded at 119 weeks starting April 2011	
		119 = 119 weeks or more	
PELKFTO	2	FT/PT STATUS OF JOBSEEKER	345 - 346
		EDITED UNIVERSE: PELKDUR = 0-120	
		VALID ENTRIES	
		1 YES 2 NO 3 DOESN'T MATTER	
PEDWWNTC	2	DO YOU CURRENTLY WANT A JOB, EITHER FULL OR PART TIME?	347 - 348
		EDITED UNIVERSE: PUDWCK1 = 3, 4, -1	
		<u>VALID ENTRIES</u>	
		 YES, OR MAYBE, IT DEPENDS NO RETIRED DISABLED UNABLE 	
PEDWRSN	2	WHAT IS THE MAIN REASON YOU WERE NOT 349 LOOKING FOR WORK DURING THE LAST 4 WEEKS?	- 350
		EDITED UNIVERSE: PUDWCK4 = 4, -1	

NAME	SIZE	DESCRIPTION	LOCATION
		VALID ENTRIES	
		1 BELIEVES NO WORK AVAILABLE IN AREA OF EX 2 COULDN'T FIND ANY WORK 3 LACKS NECESSARY SCHOOLING/TRAINING 4 EMPLOYERS THINK TOO YOUNG OR TOO OLD 5 OTHER TYPES OF DISCRIMINATION 6 CAN'T ARRANGE CHILD CARE 7 FAMILY RESPONSIBILITIES 8 IN SCHOOL OR OTHER TRAINING 9 ILL-HEALTH, PHYSICAL DISABILITY 10 TRANSPORTATION PROBLEMS 11 OTHER - SPECIFY	PERTISE
PEDWLKO	2	DID YOU LOOK FOR WORK AT ANY TIME IN THE LAST 12 MONTHS	351 - 352
		EDITED UNIVERSE: (PUDWCK4 = 1-3) or (PEDWRSN = 1-11)	
		VALID ENTRIES	
		1 YES 2 NO	
PEDWWK	2	DID YOU ACTUALLY WORK AT A JOB OR BUSINESS DURING THE LAST 12 MONTHS?	353 - 354
		EDITED UNIVERSE: PEDWLKO = 1	
		VALID ENTRIES	
		1 YES 2 NO	
PEDW4WK	2	DID YOU DO ANY OF THIS WORK DURING THE LAST 4 WEEKS?	355 - 356
		EDITED UNIVERSE: PEDWWK = 1	
		VALID ENTRIES	
		1 YES 2 NO	

NAME	SIZE	DESCRIPTION	LOCATION
PEDWLKWK 2		SINCE YOU LEFT THAT JOB OR BUSINESS HAVE YOU LOOKED FOR WORK?	357 - 358
		EDITED UNIVERSE: PEDW4WK = 2	
		VALID ENTRIES	
		1 YES 2 NO	
PEDWAVL	2	LAST WEEK, COULD YOU HAVE STARTED A JOB IF ONE HAD BEEN OFFERED?	359 - 360
		EDITED UNIVERSE: (PEDWWK = 2) or (PEDWLKWK = 1)	
		VALID ENTRIES	
		1 YES 2 NO	
PEDWAVR	2	WHY IS THAT?	361 - 362
		EDITED UNIVERSE: PEDWAVL = 2	
		VALID ENTRIES	
		 OWN TEMPORARY ILLNESS GOING TO SCHOOL OTHER 	
PUDWCK1	2	SCREEN FOR DISCOURAGED WORKERS	363 - 364
		VALID ENTRIES	
		 IF ENTRY OF 2 IN BUS2 GOTO PUSCHCK IF ENTRY OF 3 ON ABSRSN GOTO PUNLFCK1 IF ENTRY OF 1 IN RET1, STORE 1 IN DWWNTO AND GOTO PUDWCK4 ALL OTHERS GOTO PUDWWNT 	
PUDWCK2	2	SCREEN FOR DISABLED	365 - 366

NAME	SIZE	DESCRIPTION	LOCATION
		VALID ENTRIES	
		 IF ENTRY IN DIS1 OR DIS2 GOTO PUJHCK1-C IF ENTRY OF 4 IN DWWNT GOTO PUDIS1 IF ENTRY OF 5 IN DWWNT GOTO PUDIS2 ALL OTHERS GOTO PUDWCK4 	
PUDWCK3	2	FILTER FOR RETIRED	367 - 368
		VALID ENTRIES	
		 IF AGERNG EQUALS 1-4 OR 9 GOTO PUDWCK4 ALL OTHERS GOTO PUNLFCK2 	
PUDWCK4	2	FILTER FOR PASSIVE JOB SEEKERS	369 - 370
		VALID ENTRIES	
		 IF ENTRY OF 10 AND/OR 11 AND/OR 13 ONLY IN LKM1-LKM3 GOTO PUDWCK5 IF ENTRY OF 10 AND/OR 11 AND/OR 13 ONLY IN LKDK1-LKDK3 GOTO PUDWCK5 IF ENTRY OF 10 AND/OR 11 AND/OR 13 ONLY IN LKPS1-LKPS3 GOTO PUDWCK5 ALL OTHERS GOTO PUDWRSN 	
PUDWCK5	2	FILTER FOR PASSIVE JOB SEEKERS	371 - 372
		VALID ENTRIES	
		 IF ENTRY OF 1 IN LK THEN STORE 1 IN DWLKO AND GOTO PUDWWK ALL OTHERS GOTO PUDWLK 	
PEJHWKO	2	HAVE YOU WORKED AT A JOB OR BUSINESS AT ANY TIME DURING THE PAST 12 MONTHS?	373 - 374
		EDITED UNIVERSE: HRMIS = 4 or 8 AND PEMLR = 5, 6, AND 7	
		VALID ENTRIES	
		1 YES 2 NO	

NAME	SIZE	DESCRIPTION	LOCATION
PUJHDP1O	2	DID YOU DO ANY OF THIS WORK IN THE LAST 4 WEEKS?	375 - 376
		VALID ENTRIES	
		1 YES 2 NO	
PEJHRSN	2	WHAT IS THE MAIN REASON YOU LEFT YOUR LAST JOB?	377 - 378
		EDITED UNIVERSE: PEJHWKO = 1	
		VALID ENTRIES	
		1 PERSONAL/FAMILY (INCLUDING PREGNANCY) 2 RETURN TO SCHOOL 3 HEALTH 4 RETIREMENT OR OLD AGE 5 TEMP, SEASONAL OR INTERMITTENT JOB COMP 6 SLACK WORK/BUSINESS CONDITIONS 7 UNSATISFACTORY WORK ARRANGEMENTS (HR 8 OTHER - SPECIFY	
PEJHWANT	2	DO YOU INTEND TO LOOK FOR WORK DURING THE NEXT 12 MONTHS?	379 - 380
		EDITED UNIVERSE: (PEJHWKO = 2) or (PEJHRSN = 1-8)	
		VALID ENTRIES	
		1 YES, OR IT DEPENDS 2 NO	
PUJHCK1	2	FILTER FOR OUTGOING ROTATIONS	381 - 382
		VALID ENTRIES	
		 PURET1 = 1, -2, OR -3 THEN GOTO NLFCK2 IF MISCK EQUALS 4 OR 8 THEN GOTO PUJHCK2 ALL OTHERS GOTO PUNLFCK1 	

NAME	SIZE	DESCRIPTION	LOCATION
PUJHCK2	2	FILTER FOR PERSONS GOING THROUGH THE I AND O SERIES	383 - 384
		VALID ENTRIES	
		 IF ENTRY OF 1 IN DWWK AND I-MLR= 3, 4 THEN STORE 1 IN JHWKO, STORE DW4WK IN JHDP1O AND GOTO PUJHRSN IF ENTRY OF 2, D OR R IN DWWK THEN STORE DW JHWKO AND GOTO PUJHWANT ALL OTHERS GOTO PUJHWK 	WWK IN
PRABSREA	2	REASON NOT AT WORK AND PAY STATUS	385 - 386
		EDITED UNIVERSE: PEMLR = 2	
		VALID ENTRIES	
		1 FT PAID-VACATION 2 FT PAID-OWN ILLNESS 3 FT PAID-CHILD CARE PROBLEMS 4 FT PAID-OTHER FAMILY/PERSONAL OBLIG. 5 FT PAID-MATERNITY/PATERNITY LEAVE 6 FT PAID-LABOR DISPUTE 7 FT PAID-WEATHER AFFECTED JOB 8 FT PAID-SCHOOL/TRAINING 9 FT PAID-CIVIC/MILITARY DUTY 10 FT PAID-OTHER 11 FT UNPAID-OWN ILLNESS 13 FT UNPAID-OWN ILLNESS 14 FT UNPAID-CHILD CARE PROBLEMS 15 FT UNPAID-HER FAM/PERSONAL OBLIGATION 16 FT UNPAID-MATERNITY/PATERNITY LEAVE 17 FT UNPAID-WEATHER AFFECTED JOB 18 FT UNPAID-WEATHER AFFECTED JOB 19 FT UNPAID-CIVIC/MILITARY DUTY 20 FT UNPAID-OTHER 21 PT PAID-OTHER 21 PT PAID-OWN ILLNESS 23 PT PAID-OWN ILLNESS 24 PT PAID-OTHER FAMILY/PERSONAL OBLIG. 25 PT PAID-MATERNITY/PATERNITY LEAVE 26 PT PAID-MATERNITY/PATERNITY LEAVE 27 PT PAID-WEATHER AFFECTED JOB	

NAME	SIZE	DESCRIPTION	LOCATION
		28 PT PAID-SCHOOL/TRAINING 29 PT PAID-CIVIC/MILITARY DUTY 30 PT PAID-OTHER 31 PT UNPAID-VACATION 32 PT UNPAID-OWN ILLNESS 33 PT UNPAID-CHILD CARE PROBLEMS 34 PT UNPAID-OTHER FAM/PERSONAL OBLIGATION 35 PT UNPAID-MATERNITY/PATERNITY LEAVE 36 PT UNPAID-LABOR DISPUTE 37 PT UNPAID-WEATHER AFFECTED JOB 38 PT UNPAID-SCHOOL/TRAINING 39 PT UNPAID-CIVIC/MILITARY DUTY 40 PT UNPAID-OTHER	
PRCIVLF	2	CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE	387 - 388
		EDITED UNIVERSE: PEMLR = 1-7	
		VALID ENTRIES	
		01 IN CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE02 NOT IN CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE	
PRDISC	2	DISCOURAGED WORKER RECODE	389 - 390
		EDITED UNIVERSE: PRJOBSEA = 1-4	
		VALID ENTRIES	
		 DISCOURAGED WORKER CONDITIONALLY INTERESTED NOT AVAILABLE 	
PREMPHRS	2	REASON NOT AT WORK OR HOURS AT WORK	391 - 392
		EDITED UNIVERSE: PEMLR = 1-7	
		VALID ENTRIES	
		 UNEMPLOYED AND NILF W/JOB, NOT AT WORK-ILLNES W/JOB, NOT AT WORK-VACATION W/JOB, NOT AT WORK-WEATHER AFFECTED JOB 	

NAME	SIZE	DESCRIPTION	LOCATION
		 W/JOB, NOT AT WORK-LABOR DISPUTE W/JOB, NOT AT WORK-CHILD CARE PROBLEMS W/JOB, NOT AT WORK-FAM/PERS OBLIGATION W/JOB, NOT AT WORK-MATERNITY/PATERNITY W/JOB, NOT AT WORK-SCHOOL/TRAINING W/JOB, NOT AT WORK-CIVIC/MILITARY DUTY W/JOB, NOT AT WORK-DOES NOT WORK IN BUS W/JOB, NOT AT WORK-OTHER AT WORK- 1-4 HRS AT WORK- 5-14 HRS AT WORK- 5-14 HRS AT WORK- 22-29 HRS AT WORK- 30-34 HRS AT WORK- 35-39 HRS AT WORK- 40 HRS AT WORK- 41-47 HRS AT WORK- 48 HRS AT WORK- 49-59 HRS AT WORK- 60 HRS OR MORE 	
PREMPNOT	2	MLR - EMPLOYED, UNEMPLOYED, OR NILF	393 - 394
		EDITED UNIVERSE: PEMLR = 1-7	
		VALID ENTRIES	
		 EMPLOYED UNEMPLOYED NOT IN LABOR FORCE (NILF)-discouraged NOT IN LABOR FORCE (NILF)-other 	
PREXPLF	2	EXPERIENCED LABOR FORCE EMPLOYMENT	395 - 396
		EDITED UNIVERSE: PEMLR = 1-4 AND PELKLWO ne 3	
		VALID ENTRIES	
		1 EMPLOYED 2 UNEMPLOYED	
PRFTLF	2	FULL TIME LABOR FORCE	397 - 398

NAME	SIZE	DESCRIPTION	LOCATION
		EDITED UNIVERSE: PEMLR = 1-4 VALID ENTRIES 1 FULL TIME LABOR FORCE 2 PART TIME LABOR FORCE	
PRHRUSL	2	USUAL HOURS WORKED WEEKLY	399 - 400
		EDITED UNIVERSE: PEMLR = 1-2	
		VALID ENTRIES	
		 0-20 HRS 21-34 HRS 35-39 HRS 40 HRS 41-49 HRS 50 OR MORE HRS VARIES-FULL TIME VARIES-PART TIME 	
PRJOBSEA	2	JOB SEARCH RECODE	401 - 402
		EDITED UNIVERSE: PRWNTJOB = 1	
		VALID ENTRIES	
		 LOOKED LAST 12 MONTHS, SINCE COMPLETING LOOKED AND WORKED IN THE LAST 4 WEEKS LOOKED LAST 4 WEEKS - LAYOFF UNAVAILABLE JOB SEEKERS NO RECENT JOB SEARCH 	PREVIOUS JOB
PRPTHRS	2	AT WORK 1-34 BY HOURS AT WORK	403 - 404
		EDITED UNIVERSE: PEMLR = 1 AND PEHRACTT = 1-34	

NAME SIZE DESCRIPTION LOCATION **VALID ENTRIES** 0 USUALLY FT, PT FOR NONECONOMIC REASONS USUALLY.FT, PT ECON REASONS; 1-4 HRS 1 2 USUALLY.FT, PT ECON REASONS; 5-14 HRS 3 USUALLY.FT, PT ECON REASONS; 15-29 HRS 4 USUALLY.FT, PT ECON REASONS; 30-34 HRS 5 USUALLY.PT, ECON REASONS; 1-4 HRS 6 USUALLY.PT, ECON REASONS; 5-14 HRS 7 USUALLY.PT, ECON REASONS; 15-29 HRS 8 USUALLY.PT, ECON REASONS; 30-34 HRS 9 USUALLY.PT, NON-ECON REASONS: 1-4 HRS 10 USUALLY.PT, NON-ECON REASONS; 5-14 HRS USUALLY.PT, NON-ECON REASONS; 15-29 HRS 11 USUALLY.PT, NON-ECON REASONS; 30-34 HRS **PRPTREA** 2 405 - 406 DETAILED REASON FOR PART-TIME **EDITED UNIVERSE:** PEMLR = 1 AND(PEHRUSLT = 0.34 OR PEHRACTT = 1.34)**VALID ENTRIES** 1 USU. FT-SLACK WORK/BUSINESS CONDITIONS 2 USU. FT-SEASONAL WORK 3 USU. FT-JOB STARTED/ENDED DURING WEEK 4 USU. FT-VACATION/PERSONAL DAY 5 USU. FT-OWN ILLNESS/INJURY/MEDICAL APPOINTMENT 6 USU. FT-HOLIDAY (RELIGIOUS OR LEGAL) 7 USU. FT-CHILD CARE PROBLEMS 8 USU. FT-OTHER FAM/PERS OBLIGATIONS 9 USU. FT-LABOR DISPUTE 10 USU. FT-WEATHER AFFECTED JOB 11 USU. FT-SCHOOL/TRAINING 12 USU. FT-CIVIC/MILITARY DUTY 13 USU. FT-OTHER REASON

14 USU. PT-SLACK WORK/BUSINESS CONDITIONS

USU. PT-COULD ONLY FIND PT WORK

USU. PT-OTHER FAM/PERS OBLIGATIONS

USU. PT-HEALTH/MEDICAL LIMITATIONS

USU. PT-CHILD CARE PROBLEMS

USU. PT-SEASONAL WORK

15

16

17 18

19

NAME	SIZE	DESCRIPTION	LOCATION
		20 USU. PT-SCHOOL/TRAINING 21 USU. PT-RETIRED/S.S. LIMIT ON EARNINGS 22 USU. PT-WORKWEEK <35 HOURS 23 USU. PT-OTHER REASON	
PRUNEDUR	3	DURATION OF UNEMPLOYMENT FOR LAYOFF AND LOOKING RECORDS	407 - 409
		EDITED UNIVERSE: PEMLR = 3-4	
		VALID ENTRIES	
		0 MIN VALUE 119 MAX VALUE	
		Topcoded consistent with PELAYDUR or PELKDUR, as appropriate, starting April 2011.	
FILLER	2		410 - 411
PRUNTYPE	2	REASON FOR UNEMPLOYMENT	412 - 413
		EDITED UNIVERSE: PEMLR = 3-4 VALID ENTRIES	
		 JOB LOSER/ON LAYOFF OTHER JOB LOSER TEMPORARY JOB ENDED JOB LEAVER RE-ENTRANT NEW-ENTRANT 	
PRWKSCH	2	LABOR FORCE BY TIME WORKED OR LOST	414 - 415
		EDITED UNIVERSE: PEMLR = 1 - 7	

NAME	SIZE	DESCRIPTION	LOCATION
		VALID ENTRIES 0 NOT IN LABOR FORCE 1 AT WORK 2 WITH JOB, NOT AT WORK 3 UNEMPLOYED, SEEKS FT 4 UNEMPLOYED, SEEKS PT	
PRWKSTAT	2	FULL/PART-TIME WORK STATUS	416 - 417
		EDITED UNIVERSE: PEMLR = 1-7	
		VALID ENTRIES	
		1 NOT IN LABOR FORCE 2 FT HOURS (35+), USUALLY FT 3 PT FOR ECONOMIC REASONS, USUALLY FT 4 PT FOR NON-ECONOMIC REASONS, USUALLY FT 5 NOT AT WORK, USUALLY FT 6 PT HRS, USUALLY PT FOR ECONOMIC REASONS 7 PT HRS, USUALLY PT FOR NON-ECONOMIC REASONS 8 FT HOURS, USUALLY PT FOR ECONOMIC REASON 9 FT HOURS, USUALLY PT FOR NON-ECONOMIC 10 NOT AT WORK, USUALLY PART-TIME 11 UNEMPLOYED FT 12 UNEMPLOYED PT	ONS
PRWNTJOB	2	NILF RECODE - WANT A JOB OR OTHER NILF	418 - 419
		EDITED UNIVERSE: PEMLR = 5-7	
		VALID ENTRIES	
		 WANT A JOB OTHER NOT IN LABOR FORCE 	
PUJHCK3	2	JOB HISTORY CHECK ITEM	420 - 421
		VALID ENTRIES	
		1 IF I-MLR EQ 3 OR 4 THEN GOTO PUJHDP1 2 ALL OTHERS GOTO PUJHRSN	
PUJHCK4	2	SCREEN FOR DEPENDENT NILF	422 - 423

NAME	SIZE	DESCRIPTION	LOCATION
		VALID ENTRIES 1 IF ENTRY OF 2, D OR R IN PUDW4WK OR IN PUJHE THEN GOTO PUJHCK5 2 IF ENTRY OF 1 IN PUDW4WK OR IN PUJHDP10 THEN GOTO PUIO1INT	DP1O
		 3 IF I-MLR EQUALS 1 OR 2 AND ENTRY IN PUJHRSN THEN GOTO PUJHCK5 4 IF ENTRY IN PUJHRSN THEN GOTO PUIO1INT 5 ALL OTHERS GOTO PUNLFCK1 	
PUJHCK5	2	SCREEN FOR DEPENDENT NILF	424 - 425
		VALID ENTRIES 1 IF I-IO1ICR EQUALS 1 OR I-IO1OCR EQUALS 1 THEN GOTO PUIO1INT 2 ALL OTHERS GOTO PUIOCK5	
PUIODP1	2	LAST MONTH, IT WAS REPORTED THAT YOU WORKED FOR (EMPLOYER'S NAME). DO STILL WORK FOR (EMPLOYER'S NAME) (AT YOUR MAIN JOB)?	426 - 427
		VALID ENTRIES	
		1 YES 2 NO	
PUIODP2	2	HAVE THE USUAL ACTIVITIES AND DUTIES OF YOUR JOB CHANGED SINCE LAST MONTH?	428 - 429
		VALID ENTRIES	
		1 YES 2 NO	
PUIODP3	2	LAST MONTH YOU WERE REPORTED AS (A/AN) (OCCUPATION) AND YOUR USUAL ACTIVITIES WERE (DESCRIPTION). IS THIS AN ACCURATE DESCRIPTION OF YOUR CURRENT JOB?	430 - 431

NAME	SIZE	DESCRIPTION	LOCATION
		VALID ENTRIES	
		1 YES 2 NO	
PEIO1COW	2	INDIVIDUAL CLASS OF WORKER CODE ON FIRST JOB	432 - 433
		NOTE: A PEIO1COW CODE CAN BE ASSIGNED EVEN IF AN INDIVIDUAL IS NOT CURRENTLY EMPLOYED.	
		EDITED UNIVERSE: (PEMLR = 1-3) OR (PEMLR = 4 AND PELKLWO = 1-2) OR (PEMLR = 5 AND (PENLFJH = 1 OR PEJHWKO = 1)) OR (PEMLR = 6 AND PENLFJH = 1) OR (PEMLR = 7 AND (PENLFJH = 1 OR PEJHWKO = 1))	
		VALID ENTRIES	
		1 GOVERNMENT - FEDERAL 2 GOVERNMENT - STATE 3 GOVERNMENT - LOCAL 4 PRIVATE, FOR PROFIT 5 PRIVATE, NONPROFIT 6 SELF-EMPLOYED, INCORPORATED 7 SELF-EMPLOYED, UNINCORPORATED 8 WITHOUT PAY	
PUIO1MFG	2	IS THIS BUSINESS OR ORGANIZATION MAINLY MANUFACTURING, RETAIL TRADE, WHOLESALE TRADE, OR SOMETHING ELSE?	434 - 435
		VALID ENTRIES	
		 MANUFACTURING RETAIL TRADE WHOLESALE TRADE SOMETHING ELSE 	
PADDING	6	Main Job I & O Codes moved to columns 856 - 863	436 - 441
PEIO2COW	2	INDIVIDUAL CLASS OF WORKER ON SECOND JOB. NOTE: FOR THOSE SELF-EMPLOYED UNINCORPORATE	442 - 443 ГЕD

NAME	SIZE	DESCRIPTION	LOCATION
		ON THEIR FIRST JOB, THIS SHOULD HAVE A RESPONSEVERY MONTH. FOR ALL OTHERS, THIS SHOULD ON HAVE A VALUE IN OUT-GOING ROTATIONS.	
		EDITED UNIVERSE: PEMJOT = 1 AND (HRMIS = 4,8 OR PEIO1COW = 7,8)	
		VALID ENTRIES	
		1 GOVERNMENT - FEDERAL 2 GOVERNMENT - STATE 3 GOVERNMENT - LOCAL 4 PRIVATE, FOR PROFIT 5 PRIVATE, NONPROFIT 6 SELF-EMPLOYED, INCORPORATED 7 SELF-EMPLOYED, UNINCORPORATED 8 WITHOUT PAY 9 UNKNOWN 10 GOVERNMENT, LEVEL UNKNOWN 11 SELF-EMPLOYED, INCORP. STATUS UNKNOWN	
PUIO2MFG	2	IS THIS BUSINESS OR ORGANIZATION MAINLY MANUFACTURING, RETAIL TRADE, WHOLESALE TRAOR SOMETHING ELSE?	
		VALID ENTRIES	
		 MANUFACTURING RETAIL TRADE WHOLESALE TRADE SOMETHING ELSE 	
PADDING	6	Second Job I & O codes moved to columns 864 - 871	446 - 451
PUIOCK1	2	I & O CHECK ITEM 1 SCREEN FOR DEPENDENT I AND O	452 - 453
		VALID ENTRIES	
		1 IF {MISCK EQ 1 OR 5) OR MISCK EQ 2-4, 6-8 AND I-MLR EQ 3-7)	

AND ENTRY OF 1 IN ABS} THEN GOTO PUIO1INT

NAME	SIZE	DESCRIPTION	LOCATION
		2 IF (MISCK EQ 1 OR 5) OR {(MISCK EQ 2-4, 6-8 AND I-MLR EQ 3-7) AND (ENTRY OF 1 IN WK OR HRCK7-C IS BLANK GOTO PUIO1INT 3 IF I-IO1NAM IS D, R OR BLANK THEN GOTO PUIO 4 ALL OTHERS GOTO PUIODP1	
PUIOCK2	2	I & O CHECK ITEM 2 SCREEN FOR PREVIOUS MONTHS I AND O CASES	454 - 455
		VALID ENTRIES	
		1 IF I-IO1ICR EQ 1 THEN GOTO PUIO1IND 2 IF I-IO1OCR EQ 1 THEN GOTO PUIO1OCC 3 ALL OTHERS GOTO PUIODP2	
PUIOCK3	2	I & O CHECK ITEM 3	456 - 457
		VALID ENTRIES	
		1 IF I-IO1OCC EQUALS D, R OR BLANK THEN GOTO 2 IF I-IO1DT1 IS D, R OR BLANK THEN GOTO PUIO1 3 ALL OTHERS GOTO PUIODP3	
PRIOELG	2	INDUSTRY AND OCCUPATION ELIGIBILITY FLAG	458 - 459
		EDITED UNIVERSE: PEMLR = 1-3, OR (PEMLR = 4 AND PELKLWO = 1 OR 2) OR (PEMLR = 5 AND (PEJHWKO = 1 OR PENLFJH=1), OR (PEMLR = 6 AND PENLFJH = 1), OR PEMLR = 7 AND PEJHWKO = 1)	
		VALID ENTRIES	
		0 NOT ELIGIBLE FOR EDIT1 ELIGIBLE FOR EDIT	
PRAGNA	2	AGRICULTURE/ NON-AGRICULTURE INDUSTRY	460 - 461
		EDITED UNIVERSE: PRIOELG = 1	

NAME	SIZE	DESCRIPTION	LOCATION
PRCOW1	2	VALID ENTRIES 1 AGRICULTURAL 2 NON-AGRICULTURAL CLASS OF WORKER RECODE - JOB 1 EDITED UNIVERSE: PRIOELG = 1 VALID ENTRIES	462 - 463
PRCOW2	2	 FEDERAL GOVT STATE GOVT LOCAL GOVT PRIVATE (INCL. SELF-EMPLOYED INCORP.) SELF-EMPLOYED, UNINCORP. WITHOUT PAY CLASS OF WORKER RECODE - JOB 2 EDITED UNIVERSE: PRIOELG = 1 AND PEMJOT = 1 AND HRMIS = 4 OR 8 	464 - 465
PRCOWPG	2	VALID ENTRIES 1 FEDERAL GOVT 2 STATE GOVT 3 LOCAL GOVT 4 PRIVATE (INCL. SELF-EMPLOYED INCORP.) 5 SELF-EMPLOYED, UNINCORP. 6 WITHOUT PAY COW - PRIVATE OR GOVERNMENT EDITED UNIVERSE: PEIO1COW = 1 - 5 VALID ENTRIES 1 PRIVATE	466 - 467
		1 PRIVATE 2 GOVERNMENT	

NAME	SIZE	DESCRIPTION	LOCATION
PRDTCOW1	2	DETAILED CLASS OF WORKER RECODE - JOB 1 EDITED UNIVERSE: PRIOELG = 1 VALID ENTRIES 1 AGRI., WAGE & SALARY, PRIVATE 2 AGRI., WAGE & SALARY, GOVERNMENT 3 AGRI., SELF-EMPLOYED 4 AGRI., UNPAID 5 NONAG, WS, PRIVATE, PRIVATE HHLDS 6 NONAG, WS, PRIVATE, OTHER PRIVATE 7 NONAG, WS, GOVT, FEDERAL 8 NONAG, WS, GOVT, FEDERAL 8 NONAG, WS, GOVT, STATE 9 NONAG, WS, GOVT, LOCAL 10 NONAG, SELF-EMPLOYED 11 NONAG, UNPAID	468 - 469
PRDTCOW2	2	DETAILED CLASS OF WORKER RECODE - JOB 2 EDITED UNIVERSE: PRIOELG = 1 AND PEMJOT = 1 AND HRMIS = 4 OR 8 VALID ENTRIES 1 AGRI., WAGE & SALARY, PRIVATE 2 AGRI., WAGE & SALARY, GOVERNMENT 3 AGRI., SELF-EMPLOYED 4 AGRI., UNPAID 5 NONAG, WS, PRIVATE, PRIVATE HHLDS 6 NONAG, WS, PRIVATE, OTHER PRIVATE 7 NONAG, WS, GOVT, FEDERAL 8 NONAG, WS, GOVT, STATE 9 NONAG, WS, GOVT, LOCAL 10 NONAG, SELF-EMPLOYED 11 NONAG, UNPAID	470 - 471
PRDTIND1	2	DETAILED INDUSTRY RECODE - JOB 1 EDITED UNIVERSE: PRIOELG = 1	472 - 473

NAME SIZE DESCRIPTION LOCATION

VALID ENTRIES

- 1 Agriculture
- 2 Forestry, logging, fishing, hunting, and trapping
- 3 Mining
- 4 Construction
- 5 Nonmetallic mineral product manufacturing
- 6 Primary metals and fabricated metal products
- 7 Machinery manufacturing
- 8 Computer and electronic product manufacturing
- 9 Electrical equipment, appliance manufacturing
- 10 Transportation equipment manufacturing
- Wood products
- 12 Furniture and fixtures manufacturing
- 13 Miscellaneous and not specified manufacturing
- 14 Food manufacturing
- 15 Beverage and tobacco products
- 16 Textile, apparel, and leather manufacturing
- 17 Paper and printing
- 18 Petroleum and coal products manufacturing
- 19 Chemical manufacturing
- 20 Plastics and rubber products
- 21 Wholesale trade
- 22 Retail trade
- 23 Transportation and warehousing
- 24 Utilities
- 25 Publishing industries (except internet)
- 26 Motion picture and sound recording industries
- 27 Broadcasting (except internet)
- 28 Internet publishing and broadcasting
- 29 Telecommunications
- 30 Internet service providers and data processing services
- 31 Other information services
- 32 Finance
- 33 Insurance
- 34 Real estate
- 35 Rental and leasing services
- 36 Professional and technical services
- 37 Management of companies and enterprises
- 38 Administrative and support services
- 39 Waste management and remediation services
- 40 Educational services

NAME	SIZE	DESCRIPTION	LOCATION
		 Hospitals Health care services, except hospitals Social assistance Arts, entertainment, and recreation Accommodation Food services and drinking places Repair and maintenance Personal and laundry services Membership associations and organizations Private households Public administration Armed forces 	
PRDTIND2	2	DETAILED INDUSTRY RECODE - JOB 2	474 - 475
		EDITED UNIVERSE: PRIOELG = 1 AND PEMJOT = 1 AND HRMIS = 4 OR 8	
		VALID ENTRIES	
		Forestry, logging, fishing, hunting, and trapping Mining Construction Nonmetallic mineral product manufacturing Primary metals and fabricated metal products Machinery manufacturing Computer and electronic product manufacturing Electrical equipment, appliance manufacturing Transportation equipment manufacturing Wood products Furniture and fixtures manufacturing Miscellaneous and not specified manufacturing Food manufacturing Everage and tobacco products Textile, apparel, and leather manufacturing Paper and printing Petroleum and coal products manufacturing Chemical manufacturing Plastics and rubber products Wholesale trade Retail trade Transportation and warehousing	

^ 4		т. •	1 .	
24		111	111	ies
Z +	ι.	, , ,		100

- 25 Publishing industries (except internet)
- 26 Motion picture and sound recording industries
- 27 Broadcasting (except internet)
- 28 Internet publishing and broadcasting
- 29 Telecommunications
- 30 Internet service providers and data processing services
- 31 Other information services
- 32 Finance
- 33 Insurance
- 34 Real estate
- 35 Rental and leasing services
- 36 Professional and technical services
- 37 Management of companies and enterprises
- 38 Administrative and support services
- 39 Waste management and remediation services
- 40 Educational services
- 41 Hospitals
- 42 Health care services, except hospitals
- 43 Social assistance
- 44 Arts, entertainment, and recreation
- 45 Accommodation
- 46 Food services and drinking places
- 47 Repair and maintenance
- 48 Personal and laundry services
- 49 Membership associations and organizations
- 50 Private households
- 51 Public administration
- 52 Armed forces

PRDTOCC1 2 DETAILED OCCUPATION RECODE - JOB 1

476 - 477

EDITED UNIVERSE:

PRIOELG = 1

NAME SIZE DESCRIPTION LOCATION **VALID ENTRIES** 1 Management occupations 2 Business and financial operations occupations 3 Computer and mathematical science occupations Architecture and engineering occupations 4 5 Life, physical, and social science occupations Community and social service occupations 6 7 Legal occupations Education, training, and library occupations 8 9 Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations 10 Healthcare practitioner and technical occupations Healthcare support occupations 11 12 Protective service occupations 13 Food preparation and serving related occupations 14 Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations 15 Personal care and service occupations 16 Sales and related occupations 17 Office and administrative support occupations 18 Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations 19 Construction and extraction occupations 20 Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations 21 Production occupations 22 Transportation and material moving occupations 23 Armed Forces PRDTOCC2 2 DETAILED OCCUPATION RECODE 478 - 479 **EDITED UNIVERSE:** PRIOELG = 1 AND PEMJOT = 1 AND HRMIS = 4 OR 8 **VALID ENTRIES** 1 Management occupations Business and financial operations occupations 2 Computer and mathematical science occupations 3 Architecture and engineering occupations 4 5 Life, physical, and social science occupations Community and social service occupations 6

Education, training, and library occupations Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media

Legal occupations

occupations

7 8

NAME	SIZE	DESCRIPTION	LOCATION
		 Healthcare practitioner and technical occupations Healthcare support occupations Protective service occupations Food preparation and serving related occupations Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations Personal care and service occupations Sales and related occupations Office and administrative support occupations Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations Construction and extraction occupations Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations Production occupations Transportation and material moving occupations Armed Forces 	
PREMP	2	EMPLOYED PERSONS (NON-FARM & NON-PRIVATE HHLD) RECODE	480 - 481
		EDITED UNIVERSE: PEMLR = 1 OR 2 AND PEIO1OCD ne 403-407, 473-484	
		VALID ENTRY 1 EMPLOYED PERSONS (EXC. FARM & PRIV HH)	
PRMJIND1	2	MAJOR INDUSTRY RECODE - JOB 1 EDITED UNIVERSE: PRDTIND1 = 1-51	482 - 483
		 VALID ENTRIES 1 Agriculture, forestry, fishing, and hunting 2 Mining 3 Construction 4 Manufacturing 5 Wholesale and retail trade 6 Transportation and utilities 7 Information 8 Financial activities 9 Professional and business services 	

NAME	SIZE	DESCRIPTION	LOCATION
		 Educational and health services Leisure and hospitality Other services Public administration Armed Forces 	
PRMJIND2	2	MAJOR INDUSTRY RECODE - JOB 2	484 - 485
		EDITED UNIVERSE: PRDTIND2 = 1-51	
		VALID ENTRIES	
		Agriculture, forestry, fishing, and hunting Mining Construction Manufacturing Wholesale and retail trade Transportation and utilities Information Financial activities Professional and business services Leisure and hospitality Cother services Public administration Armed Forces	
PRMJOCC1	2	MAJOR OCCUPATION RECODE - JOB 1 EDITED UNIVERSE: PRDTOCC1 = 1-46	486 - 487
		VALID ENTRIES	
		 Management, business, and financial occupations Professional and related occupations Service occupations Sales and related occupations Office and administrative support occupations Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations Construction and extraction occupations Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations Production occupations 	

NAME	SIZE	DESCRIPTION	LOCATION
		10 Transportation and material moving occupations11 Armed Forces	
PRMJOCC2	2	MAJOR OCCUPATION RECODE - JOB 2	488 - 489
		EDITED UNIVERSE: PRDTOCC2 = 1-46	
		VALID ENTRIES	
		 Management, business, and financial occupations Professional and related occupations Service occupations Sales and related occupations Office and administrative support occupations Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations Construction and extraction occupations Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations Production occupations Transportation and material moving occupations Armed Forces 	
PRMJOCGR	2	MAJOR OCCUPATION CATEGORIES	490 - 491
		EDITED UNIVERSE: PRMJOCC = 1-11	
		VALID ENTRIES	
		 Management, professional, and related occupations Service occupations Sales and office occupations Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations Construction, and maintenance occupations Production, transportation, and material moving occupations Armed Forces 	
PRNAGPWS	2	NON-AGRICULTURE, PRIVATE WAGE AND SALARY WORKERS RECODE	492 - 493

NAME	SIZE	DESCRIPTION	LOCATION
		EDITED UNIVERSE: PRCOW1 = 1 AND PEIO1ICD ne 0170 - 0890	
		VALID ENTRY	
		1 NON-AG PRIV WAGE & SALARY	
PRNAGWS	2	NON-AGRICULTURE WAGE AND SALARY WORKERS RECODE	494 - 495
		EDITED UNIVERSE: PEMLR = 1-4 AND PRCOW = 1-4 AND PEIO1ICD ne 0170-0290	
		VALID ENTRY	
		1 NON-AG WAGE AND SALARY WORKERS	
PRSJMJ	2	SINGLE/MULTIPLE JOBHOLDER	496 - 497
		EDITED UNIVERSE: PEMLR = 1 OR 2	
		VALID ENTRIES	
		1 SINGLE JOBHOLDER 2 MULTIPLE JOBHOLDER	
PRERELG	2	EARNINGS ELIGIBILITY FLAG	498 - 499
		EDITED UNIVERSE: PEMLR = 1-2 AND HRMIS = 4 OR 8	
		VALID ENTRIES	
		0 NOT ELIGIBLE FOR EDIT1 ELIGIBLE FOR EDIT	
PEERNUOT	2	DO YOU USUALLY RECEIVE OVERTIME PAY, TIPS, OR COMMISSIONS AT YOUR JOB?	500 - 501
		EDITED UNIVERSE: PRERELG = 1	

NAME	SIZE	DESCRIPTION	LOCATION
		VALID ENTRIES	
		1 YES 2 NO	
PEERNPER	2	PERIODICITY	502 - 503
		EDITED UNIVERSE: PRERELG = 1	
		VALID ENTRIES	
		1 HOURLY 2 WEEKLY 3 BI-WEEKLY 4 TWICE MONTHLY 5 MONTHLY 6 ANNUALLY 7 OTHER - SPECIFY	
PEERNRT	2	(EVEN THOUGH YOU TOLD ME IT IS EASIER TO REPORT YOUR EARNINGS (PERIODICITY); ARE YOU PAID AT AN HOURLY RATE ON YOUR (MAIN/THIS) JOB?	504 - 505
		EDITED UNIVERSE: PEERNPER = 2-7	
		VALID ENTRIES	
		1 YES 2 NO	
PEERNHRY	2	HOURLY/NONHOURLY STATUS	506 - 507
		EDITED UNIVERSE: PRERELG = 1	
		VALID ENTRIES	
		1 HOURLY WORKER 2 NONHOURLY WORKER	

NAME	SIZE	DESCRIPTION	LOCATION
PUERNH1C	4	WHAT IS YOUR HOURLY RATE OF PAY ON THIS JOB, EXCLUDING OVERTIME PAY, TIPS OR COMMISSION? DOLLAR AMOUNT - 2 IMPLIED DECIMALS	508 - 511
		VALID ENTRIES	
		0 MIN VALUE 9999 MAX VALUE (Subject to topcoding based on the entry that PEERNHRO x PUERNHIC < or = 2884.61)	in PEERNHRO such
PEERNH2	4	(EXCLUDING OVERTIME PAY, TIPS AND COMMISSIONS) WHAT IS YOUR HOURLY RATE OF PAY ON YOUR (MAIN/THIS) JOB? DOLLAR AMOUNT - 2 IMPLIED DECIMALS	512 - 515
		EDITED UNIVERSE: PEERNRT = 1	
		VALID ENTRIES	
		0 MIN VALUE 9999 MAX VALUE (Subject to topcoding based on the entry that PEERNHRO x PEERNH2 < or = 2884.61)	in PEERNHRO such
PEERNH10	4	OUT VARIABLE FOR HOURLY RATE OF PAY (2 IMPLIED DECIMALS)	516 - 519
		EDITED UNIVERSE: PEERNPER = 1	
		VALID ENTRIES	
		0 MIN VALUE 9999 MAX VALUE (Subject to topcoding based on the entry such that PEERNHRO x PEERNHLY < or = 2884.61)	in PEERNHRO
PRERNHLY	4	RECODE FOR HOURLY RATE 2 IMPLIED DECIMALS	520 - 523
		EDITED UNIVERSE: PEERNPER = 1 OR PEERNRT = 1	

NAME	SIZE	DESCRIPTION	LOCATION
		VALID ENTRIES	
		0 MIN VALUE 9999 MAX VALUE (Subject to topcoding based on the entry such that PEERNHRO x PEERNHLY < or = 2884.61)	in PEERNHRO
PTHR	1	HOURLY PAY - TOP CODE	524 – 524
		VALID ENTRIES	
		0 NOT TOPCODED 1 TOPCODED	
PEERNHRO	2	USUAL HOURS	525 - 526
		EDITED UNIVERSE: PEERNH1O = ENTRY	
		VALID ENTRIES	
		0 MIN VALUE 99 MAX VALUE	
PRERNWA	8	WEEKLY EARNINGS RECODE 2 IMPLIED DECIMALS	527 - 534
		EDITED UNIVERSE: PRERELG = 1	
		VALID ENTRIES	
		0 MIN VALUE 288461 MAX VALUE	
PTWK	1	WEEKLY EARNINGS - TOP CODE	535 - 535
		0 NOT TOPCODED 1 TOPCODED	
FILLER	4		536 - 539
PEERN	8	CALCULATED WEEKLY OVERTIME AMOUNT 2 IMPLIED DECIMALS	540 - 547
		EDITED UNIVERSE: PEERNUOT = 1 AND PEERNPER = 1	

NAME	SIZE	DESCRIPTION	LOCATION
		VALID ENTRIES 0 MIN VALUE 288461 MAX VALUE	
PUERN2	8	CALCULATED WEEKLY OVERTIME AMOUNT 2 IMPLIED DECIMALS	548 - 555
		VALID ENTRIES	
		0 MIN VALUE 288461 MAX VALUE	
PTOT	1	WEEKLY OVERTIME AMOUNT - TOP CODE	556 - 556
		VALID ENTRIES	
		0 NOT TOPCODED 1 TOPCODED	
FILLER	2		557-558
PEERNWKP	2	HOW MANY WEEKS A YEAR DO YOU GET PAID FOR?	559 - 560
		EDITED UNIVERSE: PEERNPER = 6	
		VALID ENTRIES	
		01 MIN VALUE 52 MAX VALUE	
PEERNLAB	2	ON THIS JOB, ARE YOU A MEMBER OF A LABOR UNION OR OF AN EMPLOYEE ASSOCIATION SIMILAR TO A UNION?	561 - 562
		EDITED UNIVERSE: (PEIO1COW = 1-5 AND PEMLR = 1-2 AND HRMIS = 4, 8)	

NAME	SIZE	DESCRIPTION	LOCATION
PEERNCOV	2	VALID ENTRIES 1 YES 2 NO ON THIS JOB ARE YOU COVERED BY A UNION OR EMPLOYEE ASSOCIATION CONTRACT? EDITED UNIVERSE: (PEIO1COW = 1-5 AND PEMLR = 1-2	563 - 564
PENLFJH	2	AND HRMIS = 4, 8) VALID ENTRIES 1 YES 2 NO WHEN DID YOU LAST WORK AT A JOB OR BUSINESS? EDITED UNIVERSE: HRMIS = 4 OR 8 AND PEMLR = 3-7	565 - 566
PENLFRET	2	VALID ENTRIES 1 WITHIN THE LAST 12 MONTHS 2 MORE THAN 12 MONTHS AGO 3 NEVER WORKED ARE YOU RETIRED FROM A JOB OR BUSINESS? EDITED UNIVERSE: PEAGE = 50+ AND PEMLR = 3-7 VALID ENTRIES	567 - 568
PENLFACT	2	1 YES 2 NO WHAT BEST DESCRIBES YOUR SITUATION AT THIS TIME? FOR EXAMPLE, ARE YOU DISABLED, ILL, IN SCHOOL, TAKING CARE OF HOUSE OR FAMILY, OR SOMETHING ELSE?	569 - 570

NAME	SIZE	DESCRIPTION	LOCATION
		EDITED UNIVERSE: (PEAGE = 14-49) or (PENLFRET = 2)	
		VALID ENTRIES	
		 DISABLED ILL IN SCHOOL TAKING CARE OF HOUSE OR FAMILY IN RETIREMENT SOMETHING ELSE/OTHER 	
PUNLFCK1	2	NOT IN LABOR FORCE CHECK ITEM - 1	571 - 572
		VALID ENTRIES	
		 IF AGERNG EQUALS 1-4 OR 9 THEN GOTO NLFACT ALL OTHERS GOT NLFRET 	
PUNLFCK2	2	NOT IN LABOR FORCE CHECK ITEM - 2	573 - 574
		VALID ENTRIES	
		 IF MISCK EQUALS 4 OR 8 THEN GOTO NLFJH ALL OTHERS GOTO LBFR-END 	
PESCHENR	2	LAST WEEK, WERE YOU ENROLLED IN A HIGH SCHOOL, COLLEGE, OR UNIVERSITY?	575 - 576
		EDITED UNIVERSE: PRPERTYP = 2 and PEAGE = 16-24	
		VALID ENTRIES	
		1 YES 2 NO	
PESCHFT	2	ARE YOU ENROLLED IN SCHOOL AS A FULL-TIME OR PART-TIME STUDENT?	577 - 578
		EDITED UNIVERSE: PESCHLVL = 1, 2	

NAME	SIZE	DESCRIPTION	LOCATION
PESCHLVL	2	VALID ENTRIES 1 FULL-TIME 2 PART-TIME WOULD THAT BE HIGH SCHOOL, COLLEGE, OR UNIVERSITY?	579 - 580
		EDITED UNIVERSE: PESCHENR = 1	
		VALID ENTRIES 1 HIGH SCHOOL 2 COLLEGE OR UNIVERSITY	
PRNLFSCH	2	NLF ACTIVITY - IN SCHOOL OR NOT IN SCHOOL	581 - 582
		EDITED UNIVERSE: PENLFACT = -1 OR 1-6 AND PEAGE = 16-24 VALID ENTRIES	
		1 IN SCHOOL 2 NOT IN SCHOOL	
		PERSON'S WEIGHTS	
PWFMWGT	10	FAMILY WEIGHT (4 IMPLIED DECIMALS) ONLY USED FOR TALLYING FAMILY CHARACTERIST	583 - 592 TICS.
		EDITED UNIVERSE: PRPERTYP = 1-3	
PWLGWGT	10	LONGITUDINAL WEIGHT (4 IMPLIED DECIMALS) ONLY FOUND ON ADULT RECORDS MATCHED FROM (USED FOR GROSS FLOWS ANALYSIS)	593 - 602 I MONTH TO MONTH.
		EDITED UNIVERSE: PRPERTYP = 2	

NAME	SIZE	DESCRIPTION	LOCATION
PWORWGT	10	OUTGOING ROTATION WEIGHT (4 IMPLIED DECIMALS)	603 - 612
		USED FOR TALLYING INFORMATION COLLECTED ON OUTGOING ROTATIONS (i.e., EARNINGS, 2nd JOB I & C DETAILED NILF)	
		EDITED UNIVERSE: PRPERTYP = 2	
PWSSWGT	10	FINAL WEIGHT	613 – 622
		(4 IMPLIED DECIMAL PLACES) USED FOR MOST TABULATIONS, CONTROLLED TO INDEPENDENT ESTIMATES FOR 1) STATES; 2) ORIGIN AND AGE; AND 3) AGE, RACE, AND SEX.	, SEX,
		EDITED UNIVERSE: PRPERTYP = 1-3	
PWVETWGT	10	VETERANS WEIGHT (4 IMPLIED DECIMALS)	623 - 632
		USED FOR TALLYING VETERAN'S DATA ONLY, CONT ESTIMATES OF VETERANS SUPPLIED BY VA.	ROLLED TO
		EDITED UNIVERSE: PRPERTYP = 2	
PRCHLD	2	PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN <18 YEARS OF AGE BY SELECTED AGE GROUP	633-634
		EDITED UNIVERSE: PRFAMREL = 1 or 2	
		VALID ENTRIES	
		-1 NIU (Not a parent) 0 No own children under 18 years of age 1 All own children 0- 2 years of age 2 All own children 3- 5 years of age 3 All own children 6-13 years of age 4 All own children 14-17 years of age 5 Own children 0- 2 and 3- 5 years of age (none 6-17) 6 Own children 0- 2 and 6-13 years of age (none 3- 5 or Own children 0- 2 and 14-17 years of age (none 3-13)	14-17)

NAME	SIZE	DESCRIPTION	LOCATION
		Own children 3- 5 and 6-13 years of age (none 0- 2 or Own children 3- 5 and 14-17 years of age (none 0- 2 or Own children 6-13 and 14-17 years of age (none 0- 5) Own children 0- 2, 3- 5, and 6-13 years of age (none 12 Own children 0- 2, 3- 5, and 14-17 years of age (none 13 Own children 0- 2, 6-13, and 14-17 years of age (none 14 Own children 3- 5, 6-13, and 14-17 years of age (none 15 Own children from all age groups	r 6-13) (4-17) (6-13) (3-5)
PRNMCHLD	2	Number of own children <18 years of age	635-636
		EDITED UNIVERSE: PRFAMREL = 1 or 2	
		VALID ENTRIES	
		-1 NIU (Not a parent) 0:99 Number of own children under 18 years of age	
FILLER	2		637 - 638
		ALLOCATION FLAGS	
PRWERNAL	2	ALLOCATION FLAG	639 - 640
		WEEKLY EARNINGS RECODE (PRERNWA) ALLOCATION FLAG	
		EDITED UNIVERSE: PRERELG = 1	
		 NO ALLOCATION ONE OR MORE COMPONENTS OF THE RECODE ARE ALLOCATED 	
PRHERNAL	2	ALLOCATION FLAG	641 - 642
		HOURLY EARNINGS RECODE (PRERNHLY) ALLOCATION FLAG	
		EDITED UNIVERSE: PRERNHRY = 1	
		 NO ALLOCATION ONE OR MORE COMPONENT OF THE RECODE ARE ALLOCATED 6-81 	

NAME	SIZE	DESCRIPTION	LOCATION
HXTENURE	2	ALLOCATION FLAG See HETENURE note.	643 - 644
HXHOUSUT	2	ALLOCATION FLAG	645 - 646
HXTELHHD	2	ALLOCATION FLAG	647 - 648
HXTELAVL	2	ALLOCATION FLAG	649 - 650
HXPHONEO	2	ALLOCATION FLAG	651 - 652
PXINUSYR	2	ALLOCATION FLAG	653 - 654
PXRRP	2	ALLOCATION FLAG	655 - 656
PXPARENT	2	ALLOCATION FLAG	657 - 658
PXAGE	2	ALLOCATION FLAG	659 – 660
PXMARITL	2	ALLOCATION FLAG	661 – 662
PXSPOUSE	2	ALLOCATION FLAG	663 - 664
PXSEX	2	ALLOCATION FLAG	665 - 666
PXAFWHN1	2	ALLOCATION FLAG	667 - 668
PXAFNOW	2	ALLOCATION FLAG	669 - 670
PXEDUCA	2	ALLOCATION FLAG	671 - 672
PXRACE1	2	ALLOCATION FLAG	673 - 674
PXNATVTY	2	ALLOCATION FLAG	675 – 676
PXMNTVTY	2	ALLOCATION FLAG	677 - 678
PXFNTVTY	2	ALLOCATION FLAG	679 - 680
FILLER	2		681 - 682
PXHSPNON	2	ALLOCATION FLAG	683 - 684
PXMLR	2	ALLOCATION FLAG	685 - 686
PXRET1	2	ALLOCATION FLAG	687 - 688

NAME	SIZE	DESCRIPTION	LOCATION
PXABSRSN	2	ALLOCATION FLAG	689 - 690
PXABSPDO	2	ALLOCATION FLAG	691 - 692
PXMJOT	2	ALLOCATION FLAG	693 - 694
PXMJNUM	2	ALLOCATION FLAG	695 - 696
PXHRUSL1	2	ALLOCATION FLAG	697 - 698
PXHRUSL2	2	ALLOCATION FLAG	699 - 700
PXHRFTPT	2	ALLOCATION FLAG	701 - 702
PXHRUSLT	2	ALLOCATION FLAG	703 - 704
PXHRWANT	2	ALLOCATION FLAG	705 - 706
PXHRRSN1	2	ALLOCATION FLAG	707 - 708
PXHRRSN2	2	ALLOCATION FLAG	709 – 710
PXHRACT1	2	ALLOCATION FLAG	711 - 712
PXHRACT2	2	ALLOCATION FLAG	713 - 714
PXHRACTT	2	ALLOCATION FLAG	715 - 716
PXHRRSN3	2	ALLOCATION FLAG	717 - 718
PXHRAVL	2	ALLOCATION FLAG	719 - 720
PXLAYAVL	2	ALLOCATION FLAG	721 - 722
PXLAYLK	2	ALLOCATION FLAG	723 - 724
PXLAYDUR	2	ALLOCATION FLAG	725 - 726
PXLAYFTO	2	ALLOCATION FLAG	727 - 728
PXLKM1	2	ALLOCATION FLAG	729 - 730
PXLKAVL	2	ALLOCATION FLAG	731 - 732
PXLKLL10	2	ALLOCATION FLAG	733 - 734

NAME	SIZE	DESCRIPTION	LOCATION
PXLKLL2O	2	ALLOCATION FLAG	735 - 736
PXLKLWO	2	ALLOCATION FLAG	737 - 738
PXLKDUR	2	ALLOCATION FLAG	739 - 740
PXLKFTO	2	ALLOCATION FLAG	741 - 742
PXDWWNTO	2	ALLOCATION FLAG	743 - 744
PXDWRSN	2	ALLOCATION FLAG	745 - 746
PXDWLKO	2	ALLOCATION FLAG	747 - 748
PXDWWK	2	ALLOCATION FLAG	749 - 750
PXDW4WK	2	ALLOCATION FLAG	751 - 752
PXDWLKWK	2	ALLOCATION FLAG	753 - 754
PXDWAVL	2	ALLOCATION FLAG	755 - 756
PXDWAVR	2	ALLOCATION FLAG	757 - 758
PXJHWKO	2	ALLOCATION FLAG	759 - 760
PXJHRSN	2	ALLOCATION FLAG	761 - 762
PXJHWANT	2	ALLOCATION FLAG	763 - 764
PXIO1COW	2	ALLOCATION FLAG	765 - 766
PXIO1ICD	2	ALLOCATION FLAG	767 - 768
PXIO1OCD	2	ALLOCATION FLAG	769 - 770
PXIO2COW	2	ALLOCATION FLAG	771 - 772
PXIO2ICD	2	ALLOCATION FLAG	773 - 774
PXIO2OCD	2	ALLOCATION FLAG	775 - 776
PXERNUOT	2	ALLOCATION FLAG	777 - 778
PXERNPER	2	ALLOCATION FLAG	779 - 780

NAME	SIZE	DESCRIPTION	LOCATION
PXERNH1O	2	ALLOCATION FLAG	781 - 782
PXERNHRO	2	ALLOCATION FLAG	783 - 784
PXERN	2	ALLOCATION FLAG	785 - 786
FILLER	4	THE CONTROL TENT	787 - 790
PXERNWKP	2	ALLOCATION FLAG	791 - 792
PXERNRT	2	ALLOCATION FLAG	793 - 794
PXERNHRY	2	ALLOCATION FLAG	795 - 796
PXERNH2	2	ALLOCATION FLAG	797 - 798
PXERNLAB	2	ALLOCATION FLAG	799 - 800
PXERNCOV	2	ALLOCATION FLAG	801 - 802
PXNLFJH	2	ALLOCATION FLAG	803 - 804
PXNLFRET	2	ALLOCATION FLAG	805 - 806
PXNLFACT	2	ALLOCATION FLAG	807 - 808
PXSCHENR	2	ALLOCATION FLAG	809 - 810
PXSCHFT	2	ALLOCATION FLAG	811 - 812
PXSCHLVL	2	ALLOCATION FLAG	813 - 814
QSTNUM	5	Unique household identifier. Valid only within any specific month.	815 - 819
OCCURNUM	2	Unique person identifier. Valid only within any specific month.	820 - 821
PEDIPGED	2	How didget's high school diploma?	822 - 823
		EDITED UNIVERSE PEEDUCA = 39	

NAME	SIZE	DESCRIPTION	LOCATION
		VALID ENTRIES -1 Not in universe 1 Graduation from high school	
PEHGCOMP	2	2 GED or other equivalent What was the highest grade of regular schoolcompleted before receiving's GED?	824 - 825
		EDITED UNIVERSE PEDIPGED = 2	
		VALID ENTRIES	
		-1 Not in universe 1 Less than 1st grade 2 1st, 2nd, 3rd, or 4th grade 3 5th or 6th grade 4 7th or 8th grade 5 9th grade 6 10th grade 7 11th grade 8 12th grade (no diploma)	
PECYC	2	How many years of college credit hascompleted?	826 - 827
		EDITED UNIVERSE: PEEDUCA =40-42 VALID ENTRIES	
		 Not in universe Less than 1 year (includes 0 years completed) The first or Freshman year The second or Sophomore year The third or Junior year Four or more years 	
PEGRPROF	2	Since completingbachelor's degree, have you taken any graduate or professional school courses for credit?	828 - 829
		EDITED UNIVERSE: PEEDUCA = 43	

NAME	SIZE	DESCRIPTION	LOCATION
		VALID ENTRIES	
		-1 Not in universe 1 Yes 2 No	
PEGR6COR	2	Didcomplete 6 or more graduate or professional school courses?	830 - 831
		EDITED UNIVERSE: PEGRPROF = 1	
		VALID ENTRIES	
		-1 Not in universe 1 Yes 2 No	
PEMS123	2	Was master's degree program a 1 year, 2 year, or 3 year program?	832 - 833
		EDITED UNIVERSE: PEEDUCA = 44	
		VALID ENTRIES	
		-1 Not in universe 1 1 year program 2 2 year program 3 3 year program	
PXDIPGED	2	ALLOCATION FLAG	834 - 835
PXHGCOMP	2	ALLOCATION FLAG	836 - 837
PXCYC	2	ALLOCATION FLAG	838 - 839
PXGRPROF	2	ALLOCATION FLAG	840 - 841
PXGR6COR	2	ALLOCATION FLAG	842 – 843
PXMS123	2	ALLOCATION FLAG	844 - 845
PWCMPWGT	10	Composited Final Weight. Used to create BLS's published labor force statistics (4 implied decimal places)	846 - 855

NAME	SIZE	DESCRIPTION	LOCATION
		EDITED UNIVERSE: PRPERTYP = 2 AND PEAGE = 16+	
PEIO1ICD	4	INDUSTRY CODE FOR PRIMARY JOB	856 - 859
		EDITED UNIVERSE: (PEMLR = 1-3) OR (PEMLR = 4 AND PELKLWO = 1-2) OR (PEMLR = 5 AND (PENLFJH = 1 OR PEJHWKO = 1)) OR (PEMLR = 6 AND PENLFJH = 1) OR (PEMLR = 7 AND PEJHWKO=1)	
		VALID ENTRIES	
		0 MIN VALUE 9999 MAX VALUE	
PEIO1OCD	4	OCCUPATION CODE FOR PRIMARY JOB.	860 - 863
		EDITED UNIVERSE: (PEMLR = 1-3) OR (PEMLR = 4 AND PELKLWO = 1-2) OR (PEMLR = 5 AND (PENLFJH = 1 OR PEJHWKO = 1)) OR (PEMLR = 6 AND PENLFJH = 1) OR (PEMLR = 7 AND PEJHWKO = 1)	
		VALID ENTRIES	
		0 MIN VALUE 9999 MAX VALUE	
PEIO2ICD	4	INDUSTRY CODE FOR SECOND JOB.	864 - 867
		EDITED UNIVERSE: PEMJOT = 1 AND HRMIS = 4 OR 8	
		VALID ENTRIES	
		0 MIN VALUE 9999 MAX VALUE	

NAME	SIZE	DESCRIPTION	LOCATION
PEIO2OCD	4	OCCUPATION CODE FOR SECOND JOB	868 - 871
		EDITED UNIVERSE: PEMJOT = 1 AND HRMIS = 4 OR 8	
		VALID ENTRIES	
		0 MIN VALUE 9999 MAX VALUE	
PRIMIND1	2	INTERMEDIATE INDUSTRY RECODE (JOB 1)	872 - 873
		EDITED UNIVERSE: PRIOELG = 1	
		VALID ENTRIES	
		1 AGRICULTURE, FORESTRY, FISHING, and HUNTE 2 MINING 3 CONSTRUCTION 4 MANUFACTURING - DURABLE GOODS 5 MANUFACTURING - NON-DURABLE GOODS 6 WHOLESALE TRADE 7 RETAIL TRADE 8 TRANSPORTATION AND WAREHOUSING 9 UTILITIES 10 INFORMATION 11 FINANCE AND INSURANCE 12 REAL ESTATE AND RENTAL AND LEASING 13 PROFESSIONAL AND TECHNICAL SERVICES 14 MANAGEMENT, ADMINISTRATIVE AND WASTE MANAGEMENT SERVICES 15 EDUCATIONAL SERVICES 16 HEALTH CARE AND SOCIAL SERVICES 17 ARTS, ENTERTAINMENT, AND RECREATION 18 ACCOMMODATION AND FOOD SERVICES 19 PRIVATE HOUSEHOLDS 20 OTHER SERVICES, EXCEPT PRIVATE HOUSEHOL 21 PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION 22 ARMED FORCES	
PRIMIND2	2	INTERMEDIATE INDUSTRY RECODE (JOB 2)	874 - 875
		EDITED UNIVERSE: PRIOELG = 1 AND PEMJOT = 1 AND HRMIS = 4 OR 8	

NAME	SIZE	DESCRIPTION	LOCATION
		VALID ENTRIES 1 AGRICULTURE, FORESTRY, FISHING, and HUNTI 2 MINING 3 CONSTRUCTION 4 MANUFACTURING - DURABLE GOODS 5 MANUFACTURING - NON-DURABLE GOODS 6 WHOLESALE TRADE 7 RETAIL TRADE 8 TRANSPORTATION AND WAREHOUSING 9 UTILITIES 10 INFORMATION 11 FINANCE AND INSURANCE 12 REAL ESTATE AND RENTAL AND LEASING 13 PROFESSIONAL AND TECHNICAL SERVICES 14 MANAGEMENT, ADMINISTRATIVE AND WASTE MANAGEMENT SERVICES 15 EDUCATIONAL SERVICES 16 HEALTH CARE AND SOCIAL SERVICES 17 ARTS, ENTERTAINMENT, AND RECREATION 18 ACCOMMODATION AND FOOD SERVICES 19 PRIVATE HOUSEHOLDS 20 OTHER SERVICES, EXCEPT PRIVATE HOUSEHOL 21 PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION 22 ARMED FORCES	
PEAFWHN1	2	WHEN DID YOU SERVE? EDITED UNIVERSE: PEAFEVER = 1 VALID ENTRIES 1 SEPTEMBER 2001 OR LATER 2 AUGUST 1990 TO AUGUST 2001 3 MAY 1975 TO JULY 1990 4 VIETNAM ERA (AUGUST 1964 TO APRIL 1975) 5 FEBRUARY 1955 TO JULY 1964 6 KOREAN WAR (JULY 1950 TO JANUARY 1955) 7 JANUARY 1947 TO JUNE 1950 8 WORLD WAR II (DECEMBER 1941 TO DECEMBER 1941 OR EARLIER	
PEAFWHN2	2	WHEN DID YOU SERVE?	878 - 879

NAME	SIZE	DESCRIPTION	LOCATION
		EDITED UNIVERSE: PEAFEVER = 1 VALID ENTRIES 1 SEPTEMBER 2001 OR LATER 2 AUGUST 1990 TO AUGUST 2001 3 MAY 1975 TO JULY 1990 4 VIETNAM ERA (AUGUST 1964 TO APRIL 1975) 5 FEBRUARY 1955 TO JULY 1964 6 KOREAN WAR (JULY 1950 TO JANUARY 1955) 7 JANUARY 1947 TO JUNE 1950 8 WORLD WAR II (DECEMBER 1941 TO DECEMBER 9 NOVEMBER 1941 OR EARLIER	1946)
PEAFWHN3	2	WHEN DID YOU SERVE?	880 - 881
		EDITED UNIVERSE: PEAFEVER = 1	
		VALID ENTRIES	
		SEPTEMBER 2001 OR LATER AUGUST 1990 TO AUGUST 2001 MAY 1975 TO JULY 1990 VIETNAM ERA (AUGUST 1964 TO APRIL 1975) FEBRUARY 1955 TO JULY 1964 KOREAN WAR (JULY 1950 TO JANUARY 1955) JANUARY 1947 TO JUNE 1950 WORLD WAR II (DECEMBER 1941 TO DECEMBER NOVEMBER 1941 OR EARLIER	1946)
PEAFWHN4	2	WHEN DID YOU SERVE?	882 - 883
		EDITED UNIVERSE: PEAFEVER = 1	
		VALID ENTRIES	
		SEPTEMBER 2001 OR LATER AUGUST 1990 TO AUGUST 2001 MAY 1975 TO JULY 1990 VIETNAM ERA (AUGUST 1964 TO APRIL 1975) FEBRUARY 1955 TO JULY 1964	

NAME	SIZE	DESCRIPTION	LOCATION
		 KOREAN WAR (JULY 1950 TO JANUARY 1955) JANUARY 1947 TO JUNE 1950 WORLD WAR II (DECEMBER 1941 TO DECEMBER NOVEMBER 1941 OR EARLIER 	1946)
PXAFEVER	2	ALLOCATION FLAG	884 - 885
PELNDAD	2	LINE NUMBER OF FATHER	886 - 887
		EDITED UNIVERSE: ALL	
		VALID ENTRIES	
		-1 NO FATHER PRESENT 01 MIN VALUE 16 MAX VALUE	
PELNMOM	2	LINE NUMBER OF MOTHER	888 - 889
		EDITED UNIVERSE: ALL	
		VALID ENTRIES	
		-1 NO MOTHER PRESENT 01 MIN VALUE 16 MAX VALUE	
PEDADTYP	2	TYPE OF FATHER	890 - 891
		EDITED UNVERSE: ALL	
		VALID ENTRIES	
		-1 NO FATHER PRESENT 01 BIOLOGICAL 02 STEP 03 ADOPTED	
PEMOMTYP	2	TYPE OF MOTHER	892 - 893
		EDITED UNVERSE: ALL	

NAME	SIZE	DESCRIPTION	LOCATION
РЕСОНАВ	2	VALID ENTRIES -1 NO MOTHER PRESENT 01 BIOLOGICAL 02 STEP 03 ADOPTED LINE NUMBER OF COHABITING PARTNER EDITED UNIVERSE:	894 - 895
		ALL VALID ENTRIES -1 NO PARTNER PRESENT 01 MIN VALUE 16 MAX VALUE	
PXLNDAD	2	ALLOCATION FLAG	896 - 897
PXLNMOM	2	ALLOCATION FLAG	898 - 899
PXDADTYP	2	ALLOCATION FLAG	900 – 901
PXMOMTYP	2	ALLOCATION FLAG	902 - 903
РХСОНАВ	2	ALLOCATION FLAG	904 – 905
PEDISEAR	2	ISDEAF OR DOESHAVE SERIOUS DIFFICULTY HEARING?	906 - 907
		EDITED UNIVERSE: PRPERTYP = 2	
		VALID ENTRIES	
		1 Yes 2 No	
PEDISEYE	2	ISBLIND OR DOESHAVE SERIOUS DIFFICULTY SEEING EVEN WHEN WEARING GLASSES?	908 - 909
		EDITED UNIVERSE: PRPERTYP = 2	

NAME	SIZE	DESCRIPTION	LOCATION
		VALID ENTRIES	
		1 Yes 2 No	
PEDISREM	2	BECAUSE OF A PHYSICAL, MENTAL, OR EMOTIONAL CONDITION, DOESHAVE SERIOUS DIFFICULTY CONCENTRATING, REMEMBERING, OR MAKING DECISIONS?	910 - 911
		EDITED UNIVERSE: PRPERTYP = 2	
		VALID ENTRIES	
		1 Yes 2 No	
PEDISPHY	2	DOESHAVE SERIOUS DIFFICULTY WALKING OR CLIMBING STAIRS?	912 - 913
		EDITED UNIVERSE: PRPERTYP = 2	
		VALID ENTRIES	
		1 Yes 2 No	
PEDISDRS	2	DOES HAVE DIFFICULTY DRESSING OR BATHING?	914 - 915
		EDITED UNIVERSE: PRPERTYP = 2	
		VALID ENTRIES	
		1 Yes 2 No	
PEDISOUT	2	BECAUSE OF A PHYSICAL, MENTAL, OR EMOTIONAL CONDITION DOESHAVE DIFFICULTY DOING ERRANDS ALONE SUCH AS VISITING A DOCTOR'S OFFICE OR SHOPPING?	916 - 917

NAME	SIZE	DESCRIPTION	LOCATION
PRDISFLG	2	EDITED UNIVERSE: PRPERTYP = 2 VALID ENTRIES 1 Yes 2 No DOES THIS PERSON HAVE ANY OF THESE DISABILITY CONDITIONS? EDITED UNIVERSE: PEDISEAR OR PEDISEYE OR PEDISREM, PEDISPHY OR PEDISDRS OR PEDISOUT = 1 VALID ENTRIES: 1 Yes 2 No	918 - 919
PXDISEAR	2	ALLOCATION FLAG	920 - 921
PXDISEYE	2	ALLOCATION FLAG	922 - 923
PXDISREM	2	ALLOCATION FLAG	924 - 925
PXDISPHY	2	ALLOCATION FLAG	926 - 927
PXDISDRS	2	ALLOCATION FLAG	928 - 929
PXDISOUT	2	ALLOCATION FLAG	930 - 931
HXFAMINC	2	ALLOCATION FLAG	932 - 933
FILLER	17	FILLER	934 - 950

End of Basic CPS Portion of the Record

ATTACHMENT 7

SUPPLEMENT RECORD LAYOUT

October 2012 Current Population Survey

School Enrollment and Internet Use Supplement

<u>NAME</u>	SIZE	DESCRIPTION	LOCATION
PESSCHOL	2	Is attending or enrolled in regular school (regular school includes nursery school, kindergarten, elementary school and schooling which leads to a high school diploma or college degree)	951-952
		EDITED UNIVERSE:	
		PRPERTYP = 2 and PRTAGE >=15	
		VALID ENTRIES:	
		-1 = Not in universe 1 = Yes 2 = No	
PEPUBLIC	2	Is enrolled in public or private school?	953-954
		EDITED UNIVERSE:	
		PESSCHOL = 1 and PRTAGE >=15	
		VALID ENTRIES:	
		-1 = Not in Universe 1 = Public 2 = Private	
PEGRADE	2	What grade or year is attending?	955-956
		EDITED UNIVERSE:	
		PESSCHOL = 1 and PRTAGE >=15	

<u>NAME</u>	SIZE	DESCRIPTION	LOCATION
		VALID ENTRIES:	
		-1 = Not in Universe 01-08 = Elementary 09-12 = High School 13 = 1st year of college (freshman) 14 = 2nd year of college (sophomore) 15 = 3rd year of college (junior) 16 = 4th year of college (senior) 17 = 1st year of graduate school 18 = 2nd year or higher of graduate school	
PEFULL	2	Is attending college full-time or part-time?	957-958
		EDITED UNIVERSE:	
		PEGRADE = 13-18 and PRTAGE >=15	
		VALID ENTRIES:	
		-1 = Not in Universe 1 = Full-time 2 = Part-time	
PESTYPE	2	Is this a 2-year or a 4-year college or university?	959-960
		EDITED UNIVERSE:	
		PEGRADE = 13-18 and PRTAGE >=15	
		VALID ENTRIES:	
		-1 = Not in Universe1 = 2-year college (community or junior college2 = 4-year college or university	
PEVOCA	2	Excluding (regular college courses and) on-the-job training, is taking any business,vocational, technical, trade, or correspondence courses?	961-962

<u>NAME</u>	<u>SIZE</u>	DESCRIPTION	LOCATION
		EDITED UNIVERSE:	
		(PESSCHOL = 2 OR PEGRADE = 13-18) and PRTAGE >=15	
		VALID ENTRIES:	
		-1 = Not in Universe 1 = Yes 2 = No	
PELASTYR	2	Was attending or enrolled in a regular school or college in October 2009, that is, October of last year?	963-964
		EDITED UNIVERSE:	
		PRPERTYP = 2 and PRTAGE >=15	
		VALID ENTRIES:	
		-1 = Not in universe 1 = Yes 2 = No	
PELASTGD	2	What grade or year was attending last year?	965-966
		EDITED UNIVERSE:	
		PELASTYR = 1 and PRTAGE >=15	

<u>NAME</u>	SIZE	DESCRIPTION	LOCATION
		VALID ENTRIES:	
		-1 = Not in Universe 01-08 = Elementary 09-12 = High School 13 = 1st year of college (freshman) 14 = 2nd year of college (sophomore) 15 = 3rd year of college (junior) 16 = 4th year of college (senior) 17 = 1st year of graduate school 18 = 2nd year or higher of graduate school	
PEYRATT	2	In what calendar year did last attend regular school?	967-968
		EDITED UNIVERSE:	
		PRTAGE = 15-29 AND PEEDUCA < 39 and (PESSCHOL = 2 or PEGRADE > 12)	
		VALID ENTRIES:	
		-1 = Not in Universe 1 = 2012 2 = 2011 or before 3 = Never attended	
PEYRDEG	2	In what calendar year did receive his/her most recent degree?	969-970
		EDITED UNIVERSE:	
		PRTAGE = 15-29 AND PEEDUCA = 41-46 and (PESSCHOL = 2 or PEGRADE > 12)	
		VALID ENTRIES:	
		-1 = Not in Universe 1 = 2012 2 = 2011 or before	

<u>NAME</u>	SIZE	DESCRIPTION	<u>LOCATION</u>
PEYRDIP	2	In what calendar year did complete high school?	971-972
		EDITED UNIVERSE:	
		PRTAGE = 15-29 AND PEEDUCA = 39-46 and (PESSCHOL = 2 or PEGRADE > 12)	
		VALID ENTRIES:	
		-1 = Not in Universe 1 = 2012 2 = 2011 or before	
PEGED	2	Did you complete high school by means of a GED or other equivalent?	973-974
		EDITED UNIVERSE:	
		PRTAGE = 15-29 and (PESSCHOL = 2 or PEGRADE > 12)	
		VALID ENTRIES:	
		-1 = Not in Universe 1 = Yes 2 = No	
PESUSFPX	2	Who reported for this person?	975-976
		EDITED UNIVERSE:	
		PRPERTYP = 2	

<u>NAME</u>	<u>SIZE</u>	DESCRIPTION	LOCATION
		VALID ENTRIES:	
		-9 = N/A -3 = Refusal -2 = Don't know -1 = Not in Universe 1 = Self 2 = Parent 3 = Spouse 4 = Other relative 5 = Nonrelative	
PESCH35	2	Is attending or enrolled in nursery school, kindergarten or elementary school?	977-978
		EDITED UNIVERSE:	
		PRPERTYP = 1 and PRTAGE = 3-5	
		VALID ENTRIES:	
		-1 = Not in Universe 1 = Yes 2 = No	
PESCH614	2	Is attending or enrolled in regular school? (regular school includes nursery school, kindergarten, elementary school and schooling which leads to a high school diploma or college degree)	979-980
		EDITED UNIVERSE:	
		PRPERTYP = 1 AND PRTAGE = 6-14	
		VALID ENTRIES:	
		-1 = Not in Universe 1 = Yes 2 = No	

<u>NAME</u>	<u>SIZE</u>	DESCRIPTION	LOCATION
PECHPUB	2	Is enrolled in public or private school?	981-982
		EDITED UNIVERSE:	
		(PESCH35 = 1 OR PESCH614 = 1) AND PRTAGE = 3-14	
		VALID ENTRIES:	
		-1 = Not in Universe 1 = Public 2 = Private	
PECHGRDE	2	What grade or year is attending? (If nursery school or kindergarten, ask if full-day or part-day)	983-984
		EDITED UNIVERSE:	
		(PESCH35 = 1 OR PESCH614 = 1) AND PRTAGE = 3-14	
		VALID ENTRIES:	
		-1 = Not in Universe 1 = Nursery (pre-school, prekindergarten) full- day 2 = Nursery (pre-school, prekindergarten) part- day 3 = Kindergarten full-day 4 = Kindergarten part-day 5-16 = Grades 1 through 12 - elementary - high school	
PES56	2	Was attending or enrolled in a regular school in October 2009; that is, October of last year?	985-986
		EDITED UNIVERSE:	
		PRTAGE = 3-14	

<u>NAME</u>	SIZE	DESCRIPTION	LOCATION
		VALID ENTRIES:	
		-1 = Not in Universe 1 = Yes 2 = No	
PES57	2	What grade was attending last year?	987-988
		EDITED UNIVERSE:	
		PES56 = 1 AND PRTAGE = 3-14	
		VALID ENTRIES:	
		-1 = Not in Universe 1 = Nursery school (pre-school, pre kindergarten) 2 = Kindergarten 3-10 = Grades 1 through 8 - Elementary 11-14 = Grades 9 through 12 - High school	
PRENPUPR	2	Combined enrollment with public/private	989-990
		EDITED UNIVERSE:	
		PRTAGE=3+	
		VALID ENTRIES:	
		-1= Not in universe 1 = Enrolled - private school 2 = Enrolled - public school 3 = Not enrolled	
PRENR	2	Enrolled in school - all groups	991-992
		EDITED UNIVERSE:	
		PRTAGE = 3+	

<u>NAME</u>	SIZE	DESCRIPTION	LOCATION
		VALID ENTRIES:	
		-1= Not in universe 0 = Not enrolled 1 = Enrolled	
PRLEVEL	2	Grade enrolled - ages 3+	993-994
		EDITED UNIVERSE:	
		PRTAGE=3+	
		VALID ENTRIES:	
		-1 = Not in universe 20 = Nursery school 21 = Kindergarten <01-12> = Grade 1 - 12 13 = 1st year of college (freshman) 14 = 2nd year of college (sophomore) 15 = 3rd year of college (junior) 16 = 4th year of college (senior) 17 = 1st year of graduate school 18 = 2nd year or higher of graduate school	
PXSSCHOL	2	Allocation flag for PESSCHOL	995-996
		VALID ENTRIES:	
		0 = Not allocated 1 = Allocated	
PXPUBLIC	2	Allocation flag for PEPUBLIC	997-998
		VALID ENTRIES:	
		0 = Not allocated 1 = Allocated	

<u>NAME</u>	<u>SIZE</u>	DESCRIPTION	LOCATION
PXGRADE	2	Allocation flag for PEGRADE	999-1000
		VALID ENTRIES:	
		0 = Not allocated 1 = Allocated	
PXFULL	2	Allocation flag for PEFULL	1001-1002
		VALID ENTRIES:	
		0 = Not allocated 1 = Allocated	
PXGED	2	Allocation flag for PEGED	1003-1004
		VALID ENTRIES:	
		0 = Not allocated 1 = Allocated	
PXSTYPE	2	Allocation flag for PESTYPE	1005-1006
		VALID ENTRIES:	
		0 = Not allocated 1 = Allocated	
PXVOCA	2	Allocation flag for PEVOCA	1007-1008
		VALID ENTRIES:	
		0 = Not allocated 1 = Allocated	
PXLASTYR	2	Allocation flag for PELASTYR	1009-1010
		VALID ENTRIES:	
		0 = Not allocated 1 = Allocated	

<u>NAME</u>	<u>SIZE</u>	DESCRIPTION	LOCATION
PXLASTGD	2	Allocation flag for PELASTGD	1011-1012
		VALID ENTRIES:	
		0 = Not allocated 1 = Allocated	
PXYRDEG	2	Allocation flag for PEYRDEG	1013-1014
		VALID ENTRIES:	
		0 = Not allocated 1 = Allocated	
PXYRATT	2	Allocation flag for PEYRATT	1015-1016
		VALID ENTRIES:	
		0 = Not allocated 1 = Allocated	
PXYRDIP	2	Allocation flag for PEYRDIP	1017-1018
		VALID ENTRIES:	
		0 = Not allocated 1 = Allocated	
PXSCH35	2	Allocation flag for PESCH35	1019-1020
		VALID ENTRIES:	
		0 = Not Allocated 1= Allocated	
PXSCH614	2	Allocation flag for PESCH614	1021-1022
		VALID ENTRIES:	
		0 = Not allocated 1 = Allocated	

<u>NAME</u>	<u>SIZE</u>	DESCRIPTION	LOCATION
PXCHPUB	2	Allocation flag for PECHPUB	1023-1024
		VALID ENTRIES:	
		0 = Not allocated 1 = Allocated	
PXCHGRDE	2	Allocation flag for PECHGRDE	1025-1026
		VALID ENTRIES:	
		0 = Not allocated 1 = Allocated	
PXS56	2	Allocation flag for PES56	1027-1028
		VALID ENTRIES:	
		0 = Not allocated 1 = Allocated	
PXS57	2	Allocation flag for PES57	1029-1030
		VALID ENTRIES:	
		0 = Not allocated 1 = Allocated	
PWSUPWGT	10	Supplement Weight	1031-1040
		EDITED UNIVERSE:	
		PEAGE = 3+	
		VALID ENTRIES:	
		000000000-999999999	
PENET1	2	Do you use a cellular phone or smartphone?	1041-1042
		EDITED UNIVERSE:	
		PRHRESP = 1	

<u>NAME</u>	SIZE	<u>DESCRIPTION</u>	LOCATION
		VALID ENTRIES:	
		-1 Not in universe 1 = Yes	
		2 = No	
PENET1A1	2	When you use your cellular phone or smartphone, do you Make phone calls?	1043-1044
		EDITED UNIVERSE:	
		PENET1 = 1	
		VALID ENTRIES:	
		-1 Not in universe 1 = Yes	
		2 = No	
PENET1A2	2	When you use your cellular phone or smartphone, do you Send/receive text message?	1045-1046
		EDITED UNIVERSE:	
		PENET1 = 1	
		VALID ENTRIES:	
		-1 Not in universe	
		1 = Yes 2 = No	
PENET1A3	2	When you use your cellular phone or smartphone, do you Take photos/videos?	1047-1048
		EDITED UNIVERSE:	
		PENET1 = 1	

<u>NAME</u>	<u>SIZE</u>	DESCRIPTION	LOCATION
		VALID ENTRIES:	
		-1 Not in universe 1 = Yes 2 = No	
PENET1A4	2	When you use your cellular phone or smartphone, do you Browse the web?	1049-1050
		EDITED UNIVERSE:	
		PENET1 = 1	
		VALID ENTRIES:	
		-1 Not in universe 1 = Yes 2 = No	
PENET1A5		When you use your cellular phone or smartphone, do you Email?	1051-1052
		EDITED UNIVERSE:	
		PENET1 = 1	
		VALID ENTRIES:	
		-1 Not in universe 1 = Yes 2 = No	
PENET1A6	2	When you use your cellular phone or smartphone, do you Use maps or use GPS navigation?	1053-1054
		EDITED UNIVERSE:	
		PENET1 = 1	

<u>NAME</u>	SIZE	DESCRIPTION	LOCATION
		VALID ENTRIES:	
		-1 Not in universe 1 = Yes 2 = No	
PENET1A7	2	When you use your cellular phone or smartphone, do you Play games?	1055-1056
		EDITED UNIVERSE:	
		PENET1 = 1	
		VALID ENTRIES:	
		-1 Not in universe 1 = Yes 2 = No	
PENET1A8	2	When you use your cellular phone or smartphone, do you Access social network sites?	1057-1058
		EDITED UNIVERSE:	
		PENET1 = 1	
		VALID ENTRIES:	
		-1 Not in universe 1 = Yes 2 = No	
PENET1A9	2	When you use your cellular phone or smartphone, do you Download "apps" or applications?	1059-1060
		EDITED UNIVERSE:	
		PENET1 = 1	

<u>NAME</u>	SIZE	<u>DESCRIPTION</u>	LOCATION
		VALID ENTRIES:	
		-1 Not in universe 1 = Yes 2 = No	
PENET1A10	2	When you use your cellular phone or smartphone, do you Listen to music or other audio?	1061-1062
		EDITED UNIVERSE:	
		PENET1 = 1	
		VALID ENTRIES:	
		-1 Not in universe 1 = Yes 2 = No	
HENET2	2	How many desktop, laptop, netbook, notebook, and tablet computers are there in use in this household?	1063-1064
		EDITED UNIVERSE:	
		HRINTSTA=1 AND PRTAGE>=3	
		VALID ENTRIES:	
		-1 Not in universe 0 None 1 = 1 to 20	
HENET3	2	Does anyone in this houshold use the Internet from home?	1065-1066
		EDITED UNIVERSE:	
		HRINTSTA=1 AND PRTAGE>=3	

<u>NAME</u>	<u>SIZE</u>	DESCRIPTION	<u>LOCATION</u>
		VALID ENTRIES:	
		-1 Not in universe 1 = Yes 2 = No	
HENET3A	2	Has anyone in this household ever used the Internet from this home?	1067-1068
		EDITED UNIVERSE:	
		HENET3 = 2	
		VALID ENTRIES:	
		-1 Not in universe 1 = Yes 2 = No	
HENET41	2	At home, does anyone in this household access the Internet usinga Dial-up service?	1069-1070
		EDITED UNIVERSE:	
		HENET3 = 1	
		VALID ENTRIES:	
		-1 Not in universe 1 = Yes 2 = No	
HENET42	2	At home, does anyone in this household access the Internet usinga DSL service?	1071-1072
		EDITED UNIVERSE:	
		HENET3 = 1	

<u>NAME</u>	<u>SIZE</u>	DESCRIPTION	LOCATION
		VALID ENTRIES:	
		-1 Not in universe 1 = Yes 2 = No	
HENET43	2	At home, does anyone in this household access the Internet usinga Cable modem service?	1073-1074
		EDITED UNIVERSE:	
		HENET3 = 1	
		VALID ENTRIES:	
		-1 Not in universe 1 = Yes 2 = No	
HENET44	2	At home, does anyone in this household access the Internet usinga Fiber-optic service?	1075-1076
		EDITED UNIVERSE:	
		HENET3 = 1	
		VALID ENTRIES:	
		-1 Not in universe 1 = Yes 2 = No	
HENET45	2	At home, does anyone in this household access the Internet usinga Mobile broadband plan (for a computer, cell phone, smartphone, or tablet?	1077-1078
		EDITED UNIVERSE:	
		HENET3 = 1	

<u>NAME</u>	<u>SIZE</u>	DESCRIPTION	<u>LOCATION</u>
		VALID ENTRIES:	
		-1 Not in universe 1 = Yes 2 = No	
HENET46	2	At home, does anyone in this household access the Internet usinga Satellite service?	1079-1080
		EDITED UNIVERSE:	
		HENET3 = 1	
		VALID ENTRIES:	
		-1 Not in universe 1 = Yes 2 = No	
HENET47	2	At home, does anyone in this household access the Internet usingSome other service?	1081-1082
		EDITED UNIVERSE:	
		HENET3 = 1	
		VALID ENTRIES:	
		-1 Not in universe 1 = Yes 2 = No	
HENET5	2	What is the MAIN reason that you do not have high-speed (that is, faster than dial-up) Internet access at home?	1083-1084

<u>NAME</u>	SIZE	DESCRIPTION	LOCATION
		EDITED UNIVERSE:	
		HENET41 = 1 AND (HENET42=2 and HENET43=2 and HENET44=2 and HENET45=2 and HENET46=2 and HENET47=2)	
		VALID ENTRIES:	
		-1 Not in universe 1 = Don't need it, not interested 2 = Too Expensive 3 = Can use it elsewhere 4 = Not Available in area 5 = No computer or computer inadequate 6 = Privacy or Security Concerns 7 = Other Reason	
HENET5B1	2	What costs are you most concerned about? Was it the cost of the computer and/or other hardware?	1085-1086
		EDITED UNIVERSE:	
		HENET5 = 2	
		VALID ENTRIES:	
		-1 Not in universe 1 = Yes 2 = No	
HENET5B2	2	What costs are you most concerned about? Was it the cost of installing internet service?	1087-1088
		EDITED UNIVERSE:	
		HENET5 = 2	

<u>NAME</u>	<u>SIZE</u>	DESCRIPTION	LOCATION
		VALID ENTRIES:	
		-1 Not in universe 1 = Yes 2 = No	
HENET5B3	2	What costs are you most concerned about? Was it the of monthly internet service?	1089-1090
		EDITED UNIVERSE:	
		HENET5 = 2	
		VALID ENTRIES:	
		-1 Not in universe 1 = Yes 2 = No	
HENET5B4	2	What costs are you most concerned about? Was it some other cost?	1091-1092
		EDITED UNIVERSE:	
		HENET5 = 2	
		VALID ENTRIES:	
		-1 Not in universe 1 = Yes 2 = No	
HENET5D	2	What high-speed access is not available?	1093-1094
		EDITED UNIVERSE:	
		HENET5 = 4	

<u>NAME</u>	<u>SIZE</u>	DESCRIPTION	<u>LOCATION</u>
		VALID ENTRIES:	
		-1 Not in universe 1 = Mobile 2 = Wired 3 = Both	
HENET6	2	What is the MAIN reason you no longer have the Internet at home?	1095-1096
		EDITED UNIVERSE:	
		HENET3a = 1	
		VALID ENTRIES:	
		-1 Not in universe 1 = Don't need it, not interested 2 = Too Expensive 3 = Can use it elsewhere 4 = Not Available in area 5 = No computer or computer inadequate 6 = Privacy or Security Concerns 7 = Other Reason	
HENET6B	2	What high-speed access is not available?	1097-1098
		EDITED UNIVERSE:	
		HENET6 = 4	
		VALID ENTRIES:	
		-1 Not in universe 1 = Mobile 2 = Wired 3 = Both	

<u>NAME</u>	<u>SIZE</u>	DESCRIPTION	LOCATION
HENET7	2	What is the MAIN reason that you don't have the Internet at home?	1099-1100
		EDITED UNIVERSE:	
		HENET3a = 2	
		VALID ENTRIES:	
		-1 Not in universe 1 = Don't need it, not interested 2 = Too Expensive 3 = Can use it elsewhere 4 = Not Available in area 5 = No computer or computer inadequate 6 = Privacy or Security Concerns 7 = Other Reason	
HENET7B	2	What high-speed access is not available?	1101-1102
		EDITED UNIVERSE:	
		HENET7 = 4	
		VALID ENTRIES:	
		-1 Not in universe 1 = Mobile 2 = Wired 3 = Both	
PENET8	2	Person uses the Internet at home	1103-1104
		EDITED UNIVERSE:	
		HENET3 = 1	

<u>NAME</u>	SIZE	DESCRIPTION	LOCATION
		VALID ENTRIES:	
		-1 Not in universe 1 = Yes 2 = No	
HENET9	2	Do you or anyone in this household access the Internet at any location outside the home?	1105-1106
		EDITED UNIVERSE:	
		HRINTSTA=1 AND PRTAGE>=3	
		VALID ENTRIES:	
		-1 Not in universe 1 = Yes 2 = No	
PENET10	2	Who is that?	1107-1108
		EDITED UNIVERSE:	
		HENET9 = 1	
		VALID ENTRIES:	
		-1 Not in universe 1 = Yes 2 = No	
HENET111	2	Did you or anyone in this household access the Internet at any of the following locations outside the home? Workplace?	1109-1110
		EDITED UNIVERSE:	
		HENET9 = 1	

<u>NAME</u>	<u>SIZE</u>	<u>DESCRIPTION</u>	LOCATION
		VALID ENTRIES:	
		-1 Not in universe 1 = Yes 2 = No	
HENET112	2	Did you or anyone in this household access the Internet at any of the following locations outside the home? School?	1111-1112
		EDITED UNIVERSE:	
		HENET9 = 1	
		VALID ENTRIES:	
		-1 Not in universe 1 = Yes 2 = No	
HENET113	2	Did you or anyone in this household access the Internet at any of the following locations outside the home? Public Library?	1113-1114
		EDITED UNIVERSE:	
		HENET9 = 1	
		VALID ENTRIES:	
		-1 Not in universe 1 = Yes 2 = No	
HENET114	2	Did you or anyone in this household access the Internet at any of the following locations outside the home? Community center?	1115-1116

<u>NAME</u>	<u>SIZE</u>	DESCRIPTION	LOCATION
		EDITED UNIVERSE:	
		HENET9 = 1	
		VALID ENTRIES:	
		-1 Not in universe 1 = Yes 2 = No	
HENET115	2	Did you or anyone in this household access the Internet at any of the following locations outside the home? Internet café/coffee shop in your area?	1117-1118
		EDITED UNIVERSE:	
		HENET9 = 1	
		VALID ENTRIES:	
		-1 Not in universe 1 = Yes 2 = No	
HENET116	2	Did you or anyone in this household access the Internet	1119-1120
	_	at any of the following locations outside the home? Someone else's house?	
		EDITED UNIVERSE:	
		HENET9 = 1	
		VALID ENTRIES:	
		-1 Not in universe 1 = Yes 2 = No	
HENET117	2	Did you or anyone in this household access the Internet at any of the following locations outside the home? Another place outside the home?	1121-1122

<u>NAME</u>	<u>SIZE</u>	DESCRIPTION	LOCATION
		EDITED UNIVERSE:	
		HENET9 = 1	
		VALID ENTRIES:	
		-1 Not in universe 1 = Yes 2 = No	
PENET121	2	Do you rely on the the Internet for any of the following: Telecommuting?	1123-1124
		EDITED UNIVERSE:	
		PRHRESP = 1 AND (HENET9 = 1 or HENET3 = 1)	
		VALID ENTRIES:	
		-1 Not in universe 1 = Yes 2 = No	
PENET122	2	Do you rely on the the Internet for any of the following: Music?	1125-1126
		EDITED UNIVERSE:	
		PRHRESP = 1 AND (HENET9 = 1 or HENET3 = 1)	
		VALID ENTRIES:	
		-1 Not in universe 1 = Yes 2 = No	
PENET123	2	Do you rely on the the Internet for any of the following: Games?	1127-1128

<u>NAME</u>	SIZE	DESCRIPTION	LOCATION
		EDITED UNIVERSE:	
		PRHRESP = 1 AND (HENET9 = 1 or HENET3 = 1)	
		VALID ENTRIES:	
		-1 Not in universe 1 = Yes	
		2 = No	
PENET124	2	Do you rely on the the Internet for any of the following: Videos?	1129-1130
		EDITED UNIVERSE:	
		PRHRESP = 1 AND (HENET9 = 1 or HENET3 = 1)	
		VALID ENTRIES:	
		-1 Not in universe 1 = Yes	
		2 = No	
PENET125	2	Do you rely on the the Internet for any of the following: Financial services (such as banking, investing, or trading)?	1131-1132
		EDITED UNIVERSE:	
		PRHRESP = 1 AND (HENET9 = 1 or HENET3 = 1)	
		VALID ENTRIES:	
		-1 Not in universe	
		1 = Yes 2 = No	
PENET126	2	Do you rely on the the Internet for any of the following: Job seeking or job training?	1133-1134

NAME	<u>SIZE</u>	DESCRIPTION	<u>LOCATION</u>
		EDITED UNIVERSE:	
		PRHRESP = 1 AND (HENET9 = 1 or HENET3 = 1)	
		VALID ENTRIES:	
		-1 Not in universe 1 = Yes 2 = No	
		2 110	
PENET127	2	Do you rely on the the Internet for any of the following: Education or schoolwork (such as taking a class online)?	1135-1136
		EDITED UNIVERSE:	
		PRHRESP = 1 AND (HENET9 = 1 or HENET3 = 1)	
		VALID ENTRIES:	
		-1 Not in universe 1 = Yes	
		2 = No	
PENET128	2	Do you rely on the the Internet for any of the following: Video conferencing?	1137-1138
		EDITED UNIVERSE:	
		PRHRESP = 1 AND (HENET9 = 1 or HENET3 = 1)	
		VALID ENTRIES:	
		-1 Not in universe	
		1 = Yes 2 = No	
PENET129	2	Do you rely on the the Internet for any of the following: Voice calls?	1139-1140

<u>NAME</u>	<u>SIZE</u>	DESCRIPTION	LOCATION
		EDITED UNIVERSE:	
		PRHRESP = 1 AND (HENET9 = 1 or HENET3 = 1)	
		VALID ENTRIES:	
		-1 Not in universe 1 = Yes 2 = No	
PENET1210	2	Do you rely on the the Internet for any of the following: Email?	1141-1142
		EDITED UNIVERSE:	
		PRHRESP = 1 AND (HENET9 = 1 or HENET3 = 1)	
		VALID ENTRIES:	
		-1 Not in universe 1 = Yes 2 = No	
PENET1211	2	Do you rely on the the Internet for any of the following: Healthcare?	1143-1144
		EDITED UNIVERSE:	
		PRHRESP = 1 AND (HENET9 = 1 or HENET3 = 1)	
		VALID ENTRIES:	
		-1 Not in universe 1 = Yes 2 = No	
PENET1212	2	Do you rely on the the Internet for any of the following: Consumer services (such as online shopping, travel, or household services)?	1145-1146

<u>NAME</u>	<u>SIZE</u>	DESCRIPTION	LOCATION
		EDITED UNIVERSE:	
		PRHRESP = 1 AND (HENET9 = 1 or HENET3 = 1)	
		VALID ENTRIES:	
		-1 Not in universe 1 = Yes 2 = No	
PENET1213	2	Do you rely on the the Internet for any of the following: On-the-go services such as finding the nearest restaurant or traffic report?	1147-1148
		EDITED UNIVERSE:	
		PRHRESP = 1 AND (HENET9 = 1 or HENET3 = 1)	
		VALID ENTRIES:	
		-1 Not in universe 1 = Yes 2 = No	
PRHRESP	2	Household Primary Respondent Flag	1149-1150
		VALID ENTRIES:	
		-1 Not in universe	
PXNET1	2	Allocation flag for PENET1	1151-1152
		EDITED UNIVERSE:	
		PRHRESP = 1	

<u>NAME</u>	SIZE	DESCRIPTION	LOCATION
		VALID ENTRIES:	
		-1 Not in universe 1 = Allocated 2 =Not allocated	
PXNET1A	2	Allocation flag for PENET1A	1153-1154
		EDITED UNIVERSE:	
		PENET1 = 1	
		VALID ENTRIES:	
		-1 Not in universe 1 = Allocated 2 = Not allocated	
HXNET2	2	Allocation flag for HENET2	1155-1156
		EDITED UNIVERSE:	
		HRINTSTA=1 AND PRTAGE>=3	
		VALID ENTRIES:	
		-1 Not in universe 1 = Allocated 2 = Not allocated	
HXNET3	2	Allocation flag for HENET3	1157-1158
		EDITED UNIVERSE:	
		HRINTSTA=1 AND PRTAGE>=3	

<u>NAME</u>	SIZE	DESCRIPTION	LOCATION
		VALID ENTRIES:	
		-1 Not in universe 1 = Allocated 2 = Not allocated	
HXNET3A	2	Allocation flag for HENET3A	1159-1160
		EDITED UNIVERSE:	
		HENET3 = 2	
		VALID ENTRIES:	
		-1 Not in universe 1 = Allocated 2 = Not allocated	
HXNET4	2	Allocation flag for HENET4	1161-1162
		EDITED UNIVERSE:	
		HENET3 = 1	
		VALID ENTRIES:	
		-1 Not in universe 1 = Allocated 2 = Not allocated	
HXNET5	2	Allocation flag for HENET5	1163-1164
		EDITED UNIVERSE:	
		HENET41 = 1 AND (HENET42=2 and HENET43=2 and HENET44=2 and HENET45=2 and HENET46=2 and HENET47=2)	

<u>NAME</u>	SIZE	DESCRIPTION	LOCATION
		VALID ENTRIES:	
		-1 Not in universe 1 = Allocated 2 = Not allocated	
HXNET5B	2	Allocation flag for HENET5B	1165-1166
		EDITED UNIVERSE:	
		HENET5 = 2	
		VALID ENTRIES:	
		-1 Not in universe 1 = Allocated 2 = Not allocated	
HXNET5D	2	Allocation flag for HENET5D	1167-1168
		EDITED UNIVERSE:	
		HENET5 = 4	
		VALID ENTRIES:	
		-1 Not in universe 1 = Allocated 2 = Not allocated	
HXNET6	2	Allocation flag for HENET6	1169-1170
		EDITED UNIVERSE:	
		HENET3a = 1	

<u>NAME</u>	<u>SIZE</u>	<u>DESCRIPTION</u>	LOCATION
		VALID ENTRIES:	
		-1 Not in universe 1 = Allocated 2 = Not allocated	
HXNET6B	2	Allocation flag for HENET6B	1171-1172
		EDITED UNIVERSE:	
		HENET6 = 4	
		VALID ENTRIES:	
		-1 Not in universe 1 = Allocated 2 = Not allocated	
HXNET7	2	Allocation flag for HENET7	1173-1174
		EDITED UNIVERSE:	
		HENET3a = 2	
		VALID ENTRIES:	
		-1 Not in universe 1 = Allocated 2 = Not allocated	
HXNET7B	2	Allocation flag for HENET7B	1175-1176
		EDITED UNIVERSE:	
		HENET7 = 4	

<u>NAME</u>	SIZE	DESCRIPTION	LOCATION
		VALID ENTRIES:	
		-1 Not in universe 1 = Allocated 2 = Not allocated	
PXNET8	2	Allocation flag for PENET8	1177-1178
		EDITED UNIVERSE:	
		HENET3 = 1	
		VALID ENTRIES:	
		-1 Not in universe 1 = Allocated 2 = Not allocated	
HXNET9	2	Allocation flag for HENET9	1179-1180
		EDITED UNIVERSE:	
		HRINTSTA=1 AND PRTAGE>=3	
		VALID ENTRIES:	
		-1 Not in universe 1 = Allocated 2 = Not allocated	
PXNET10	2	Allocation flag for PENET10	1181-1182
		EDITED UNIVERSE:	
		HENET9 = 1	

<u>NAME</u>	SIZE	DESCRIPTION	<u>LOCATION</u>
		VALID ENTRIES:	
		-1 Not in universe1 = Allocated2 = Not allocated	
HXNET11	2	Allocation flag for HENET11	1183-1184
		EDITED UNIVERSE:	
		HENET9 = 1	
		VALID ENTRIES:	
		-1 Not in universe 1 = Allocated 2 = Not allocated	
PXNET12	2	Allocation flag for PENET12	1185-1186
		EDITED UNIVERSE:	
		PRHRESP = 1 AND (HENET9 = 1 or HENET3 = 1)	
		VALID ENTRIES:	
		-1 Not in universe 1 = Allocated 2 = Not allocated	
PWPRMWGT	10	Primary Respondent Weight	1187-1196

ATTACHMENT 8

SUPPLEMENT QUESTIONNAIRE

OCTOBER 2012 SCHOOL ENROLLMENT/ INTERNET USE SUPPLEMENT

School Enrollment - Adult's Items

PRESUP This month I am asking some additional questions concerning school enrollment.

ENTER <F1> FOR IMPORTANCE OF RESPONDING

ENTER <1> TO CONTINUE

Blind <R> Refused Supplement

===>_

SSCHOL (Are/Is) (Name/You) attending or enrolled in regular school?

(Regular school includes elementary school, high school, and schooling that leads to a college or professional school degree)

<1> Yes

<2> No

ENTER <F1> Definition of regular school

Blind $\langle D \rangle$ or $\langle R \rangle$

===>_

PUBLIC (Are/Is) (Name/You) enrolled in public or private school?

<1> Public

<2> Private

Blind $\langle D \rangle$ or $\langle R \rangle$

===>_

GRADE What grade or year (are/is) (name/you) attending?

<0> Grades 1 through 5 - Elementary

<6> 6th Grade

<7> 7th Grade

<8> 8th Grade

<9> 9th Grade

<10> 10th Grade

<11> 11th Grade <12> 12th Grade

- <21> 1st year of college (freshman)
- <22> 2nd year of college (sophomore)
- <23> 3rd year of college (junior)
- <24> 4th year of college (senior)
- <25> 1st year of graduate school
- <26> 2nd year or higher of graduate school
- <30> College, no year reported

Blind $\langle D \rangle$ or $\langle R \rangle$

===>

FULL (Are/Is) (name/you) attending college full-time or part-time?

- <1> Full-time
- <2> Part-time

Blind $\langle D \rangle$ or $\langle R \rangle$

===>_

STYPE Is this a 2-year or a 4-year college or university?

- <1> 2-year college (community or junior college)
- <2> 4-year college or university

Blind $\langle D \rangle$ or $\langle R \rangle$

===>_

VOCA Excluding/ Excluding regular college courses and on-the-job training, (are/is) (name/you) taking any business, vocational, technical, secretarial, trade, or correspondence courses?

<1> Yes

<2> No

Blind $\langle D \rangle$ or $\langle R \rangle$

===>_

LASTYR (Were/Was) (name/you) attending or enrolled in a regular school or college in October 2011, that is, October of last year?

<1> Yes

<2> No

Blind $\langle D \rangle$ or $\langle R \rangle$

===>_

LASTGD What grade or year (was/were) (name/you) attending last year?

<0> Grades 1 through 4 – Elementary

<5> 5th Grade

<6> 6th Grade

<7> 7th Grade

<8> 8th Grade

<9> 9th Grade

<10> 10th Grade

<11> 11th Grade

<12> 12th Grade

<21> 1st year of college (freshman)

<22> 2nd year of college (sophomore)

<23> 3rd year of college (junior)

<24> 4th year of college (senior)

<25> 1st year of graduate school

<26> 2nd year or higher of graduate school

<30> College, no year reported

Blind $\langle D \rangle$ or $\langle R \rangle$

===>_

YRATT In what calendar year did (name/you) last attend regular school?

<1> 2012

<2> 2011 or before

<3> Never attended

Blind $\langle D \rangle$ or $\langle R \rangle$

===>_

YRDEG In what calendar year did (name/you) receive (your/his/her) most recent degree?

Blind
$$\langle D \rangle$$
 or $\langle R \rangle$

===>_

YRDIP In what calendar year did (name/you) complete high school?

Blind
$$\langle D \rangle$$
 or $\langle R \rangle$

===>_

GED1 People can get their high school diploma in a variety of ways, such as graduation from high school or by getting a GED or other equivalent. How did (name/you) get (your/his/her) high school diploma?

- <1> Graduation from high school
- <2> GED or other equivalent

Blind
$$\langle D \rangle$$
 or $\langle R \rangle$

===>_

GED2 Earlier you said that the highest level (name/you) had completed was [EDUCA VALUE]. Did (name/you) complete high school by getting a GED or other equivalent?

Blind $\langle D \rangle$ or $\langle R \rangle$

===>_

GED3	Earlier you were unable to tell us the highest level of education (name/you) had completed. Did (name/you) complete high school by getting a GED or other equivalent?
	<1> Yes
	<2> No
	Blind <d> or <r></r></d>
	===>_
S51	Who reported for this person?
	<1> Self
	<2> Parent
	<3> Spouse
	<4> Other relative
	<5> Nonrelative
	===>_

School Enrollment Supplement - Children's Items

SCH35 (Are/Is) (name/you) attending or enrolled in nursery school, kindergarten or elementary school?

<1> <2>	Yes No
Blind -	<d> or <r></r></d>

SCH614 (Are/Is) (name/you) attending or enrolled in regular school?

(Regular school includes nursery school, kindergarten, elementary school and schooling which leads to a high school diploma or college degree.)

<1>	
<2>	No
ENTER	R <f1> Definition of regular school</f1>
Blind <	D> or < R>
===>	

CHPUB	(Are/Is)	enrolled in	public or	private	school?

<1> **Public**

<2> Private

Blind $\langle D \rangle$ or $\langle R \rangle$

===>_

What grade or year (are/is) (name/you) attending? **CHGRDE**

(If nursery school or kindergarten, ask if full-day or part-day)

- <40> Nursery (pre-school, pre-kindergarten) full-day Grade 6 – Elementary
- Nursery (pre-school, pre-kindergarten) part-day Grade 7 – Elementary <41> <7>
- <42> Kindergarten full-day Grade 8 – Elementary <8>
- <43> Kindergarten part-day <9> Grade 9 – High School
- Grade 1 Elementary <10> Grade 10 - High School <1>
- <2> Grade 2 – Elementary <11> Grade 11– High School
- Grade 3 Elementary <12> Grade 12 – High School <3>
- <4> Grade 4 – Elementary
- <5> Grade 5 – Elementary

Blind $\langle D \rangle$ or $\langle R \rangle$

===>_

S56 (Were/Was) (name/you) attending or enrolled in a regular school in October 2011, that is, October of last year?

<1> Yes

<2> No

Blind $\langle D \rangle$ or $\langle R \rangle$

===>_

S57 What grade (was/were) (name/you) attending last year?

<40> Grade 6 – Elementary Nursery school (pre-school, pre-kindergarten) <6>

<42> Kindergarten Grade 7 – Elementary <7>

Grade 1 – Elementary <8> Grade 8 – Elementary <1>

Grade 9 – High School <2> Grade 2 – Elementary <9>

Grade 3 – Elementary Grade 10 - High School <3> <10> Grade 11– High School Grade 4 – Elementary <11>

<12> <5>

Grade 5 – Elementary Grade 12 - High School

Blind $\langle D \rangle$ or $\langle R \rangle$

===>

<4>

INTERNET USE SUPPLEMENT

PRESUP2 This month we are asking additional questions about the use of personal computers, the Internet, cellular and smartphones.

	Enter (1) to Continue F1 – Help Screen RF → Refused the supplement
	Read if necessary: By "personal computers" we mean desktop, laptop, netbook, notebook or tablet computers.
NET1	Do you use a cellular phone or smartphone?
	(1) Yes (2) No
NET1a	When you use your cellular phone or smartphone, do you Read and select all that apply.
	(0) None
	(1) Make phone calls?
	(2) Send/receive text messages?
	(3) Take photos/videos?
	(4) Browse the Web?
	(5) E-mail?
	(6) Use maps or use GPS navigation?
	(7) Play games?
	(8) Access social network sites (such as Facebook or Twitter)?
	(9) Download "apps" or applications?
	(10) Listen to music or other audio?
NET2	How many desktop, laptop, netbook, notebook, and tablet computers are there in use in this household?
	Enter number: [0-20]
NET3	People can connect to the Internet in multiple ways, including using mobile devices such as laptops or smartphones, as well as on desktop computers.
	Does anyone in this household use the Internet from home?
	(1) Yes
	(1) Tes (2) No
	(2) 110
	8 -7

NET3a	Has anyone in this household ever used the Internet from home?
	(1) Yes
	(2) No
NET4	I am going to read a list of ways that people access the Internet. Keep in mind that some people connect in more than one way, especially those with mobile devices such as laptops or smartphones.
	At home, does anyone in this household access the Internet using Read and select all that apply.
	(1) Dial-up service?
	(2) DSL service?
	(3) Cable modem service?
	(4) Fiber-optic service?
	(5) Mobile broadband plan (for a computer, cell phone, smartphone, or tablet)?
	(6) Satellite service?
	(7) Some other service?
NET4a	What other service?
	Enter verbatim response:
NET5	What is the MAIN reason that you do not have high-speed (that is, faster than dial-up) Internet access at home?
	Do not read response options.
	(1) Don't need it, not interested
	(2) Too expensive
	(3) Can use it somewhere else
	(4) Not available in area
	(5) No computer or computer inadequate
	(6) Privacy or security concerns
	(7) Other reason
NET5a	What is this other reason?
	Enter verbatim response:

NET5b	What costs are you most concerned about? Read and select all that apply.
	 Cost of the computer and/or other hardware (e.g., modem) Cost of installing Internet service Cost of monthly Internet service Some other cost
NET5c	What is this other cost?
	Enter verbatim response:
NET5d	What high-speed access is not available?
	(1) Mobile(2) Wired(3) Or both
NET6	What is the MAIN reason you no longer have the Internet at home? Do not read response options.
	 (1) Don't need it, not interested (2) Too expensive (3) Can use it somewhere else (4) No longer available in area (5) No computer or computer inadequate (6) Privacy or security concerns (7) Other reason
NET6a	What is this other reason?
	Enter verbatim response:
NET6b	What high-speed access is not available?
	(1) Mobile(2) Wired(3) Or both

NET7	What is the MAIN reason that you don't have the Internet at home? Do not read response options.
	(1) Don't need it, not interested
	(2) Too expensive
	(3) Can use it somewhere else
	(4) Not available in area
	(5) No computer or computer inadequate
	(6) Privacy or security concerns
	(7) Other reason
NET7a	What is this other reason?
	Enter verbatim response:
NET7b	What high-speed access is not available?
	(1) Mobile
	(2) Wired
	(3) Or both
NET8	Of the following, who uses the Internet at home? Include using the Internet from any computer or mobile device at home. Read all names in household 3+ and select all that apply.
	(0) Nobody
	Enter persons line number (1-16)
	Effet persons fine number (1-10)
NET8CK	Previously you reported that someone in this household uses the Internet from home, however, now you are reporting that nobody uses the Internet from home. Which is correct? If nobody is correct, select "S" to suppress.
NET9	^NETFILL, [do you \ do you or any member of this household] access the Internet at any location outside the home?
	(1) Yes (2) No
NET10	Who is that?

NET11 [Do you / Do you or any member of this household] access the Internet at any of the following locations outside the home?

Enter persons line number (1-16)

Read	and	select	all	that	apply.	•
------	-----	--------	-----	------	--------	---

- (1) Workplace
- (2) School
- (3) **Public library**
- (4) Community center
- (5) Internet café / coffee shop in your area
- (6) Someone else's house
- (7) Another place outside the home

NET11sp What other place outside the home?

Enter verbatim response:

NET12 Do you rely on the Internet for any of the following:

Read and select all that apply.

- (0) None
- (1) **Telecommuting?**
- (2) **Music?**
- (3) Games?
- (4) Videos?
- (5) Financial services (such as banking, investing, or trading)?
- (6) Job seeking or job training?
- (7) Education or schoolwork (such as taking a class online)?
- (8) Video conferencing?
- (9) Voice calls?
- (10) **Email?**
- (11) Healthcare?
- (12) Consumer services (such as online shopping, travel, or household services)?
- (13) On-the-go services such as finding the nearest restaurant or traffic report?

ATTACHMENT 9

INDUSTRY CLASSIFICATION

Industry Classification Codes for Detailed Industry (4 digit)
(Starting May 2012)

These categories are aggregated into 52 detailed groups and 14 major groups (see pages 10-12 of this attachment). The codes in the right hand column are the NAICS equivalent.

These codes correspond to Items PEIO1ICD and PEIO2ICD, in positions 856-859 and 864-867 of the Basic CPS record layout in all months, **except March**. In **March**, these codes correspond to PEIOIND and Industry, in positions 172-175 and 292-295 of the Person record.

NAICS

CENSUS

CODE	DESCRIPTION	CODE
	Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing, and Hunting	
0170 0180 0190 0270 0280 0290	Crop production Animal production Forestry except logging Logging Fishing, hunting, and trapping Support activities for agriculture and forestry	111 112 1131, 1132 1133 114 115
	Mining	
0370 0380 0390 0470 0490	Oil and gas extraction Coal mining Metal ore mining Nonmetallic mineral mining and quarrying and not specified type of mining Support activities for mining	211 2121 2122 Part of 21 213
	Utilities	
0570 0580 0590 0670 0680 0690	Electric power generation, transmission and distribution Natural gas distribution Electric and gas, and other combinations Water, steam, air-conditioning, and irrigation systems Sewage treatment facilities Not specified utilities	Pt. 2211 Pt. 2212 Pts. 2211, 2212 22131, 22133 22132 Part of 22

9-1

CODE	DESCRIPTION	INDUSTRY CODE
	Construction	
0770	** Construction (Includes the cleaning of buildings and dwellings is incidental during construction and immediately after construction)	23
	Manufacturing Nondurable Goods manufacturing	
1070	Animal food, grain and oilseed milling	3111, 3112
1080	Sugar and confectionery products	3113
1090	Fruit and vegetable preserving and specialty food manufacturing	3114
1170	Dairy product manufacturing	3115
1180	Animal slaughtering and processing	3116
1190	Retail bakeries	311811
1270	Bakeries, except retail	3118 exc.
		311811
1280	Seafood and other miscellaneous foods, n.e.c.	3117, 3119
1290	Not specified food industries	Part of 311
1370	Beverage manufacturing	3121
1390	Tobacco manufacturing	3122
1470	Fiber, yarn, and thread mills	3131
1480	Fabric mills, except knitting	3132 exc. 31324
1490	Textile and fabric finishing and coating mills	31324
1570	Carpet and rug mills	31411
1590	Textile product mills, except carpets and rugs	314 exc. 31411
1670	Knitting mills	31324, 3151
1680	Cut and sew apparel manufacturing	3152
1690	Apparel accessories and other apparel manufacturing	3159
1770	Footwear manufacturing	3162
1790	Leather tanning and products, except footwear manufacturing	3161, 3169
1870	Pulp, paper, and paperboard mills	3221
1880	Paperboard containers and boxes	32221
1890	Miscellaneous paper and pulp products	32222, 32223,
		32229
1990	Printing and related support activities	3231
2070	Petroleum refining	32411
2090	Miscellaneous petroleum and coal products	32419
2170	Resin, synthetic rubber and fibers, and filaments manufacturing	3252
2180	Agricultural chemical manufacturing	3253
2190	Pharmaceutical and medicine manufacturing	3254
2270	Paint, coating, and adhesive manufacturing B46	3255
2280	Soap, cleaning compound, and cosmetics manufacturing	3256
2290	Industrial and miscellaneous chemicals	3251, 3259
2370	Plastics product manufacturing	3261
2380	Tire manufacturing Pubber products, except tires, manufacturing	32621
2390	Rubber products, except tires, manufacturing	32622, 32629

Durable Goods Manufacturing

2470	Pottery, ceramics, and related products manufacturing	32711
2480	Structural clay product manufacturing	32712
2490	Glass and glass product manufacturing	3272
2570	Cement, concrete, lime, and gypsum product manufacturing	3273, 3274
2590	Miscellaneous nonmetallic mineral product manufacturing	3279
2670	Iron and steel mills and steel product manufacturing	3311, 3312
2680	Aluminum production and processing	3311, 3312
2690	Nonferrous metal, except aluminum, production and processing	3314
2770	Foundries	3315
2780	Metal forgings and stampings	3321
2790	Cutlery and hand tool manufacturing	3322
2870	Structural metals, and tank and shipping container manufacturing	3323, 3324
2880	Machine shops; turned product; screw, nut and bolt manufacturing	3323, 3324 3327
2890	Coating, engraving, heat treating and allied activities	3328
2970	Ordnance	332992 to
2000	Minute the second of the secon	332995
2980	Miscellaneous fabricated metal products manufacturing	3325, 3326,
		3329 exc.
		332992, 332993,
•		332994, 332995
2990	Not specified metal industries	Part of 331
		and 332
3070	Agricultural implement manufacturing	33311
3080	Construction, mining and oil field machinery manufacturing	33312, 33313
3090	Commercial and service industry machinery manufacturing	3333
3170	Metalworking machinery manufacturing	3335
3180	Engines, turbines, and power transmission equipment manufacturing	3336
3190	Machinery manufacturing, n.e.c.	Part of 333
3360	Computer and peripheral equipment manufacturing	3341
3370	Communications, audio, and video equipment manufacturing	3342, 3343
3380	Navigational, measuring, electromedical, and control instruments manufacturing	3345
3390	Electronic component and product manufacturing, n.e.c.	3344, 3346
3470	Household appliance manufacturing	3352
3490	Electrical lighting, equipment, and supplies manufacturing, n.e.c.	3351, 3353,
		3359
3570	Motor vehicles and motor vehicle equipment manufacturing	3361, 3362,
		3363
3580	Aircraft and parts manufacturing	336411 to
		336413
3590	Aerospace products and parts manufacturing	336414,
	-	336415, 336419
3670	Railroad rolling stock manufacturing	3365
3680	Ship and boat building	3366
3690	Other transportation equipment manufacturing	3369

CODE	DESCRIPTION	INDUSTRY CODE	
3770 3780 3790	Sawmills and wood preservation Veneer, plywood, and engineered wood products Prefabricated wood buildings and mobile homes	3211 3212 321991,	
3870	Miscellaneous wood products	321992 3219 exc. 321991, 321992	
3890 3960 3970 3980	Furniture and related product manufacturing Medical equipment and supplies manufacturing Toys, amusement, and sporting goods manufacturing Miscellaneous manufacturing, n.e.c.	337 3391 33992, 33993 3399 exc. 33992, 33993	
3990	Not specified manufacturing industries Wholesale Trade Durable Goods Wholesale	Part of 31, 32, 33	
4070 4080 4090 4170 4180 4190 4260 4270 4280 4290	Motor vehicles, parts and supplies, merchant wholesalers Furniture and home furnishing, merchant wholesalers Lumber and other construction materials, merchant wholesalers Professional and commercial equipment and supplies, merchant wholesalers Metals and minerals, except petroleum, merchant wholesalers Electrical goods, merchant wholesalers Hardware, plumbing and heating equipment, and supplies, merchant wholesalers Machinery, equipment, and supplies, merchant wholesalers Recyclable material, merchant wholesalers Miscellaneous durable goods, merchant wholesalers	4231 4232 4233 4234 4235 4236 4237 4238 42393 4239 exc. 42393	
	Nondurable Goods Wholesale		
4370 4380 4390 4470 4480 4490 4560 4570 4580	Paper and paper products, merchant wholesalers Drugs, sundries, and chemical and allied products, merchant wholesalers Apparel, fabrics, and notions, merchant wholesalers Groceries and related products, merchant wholesalers Farm product raw materials, merchant wholesalers Petroleum and petroleum products, merchant wholesalers Alcoholic beverages, merchant wholesalers Farm supplies, merchant wholesalers Miscellaneous nondurable goods, merchant wholesalers	4241 4242, 4246 4243 4244 4245 4247 4248 42491 4249 exc. 42491	
4585 4590	Wholesale electronic markets, agents and brokers Not specified wholesale trade	4251 Part of 42	

Retail Trade

4670	Automobile declare	4411
4670 4680	Automobile dealers Other motor vehicle dealers	4411 4412
4690		4413
4090	Auto parts, accessories, and tire stores Furniture and home furnishings stores	442
4770	Household appliance stores	443111
4790	**	443112,
4730	Radio, TV, and computer stores	443112,
4870	Puilding meterial and supplies dealers	4441 exc.
4070	Building material and supplies dealers	44413
4880	Hardware stores	44413
4890	Lawn and garden equipment and supplies stores	4442
4970	Grocery stores	4451
4980	Specialty food stores	4452
4990	Beer, wine, and liquor stores	4453
5070	Pharmacies and drug stores	4461
5080	Health and personal care, except drug, stores	446 exc.
3000	ricatui and personal care, except drug, stores	44611
5090	Gasoline stations	447
5170	Clothing and accessories, except shoe, stores	448 exc.
3170	Crothing and accessories, except snoc, stores	44821, 4483
5180	Shoe stores	44821
5190	Jewelry, luggage, and leather goods stores	4483
5270	Sporting goods, camera, and hobby and toy stores	44313, 45111,
3210	Sporting goods, camera, and noody and toy stores	45112
5280	Sewing, needlework, and piece goods stores	45113
5290	Music stores	45114, 45122
5370	Book stores and news dealers	45121
5380	Department stores and discount stores	45211
5390	Miscellaneous general merchandise stores	4529
5470	Retail florists	4531
5480	Office supplies and stationery stores	45321
5490	Used merchandise stores	4533
5570	Gift, novelty, and souvenir shops	45322
5580	Miscellaneous retail stores	4539
5590	Electronic shopping	454111
5591	Electronic auctions	454112
5592	Mail order houses	454113
5670	Vending machine operators	4542
5680	Fuel dealers	45431
5690	Other direct selling establishments	45439
5790	Not specified retail trade	Part of 44, 45

CODE	DESCRIPTION	INDUSTRY CODE	
	Transportation and Warehousing		
6070	Air transportation	481	
6080	Rail transportation	482	
6090	Water transportation	483	
6170	Truck transportation	484	
6180	Bus service and urban transit	4851, 4852,	
		4854, 4855,	
6100	m ' 11' '	4859	
6190	Taxi and limousine service	4853	
6270	Pipeline transportation	486 487	
6280 6290	Scenic and sightseeing transportation	487	
6370	Services incidental to transportation Postal Service	400 491	
6380	Couriers and messengers	492	
6390	Warehousing and storage	493	
0390	watchousing and storage	493	
	Information		
6470	Newspaper publishers	51111	
6480	Publishing, except newspapers and software	5111 exc.	
		51111	
6490	Software publishing	5112	
6570	Motion pictures and video industries	5121	
6590	Sound recording industries	5122	
6670	Radio and television broadcasting and cable	515	
6672	Internet Publishing and Broadcasting	51913	
6680	Wired telecommunications carriers	5171	
6690	Other telecommunications services	517 exc.	
		5171	
6695	Data processing, hosting, and related services	518	
6770	Libraries and archives	51912	
6780	Other information services	5191 exc.	
		51912, 51913	
Financ	e, Insurance, Real Estate, and Rental and Leasing Finance and Insurance		
6870	Banking and related activities	521,52211,	
		52219	
6880	Savings institutions, including credit unions	52212, 52213	
6890	Non-depository credit and related activities	5222, 5223	
6970	Securities, commodities, funds, trusts, and other financial investments	523, 525	
6990	Insurance carriers and related activities	524	

CODE	DESCRIPTION	INDUSTRY CODE
	Real Estate and Rental and Leasing	
7070 7080 7170 7180	Real estate Automotive equipment rental and leasing Video tape and disk rental Other consumer goods rental	531 5321 53223 53221, 53222, 53229, 5323
7190	Commercial, industrial, and other intangible assets rental and leasing	5324, 533
Profess	ional, Scientific, Management, Administrative, and Waste manageme Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services	ent services
7270 7280 7290 7370 7380 7390 7460 7470 7480 7490	Legal services Accounting, tax preparation, bookkeeping, and payroll services Architectural, engineering, and related services Specialized design services Computer systems design and related services Management, scientific, and technical consulting services Scientific research and development services Advertising and related services Veterinary services Other professional, scientific, and technical services Management, Administrative and Support, and Waste Management Services Management of companies and enterprises	5411 5412 5413 5414 5415 5416 5417 5418 54194 5419 exc. 54194
7570	Management of companies and enterprises	551
	Administrative and support and waste management services	
7580 7590 7670 7680 7690 7770 7780	Employment services Business support services Travel arrangements and reservation services Investigation and security services Services to buildings and dwellings (except cleaning during construction and immediately after construction) Landscaping services Other administrative and other support services	5613 5614 5615 5616 5617 exc. 56173 7770 56173 5611, 5612, 5619
7790	Waste management and remediation services	562

Educational, Health and Social Services

Educational Services

7860	Elementary and secondary schools	6111
7870	Colleges and universities, including junior colleges	6112, 6113
7880	Business, technical, and trade schools and training	6114, 6115
7890	Other schools, instruction, and educational services	6116, 6117
	Health Care and Social Assistance	
7970	Offices of physicians	6211
7980	Offices of dentists	6212
7990	Offices of chiropractors	62131
8070	Offices of optometrists	62132
8080	Offices of other health practitioners	6213 exc.
		62131, 62132
8090	Outpatient care centers	6214
8170	Home health care services	6216
8180	Other health care services	6215, 6219
8190	Hospitals	622
8270	Nursing care facilities	6231
8290	Residential care facilities, without nursing	6232, 6233,
		6239
8370	Individual and family services	6241
8380	Community food and housing, and emergency services	6242

6243

6244

Arts, Entertainment, Recreation, Accommodation, and Food Services

Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation

Vocational rehabilitation services

Child day care services

8390

8470

8560	Independent artists, performing arts, spectator sports, and related industries	711
8570	Museums, art galleries, historical sites, and similar institutions	712
8580	Bowling centers	71395
8590	Other amusement, gambling, and recreation industries	713 exc.
		71395
	Accommodation and Food Service	

8660	Traveler accommodation	7211
8670	Recreational vehicle parks and camps, and rooming and boarding houses	7212, 7213
8680	Restaurants and other food services	722 exc. 7224
8690	Drinking places, alcoholic beverages	7224

CODE	DESCRIPTION	INDUSTRY CODE
	Other Services (Except Public Administration)	
8770	Automotive repair and maintenance	8111 exc. 811192
8780	Car washes	811192
8790	Electronic and precision equipment repair and maintenance	8112
8870	Commercial and industrial machinery and equipment repair and maintenance	8113
8880	Personal and household goods repair and maintenance and	
	footwear and leather goods repair	8114
8970	Barber shops	812111
8980	Beauty salons	812112
8990	Nail salons and other personal care services	812113,
		81219
9070	Dry cleaning and laundry services	8123
9080	Funeral homes, cemeteries, and crematories	8122
9090	Other personal services	8129
9160	Religious organizations	8131
9170	Civic, social, advocacy organizations, and grant making and giving services	8132, 8133, 8134
9180	Labor unions	81393
9190	Business, professional, political, and similar organizations	8139 exc.
		81393
9290	Private households	814
	Public Administration	
9370	Executive offices and legislative bodies	92111, 92112, 92114, pt. 92115
9380	Public finance activities	92113
9390	Other general government and support	92119
9470	Justice, public order, and safety activities	922, pt. 92115
9480	Administration of human resource programs	923
9490	Administration of environmental quality and housing programs	924, 925
9570	Administration of economic programs and space research	926, 927
9590	National security and international affairs	925
	Armed Forces	
9890	Armed Forces	9281

Detailed Industry Recodes (01-52)

These codes correspond to Items PRDTIND1 and PRDTIND2 in positions 472-475 of the Basic CPS record layout in all months **except** March. In **March**, these codes correspond to Item A-DTIND and are located in positions 209-210.

CODE	DESCRIPTION	INDUSTRY CODE
1	Agriculture	0170 - 0180,
		0290
2	Forestry, logging, fishing, hunting, and trapping	0190 - 0280
3	Mining	0370 - 0490
4	Construction	0770
5	Nonmetallic mineral products	2470 - 2590
6	Primary metals and fabricated metal products	2670 - 2990
7	Machinery manufacturing	3070 - 3290
8	Computer and electronic products	3360 - 3390
9	Electrical equipment, appliance manufacturing	3470, 3490
10	Transportation equipment manufacturing	3570 - 3690
11	Wood products	3770 - 3870
12	Furniture and fixtures manufacturing	3890
13	Miscellaneous and not specified manufacturing	3960 - 3990
14	Food manufacturing	1070 - 1290
15	Beverage and tobacco products	1370, 1390
16	Textile, apparel, and leather manufacturing	1470 - 1790
17	Paper and printing	1870 - 1990
18	Petroleum and coal products	2070, 2090
19	Chemical manufacturing	2170 - 2290
20	Plastics and rubber products	2370 - 2390
21	Wholesale trade	4070 - 4590
22	Retail trade	4670 - 5790
23	Transportation and warehousing	6070 - 6390
24	Utilities	0570 - 0690
25	Publishing industries (except internet)	6470 - 6490
26	Motion picture and sound recording industries	6570, 6590
27	Broadcasting (except internet)	6670
28	Internet publishing and broadcasting	6675
29	Telecommunications	6680, 6690
30	Internet service providers and data processing services	6692, 6695
31	Other information services	6770, 6780
32	Finance	6870 - 6970
33	Insurance	6990
34	Real estate	7070
35	Rental and leasing services	7080 - 7190
36	Professional and technical services	7270 - 7490
37	Management of companies and enterprises	7570

DESCRIPTION	INDUSTRY CODE
Administrative and support services	7580 - 7780
Waste management and remediation services	7790
Educational services	7860 - 7890
Hospitals	8190
Health care services, except hospitals	7970 - 8180,
Social assistance	8370 - 8470
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	8560 - 8590
Accommodation	8660, 8670
Food services and drinking places	8680, 8690
Repair and maintenance	8770 - 8890
Personal and laundry services	8970 - 9090
Membership associations and organizations	9160 - 9190
Private households	9290
Public administration	9370 - 9590
Armed forces	9890
	Administrative and support services Waste management and remediation services Educational services Hospitals Health care services, except hospitals Social assistance Arts, entertainment, and recreation Accommodation Food services and drinking places Repair and maintenance Personal and laundry services Membership associations and organizations Private households Public administration

Major Industry Recodes (01-14)

These codes correspond to Items PRMJIND1 and PRMJIND2 located in positions 482-485 of the Basic CPS record layout in all months **except** March. In **March**, these codes correspond to Item A-MJIND and are located in positions 207-208.

CODE	DESCRIPTION	INDUSTRY CODE
1	Agriculture, forestry, fishing, and hunting	0170-0290
2	Mining	0370-0490
3	Construction	0770
4	Manufacturing	1070-3990
5	Wholesale and retail trade	4070-5790
6	Transportation and utilities	6070-6390,
	•	0570-0690
7	Information	6470-6780
8	Financial activities	6870-7190
9	Professional and business services	7270-7790
10	Educational and health services	7860-8470
11	Leisure and hospitality	8560-8690
12	Other services	8770-9290
13	Public administration	9370-9590
14	Armed Forces	9890

APPENDIX 10

OCCUPATION CLASSIFICATION

(Beginning May 2012)

These categories are aggregated into 23 detailed groups and 11 major groups (see pages 10-13 and 10-14). The codes in the right hand column are the 2010 SOC equivalent.

These codes correspond to items PEIO1OCD and PEIO2OCD in positions 860-863 and 868-871 of the Basic CPS record layout in all months. In **ASEC**, these codes correspond to items PEIOOCC and OCCUP located in positions 172-172 and 296-299 of the Persons Record. These codes are also applicable for any other CPS supplements that collect occupation data.

2010

2010

CENSUS CODE	DESCRIPTION	SOC CODE
	Management Occupations	
0010	Chief executives	11-1011
0020	General and operations managers	11-1021
0040	Advertising and promotions managers	11-2011
0050	Marketing and sales managers	11-2020
0060	Public relations managers	11-2031
0100	Administrative services managers	11-3011
0110	Computer and information systems managers	11-3021
0120	Financial managers	11-3031
0135	Compensation and benefits managers	11-3111
0136	Human resources managers	11-3121
0137	Training and development managers	11-3131
0140	Industrial production managers	11-3051
0150	Purchasing managers	11-3061
0160	Transportation, storage, and distribution managers	11-3071
0205	Farmers, ranchers, and other agricultural managers	11-9013
0220	Construction managers	11-9021
0230	Education administrators	11-9030
0300	Engineering managers	11-9041
0310	Food service managers	11-9051
0330	Gaming managers	11-9071
0340	Lodging managers	11-9081
0350	Medical and health services managers	11-9111
0360	Natural sciences managers	11-9121
0410	Property, real estate, and community association managers	11-9141
0420	Social and community service managers	11-9151
0425	Emergency management directors	11-9161

2010 CENSUS CODE DES	SCRIPTION	2010 SOC CODE
0430	Managers, all other	11-XXXX
	Business and Financial Operations Occupations	
	Business Operations Specialists	
0500 0510 0520 0530 0540 0565 0600 0630 0640 0650 0710 0725 0726	Agents and business managers of artists, performers, and athletes Purchasing agents and buyers, farm products Wholesale and retail buyers, except farm products Purchasing agents, except wholesale, retail, and farm products Claims adjusters, appraisers, examiners, and investigators Compliance officers Cost estimators Human resource workers Compensation, benefits, and job analysis specialists Training and development specialists Logisticians Management analysts Meeting, convention, and event planners Fundraisers Market research analysts and marketing specialists	13-1011 13-1021 13-1022 13-1023 13-1030 13-1041 13-1051 13-1070 13-1141 13-1151 13-1081 13-1111 13-1121 13-1131
0740	Business operations specialists, all other Financial Specialists	13-1101
0800 0810 0820 0830 0840 0850 0860 0900 0910 0930 0940	Accountants and auditors Appraisers and assessors of real estate Budget analysts Credit analysts Financial analysts Personal financial advisors Insurance underwriters Financial examiners Loan counselors and officers Tax examiners, collectors, and revenue agents Tax prepares Financial specialists, all other	13-2011 13-2021 13-2031 13-2041 13-2051 13-2052 13-2053 13-2061 13-2070 13-2081 13-2082 13-2099
1005	Computer and Mathematical Occupations	15 1111
1005 1006 1007 1010 1020 1030 1050 1060 1105 1106	Computer and information research scientists Computer systems analysts Information security analysts Computer programmers Software developers, applications and systems software Web developers Computer support specialists Database administrators Network and computer systems administrators Computer network architects	15-1111 15-1121 15-1122 15-1131 15-113X 15-1134 15-1150 15-1141 15-1142 15-1143
	10-2	

1107 1200	Computer occupations, all other Actuaries	15-1199 15-2011
1220	Operations research analysts	15-20XX
1240	Mathematicians, statisticians and miscellaneous mathematical science occupations	
	Architecture and Engineering Occupations	
1300	Architects, except naval	17-1010
1310	Surveyors, cartographers, and photogrammetrists	17-1020
1320	Aerospace engineers	17-2011
1340	Agricultural and biomedical engineers	17-20XX
1350	Chemical engineers	17-2041
1360	Civil engineers	17-2051
1400	Computer hardware engineers	17-2061
1410	Electrical and electronic engineers	17-2070
1420	Environmental engineers	17-2081
1430	Industrial engineers, including health and safety	17-2110
1440	Marine engineers and naval architects	17-2121
1450	Materials engineers	17-2131
1460	Mechanical engineers	17-2141
1500	Mining and geological engineers, including mining safety engineers	17-2151
1510	Nuclear engineers	17-2161
1520	Petroleum engineers	17-2171
1530	Engineers, all other	17-2199
1540	Drafters	17-3010
1550	Engineering technicians, except drafters	17-3020
1560	Surveying and mapping technicians	17-3031
	Life, Physical, and Social Science Occupations	
1600	Agricultural and food scientists	19-1010
1610	Biological scientists	19-1020
1640	Conservation scientists and foresters	19-1030
1650	Medical scientists and life scientists, all other	19-10XX
1700	Astronomers and physicists	19-2010
1710	Atmospheric and space scientists	19-2021
1720	Chemists and materials scientists	19-2030
1740	Environmental scientists and geoscientists	19-2040
1760	Physical scientists, all other	19-2099
1800	Economists	19-3011
1820	Psychologists	19-3030
1840	Urban and regional planners	19-3051
1860	Miscellaneous social scientists, including survey researchers and sociologists	19-30XX
1900	Agricultural and food science technicians	19-4011
1910	Biological technicians	19-4021
1920	Chemical technicians	19-4031
1930	Geological and petroleum technicians	19-4041
1965	Miscellaneous life, physical, and social science technicians	

2010 CENSUS CODE DES	SCRIPTION	2010 SOC CODE
	Community and Social Services Occupations	
2000	Counselors	21-1010
2010	Social workers	21-1020
2015	Probation officers and correctional treatment specialists	21-1092
2016	Social and human service assistants	21-1093
2025	Miscellaneous community and social service specialists,	21 100V
2040	including health educators and community health workers	21-109X 21-2011
2040	Clergy Directors, religious activities and education	21-2011
2060	Religious workers, all other	21-2021
2000	Ç	21 2077
	Legal Occupations	
2100	Lawyers, Judges, magistrates, and other judicial workers	23-1011 23-1020
2105	Judicial law clerks	23-1012
2145	Paralegals and legal assistants	23-2011
2160	Miscellaneous legal support workers	23-2090
	Education, Training, and Library Occupations	
2200	Postsecondary teachers	25-1000
2300	Preschool and kindergarten teachers	25-2010
2310	Elementary and middle school teachers	25-2020
2320	Secondary school teachers	25-2050
2330	Special education teachers	25-2040
2340	Other teachers and instructors	25-3000
2400	Archivists, curators, and museum technicians	25-4010
2430	Librarians	25-4021
2440	Library technicians	25-4031
2540 2550	Teacher assistants Other advection, training, and library workers	25-9041 25-90XX
2330	Other education, training, and library workers	23-90AA
	Arts, Design, Entertainment, Sports, and Media Occupations	
2600	Artists and related workers	27-1010
2630	Designers	27-1020
2700	Actors	27-2011
2710	Producers and directors	27-2012
2720	Athletes, coaches, umpires, and related workers	27-2020
2740	Dancers and choreographers	27-2030
2750	Musicians, singers, and related workers	27-2040
2760 2800	Entertainers and performers, sports and related workers, all other Announcers	27-2099 27-3010
2800 2810	News analysts, reporters and correspondents	27-3010 27-3020
2825	Public relations specialists	27-3020
2830	Editors	27-3031
2840	Technical writers	27-3041
2850	Writers and authors	27-3043

2860	Miscellaneous media and communication workers	27-3090
2900	Broadcast and sound engineering technicians and radio operators, and media and	27 40VV
2910	communication equipment workers, all other Photographers	27-40XX 27-4021
2920	Television, video, and motion picture camera operators and editors	27-4021
2920	refevision, video, and motion picture camera operators and editors	27-4030
	Healthcare Practitioners and Technical Occupations	
3000	Chiropractors	29-1011
3010	Dentists	29-1020
3030	Dietitians and nutritionists	29-1031
3040	Optometrists	29-1041
3050	Pharmacists	29-1051
3060	Physicians and surgeons	29-1060
3110	Physician assistants	29-1071
3140	Audiologists	29-1181
3150	Occupational therapists	29-1122
3160	Physical therapists	29-1123
3200	Radiation therapists	29-1124
3210	Recreational therapists	29-1125
3220	Respiratory therapists	29-1126
3230	Speech-language pathologists	29-1127
3245	Exercise physiologists and therapists, all other	29-112X
3250	Veterinarians	29-1131
3255	Registered nurses	29-1141
3256	Nurse anesthetists	29-1151
3258	Nurse midwives and nurse practitioners	29-11XX
3260	Health diagnosing and treating practitioners, all other	29-1199
3300	Clinical laboratory technologists and technicians	29-2010
3310	Dental hygienists	29-2021
3320	Diagnostic related technologists and technicians	29-2030
3400	Emergency medical technicians and paramedics	29-2041
3420	Health diagnosing and treating practitioner support technicians	29-2050
3500	Licensed practical and licensed vocational nurses	29-2061
3510	Medical records and health information technicians	29-2071
3520	Opticians, dispensing	29-2081
3535	Miscellaneous health technologists and technicians	29-2090
3540	Other healthcare practitioners and technical occupations, including podiatrists	29-XXXX
	Healthcare Support Occupations	
3600	Nursing, psychiatric, and home health aides	31-1010
3610	Occupational therapist assistants and aides	31-2010
3620	Physical therapist assistants and aides	31-2020
3630	Massage therapists	31-9011
3640	Dental assistants	31-9091
3645	Medical assistants	31-9092
3646	Medical transcriptionists	31-9094
3647	Pharmacy aides	31-9095
3648	Veterinary assistants and laboratory animal caretakers	31-9096
3649	Phlebotomists	31-9097

2010
CENSUS
CODE DESCRIPTION
CODE

3655	Miscellaneous healthcare support occupations, including medical equipment preparers	31-909X
	Protective Service Occupations	
3700	First-line supervisors/managers of correctional officers	33-1011
3710	First-line supervisors/managers of police and detectives	33-1012
3720	First-line supervisors/managers of fire fighting and prevention workers	33-1021
3730 3740	Supervisors, protective service workers, all other Fire fighters	33-1099 33-2011
3750	Fire inspectors	33-2011
3800	Bailiffs, correctional officers, and jailers	33-3010
3820	Detectives and criminal investigators	33-3021
3840	Miscellaneous law enforcement workers	33-30XX
3850	Police officers	33-3050
3900	Animal control workers	33-9011
3910	Private detectives and investigators	33-9021
3930	Security guards and gaming surveillance officers	33-9030
3940 3945	Crossing guards Transportation security screeners	33-9091 33-9093
3955	Lifeguards and other recreational and all other protective service workers	33-909X
3733	Energiands and other recreational and an other protective service workers	33 70711
	Food Preparation and Serving Related Occupations	
4000	Chefs and head cooks	35-1011
4010	First-line supervisors/managers of food preparation and serving workers	35-1012
4020	Cooks	35-2010
4030	Food preparation workers	35-2021
4040	Bartenders Combined food proportion and coming workers including foot food	35-3011
4050 4060	Combined food preparation and serving workers, including fast food Counter attendants, cafeteria, food concession, and coffee shop	35-3021 35-3022
4110	Waiters and waitresses	35-3022
4120	Food servers, nonrestaurant	35-3041
4130	Food preparation and serving related workers, all other including dining room and	
	cafeteria attendants and bartender helpers	35-9011
4140	Dishwashers	35-9021
4150	Hosts and hostesses, restaurant, lounge, and coffee shop	35-9031
	Building and Grounds Cleaning and Maintenance Occupations	
4200	First-line supervisors/managers of housekeeping and janitorial workers	37-1011
4210	First-line supervisors/managers of landscaping, lawn service, and groundskeeping	05.1010
4000	workers	37-1012
4220	Janitors and building cleaners	31-201X
4230 4240	Maids and housekeeping cleaners Pest control workers	37-2012 37-2021
4240	Grounds maintenance workers	37-2021
7230	Orogina maintenance workers	37 3010

Personal Care and Service Occupations

4300	First-line supervisors/managers of gaming workers	39-1010
4320	First-line supervisors/managers of personal service workers	39-1021
4340	Animal trainers	39-2011
4350	Nonfarm animal caretakers	39-2021
4400	Gaming services workers	39-3010
4410	Motion picture projectionists	39-3021
4420	Ushers, lobby attendants, and ticket takers	39-3031
4430	Miscellaneous entertainment attendants and related workers	39-3090
4460	Embalmers and funeral attendants	39-40XX
4465	Morticians, undertakers, and funeral directors	39-4031
4500	Barbers	39-5011
4510	Hairdressers, hairstylists, and cosmetologists	39-5012
4520	Miscellaneous personal appearance workers	39-5090
4530	Baggage porters, bellhops, and concierges	39-6010
4540	Tour and travel guides	39-7010
4600	Child care workers	39-9011
4610	Personal and home care aides	39-9021
4620	Recreation and fitness workers	39-9030
4640	Residential advisors	39-9041
4650	Personal care and service workers, all other	39-9099
	Sales and Related Occupations	
4700	First-line supervisors/managers of retail sales workers	41-1011
4710	First-line supervisors/managers of non-retail sales workers	41-1012
4720	Cashiers	41-2010
4740	Counter and rental clerks	41-2021
4750	Parts salespersons	41-2022
4760	Retail salespersons	41-2031
4800	Advertising sales agents	41-3011
4810	Insurance sales agents	41-3021
4820	Securities, commodities, and financial services sales agents	41-3031
4830	Travel agents	41-3041
4840	Sales representatives, services, all other	41-3099
4850	Sales representatives, wholesale and manufacturing	41-4010
4900	Models, demonstrators, and product promoters	41-9010
4920	Real estate brokers and sales agents	41-9020
4930	Sales engineers	41-9031
4940	Telemarketers	41-9041
4950	Door-to-door sales workers, news and street vendors, and related workers	41-9091
4965	Sales and related workers, all other	41-9099
	Office and Administrative Support Occupations	
5000	First-line supervisors/managers of office and administrative support workers	43-1011
5010	Switchboard operators, including answering service	43-2011
5020	Telephone operators	43-2021
5030	Communications equipment operators, all other	43-2099
	10.7	

2010 CENSUS		2010 SOC
CODE DESCRIPTION		CODE
5100	Bill and account collectors	43-3011
5110	Billing and posting clerks and machine operators	43-3021
5120	Bookkeeping, accounting, and auditing clerks	43-3031
5130	Gaming cage workers	43-3041
5140	Payroll and timekeeping clerks	43-3051
5150	Procurement clerks	43-3061
5160	Tellers	43-3071
5165	Financial clerks, all other	43-3099
5200	Brokerage clerks	43-4011
5220	Court, municipal, and license clerks	43-4031
5230	Credit authorizers, checkers, and clerks	43-4041
5240	Customer service representatives	43-4051
5250	Eligibility interviewers, government programs	43-4061
5260	File Clerks	43-4071
5300	Hotel, motel, and resort desk clerks	43-4081
5310	Interviewers, except eligibility and loan	43-4111
5320	Library assistants, clerical	43-4121
5330	Loan interviewers and clerks	43-4131
5340	New accounts clerks	43-4141
5350	Correspondence clerks and order clerks	43-4XXX
5360	Human resources assistants, except payroll and timekeeping	43-4161
5400	Receptionists and information clerks	43-4171
5410	Reservation and transportation ticket agents and travel clerks	43-4181
5420	Information and record clerks, all other	43-4199
5500	Cargo and freight agents	43-5011
5510	Couriers and messengers	43-5021
5520	Dispatchers	43-5030
5530	Meter readers, utilities	43-5041
5540	Postal service clerks	43-5051
5550	Postal service mail carriers	43-5052
5560	Postal service mail sorters, processors, and processing machine operators	43-5053
5600	Production, planning, and expediting clerks	43-5061
5610	Shipping, receiving, and traffic clerks	43-5071
5620	Stock clerks and order fillers	43-5081
5630	Weighers, measurers, checkers, and samplers, recordkeeping	43-5111
5700	Secretaries and administrative assistants	43-6010
5800	Computer operators	43-9011
5810	Data entry keyers	43-9021
5820	Word processors and typists	43-9022
5840	Insurance claims and policy processing clerks	43-9041
5850	Mail clerks and mail machine operators, except postal service	43-9051
5860	Office clerks, general	43-9061
5900	Office machine operators, except computer	43-9071
5910	Proofreaders and copy markers	43-9081
5920	Statistical assistants	43-9111
5940	Office and administrative support workers, including desktop publishers	

Farming, Fishing, and Forestry Occupations

6005	First-line supervisors of farming, fishing, and forestry workers	45-1011
6010	Agricultural inspectors	45-2011
6040	Graders and sorters, agricultural products	45-2041
6050	Miscellaneous agricultural workers, including animal breeders	45-20XX
6100	Fishing and hunting workers	45-3000
6120	Forest and conservation workers	45-4011
6130	Logging workers	45-4020
	Construction Trades	
6200	First-line supervisors/managers of construction trades and extraction workers	47-1011
6210	Boilermakers	47-2011
6220	Brickmasons, blockmasons, and stonemasons	47-2020
6230	Carpenters	47-2031
6240	Carpet, floor, and tile installers and finishers	47-2040
6250	Cement masons, concrete finishers, and terrazzo workers	47-2050
6260	Construction laborers	47-2061
6300	Paving, surfacing, and tamping equipment operators	47-2071
6320	Construction equipment operators, except Paving, surfacing, and tamping	
	equipment operators	47-207X
6330	Drywall installers, ceiling tile installers, and tapers	47-2080
6355	Electricians	47-2111
6360	Glaziers	47-2121
6400	Insulation workers	47-2130
6420	Painters, construction and maintenance and paperhangers	47-214X
6440	Pipelayers, plumbers, pipefitters, and steamfitters	47-21-21
6460	Plasterers and stucco masons	47-2161
6500	Reinforcing iron and rebar workers	47-2101
6515	Roofers	47-2171
6520	Sheet metal workers	47-2181
	Structural iron and steel workers	
6530		47-2221
6600	Helpers, construction trades	47-3010
6660	Construction and building inspectors	47-4011
6700	Elevator installers and repairers	47-4021
6710	Fence erectors	47-4031
6720	Hazardous materials removal workers	47-4041
6730	Highway maintenance workers	47-4051
6740	Rail-track laying and maintenance equipment operators	47-4061
6750	Septic tank servicers and sewer pipe cleaners	47-4071
6765	Miscellaneous construction and related workers, including photovoltaic installers	
	Extraction Workers	
6800	Derrick, rotary drill, and service unit operators, oil, gas, and mining	47-5010
6820	Earth drillers, except oil and gas	47-5021
6830	Explosives workers, ordnance handling experts, and blasters	47-5031
6840	Mining machine operators	47-5040
6920	Roustabouts, oil and gas	47-5071
6940	Other extraction workers, including roof bolters and helpers	47-50XX
0210	Carrie Carrier of Morales, metadang 1001 Softers and notificia	1, 502121

2010
CENSUS
CODE DESCRIPTION
CODE

Installation, Maintenance, and Repair Workers

7000	First-line supervisors/managers of mechanics, installers, and repairers	49-1011
7010	Computer, automated teller, and office machine repairers	49-2011
7020	Radio and telecommunications equipment installers and repairers	49-2020
7030	Avionics technicians	49-2091
7040	Electric motor, power tool, and related repairers	49-2092
7100	Electrical and electronics repairers, transportation equipment, industrial and utility	49-209X
7110	Electronic equipment installers and repairers, motor vehicles	49-2096
7120	Electronic home entertainment equipment installers and repairers	49-2097
7130	Security and fire alarm systems installers	49-2098
7140	Aircraft mechanics and service technicians	49-3011
7150	Automotive body and related repairers	49-3021
7160	Automotive glass installers and repairers	49-3022
	Automotive grass histaners and reparers Automotive service technicians and mechanics	49-3022
7200		
7210	Bus and truck mechanics and diesel engine specialists	49-3031
7220	Heavy vehicle and mobile equipment service technicians and mechanics	49-3040
7240	Small engine mechanics	49-3050
7260	Miscellaneous vehicle and mobile equipment mechanics, installers, and repairers	49-3090
7300	Control and valve installers and repairers	49-9010
7315	Heating, air conditioning, and refrigeration mechanics and installers	49-9021
7320	Home appliance repairers	49-9031
7330	Industrial and refractory machinery mechanics	49-904X
7340	Maintenance and repair workers, general	49-9071
7350	Maintenance workers, machinery	49-9043
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
7360	Millwrights	49-9044
7410	Electrical power-line installers and repairers	49-9051
7420	Telecommunications line installers and repairers	49-9052
7430	Precision instrument and equipment repairers	49-9060
7510	Coin, vending, and amusement machine servicers and repairers	49-9091
7540	Locksmiths and safe repairers	49-9094
7550	Manufactured building and mobile home installers	49-9095
7560	Riggers	49-9096
7610	Helpersinstallation, maintenance, and repair workers	49-9098
7630	Other installation, maintenance, and repair workers, including wind turbine service	17 7070
1030	technicians, commercial divers, and signal and train switch repairers	49-909X
	technicians, commercial divers, and signal and train switch repairers	49-303A
	Production Occupations	
7700	First-line supervisors/managers of production and operating workers	51-1011
7710	Aircraft structure, surfaces, rigging, and systems assemblers	51-2011
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
7720	Electrical, electronics, and electromechanical assemblers	51-2020
7730	Engine and other machine assemblers	51-2031
7740	Structural metal fabricators and fitters	51-2041
7750	Miscellaneous assemblers and fabricators	51-2090
7800	Bakers	51-3011
7810	Butchers and other meat, poultry, and fish processing workers	51-3020
7830	Food and tobacco roasting, baking, and drying machine operators and tenders	51-3091
7840	Food batchmakers	51-3092

7850	Food cooking machine operators and tenders	51-3093
7855	Food processing workers, all other	51-3099
7900	Computer control programmers and operators	51-4010
7920	Extruding and drawing machine setters, operators, and tenders, metal and plastic	51-4021
7940	Rolling machine setters, operators, and tenders and forging machine setters, operators,	
	and tenders, metal and plastic	51-402X
7950	Cutting, punching, and press machine setters, operators, and tenders, metal and plastic	51-4031
8000	Grinding, lapping, polishing, and buffing machine tool setters, operators, and tenders,	
	metal and plastic	51-4033
8010	Lathe and turning machine tool setters, operators, and tenders, metal and plastic	51-4034
8030	Machinists	51-4041
8040	Metal furnace and kiln operators and tenders	51-4050
8100	Molders and molding machine setters, operators, and tenders, metal and plastic	51-4070
8130	Tool and die makers	51-4111
8140	Welding, soldering, and brazing workers	51-4120
8200	Plating and coating machine setters, operators, and tenders, metal and plastic	51-4193
8210	Tool grinders, filers, and sharpeners	51-4194
8220	Metalworkers and plastic workers, all other	51-4XXX
8250	Prepress technicians and workers	51-5111
8255	Printing press operators	51-5112
8256	Print binding and finishing workers	51-5113
8300	Laundry and dry-cleaning workers	51-6011
8310	Pressers, textile, garment, and related materials	51-6021
8320	Sewing machine operators	51-6031
8330	Shoe and leather workers and repairers	51-6041
8350	Tailors, dressmakers, and sewers	51-6050
8400	Textile cutting machine setters, operators, and tenders	51-6062
8410	Textile knitting and weaving machine setters, operators, and tenders	51-6063
8420	Textile winding, twisting, and drawing out machine setters, operators and tenders	51-6064
8450	Upholsterers	51-6093
8460	Miscellaneous textile, apparel, and furnishings workers, except upholsterers	51-60XX
8500	Cabinetmakers and bench carpenters	51-7011
8510	Furniture finishers	51-7021
8530	Sawing machine setters, operators, and tenders, wood	51-7041
8540	Woodworking machine setters, operators, and tenders, except sawing	51-7042
8550	Miscellaneous woodworkers, including model makers and pattern makers	51-70XX
8600	Power plant operators, distributors, and dispatchers	51-8010
8610	Stationary engineers and boiler operators	51-8021
8620	Water and liquid waste treatment plant and system operators	51-8031
8630	Miscellaneous plant and system operators	51-8090
8640	Chemical processing machine setters, operators, and tenders	51-9010
8650	Crushing, grinding, polishing, mixing, and blending workers	51-9020
8710	Cutting workers	51-9030
8720	Extruding, forming, pressing, and compacting machine setters, operators, and tenders	51-9041
8730	Furnace, kiln, oven, drier, and kettle operators and tenders	51-9051
8740	Inspectors, testers, sorters, samplers, and weighers	51-9061
8750	Jewelers and precious stone and metal workers	51-9071
8760	Medical, dental, and ophthalmic laboratory technicians	51-9080
8800	Packaging and filling machine operators and tenders	51-9111
8810	Painting workers	51-9120
8830	Photographic process workers and processing machine operators	51-9130
	10-11	

2010 CENSUS CODE DESC	CRIPTION	2010 SOC CODE
8850	Cementing and gluing machine operators and tenders	51-9191
8860	Cleaning, washing, and metal pickling equipment operators and tenders	51-9192
8910	Etchers and engravers	51-9194
8920	Molders, shapers, and casters, except metal and plastic	51-9195
8930	Paper goods machine setters, operators, and tenders	51-9196
8940	Tire builders	51-9197
8950	Helpersproduction workers	51-9198
8965	Production workers, including semiconductor processors and cooling and freezing equipment operators	51-91XX
	Transportation and Material Moving Occupations	
9000	Supervisors, transportation and material moving workers	53-1000
9030	Aircraft pilots and flight engineers	53-2010
9040	Air traffic controllers and airfield operations specialists	53-2020
9110	Ambulance drivers and attendants, except emergency medical technicians	53-3011
9120	Bus drivers	53-3020
9130	Driver/sales workers and truck drivers	53-3030
9140	Taxi drivers and chauffeurs	53-3041
9150	Motor vehicle operators, all other	53-3099
9200 9240	Locomotive engineers and operators	53-4010 53-40XX
9240 9260	Railroad brake, signal, switch operators, conductors and yardmasters Subway, streetcar, and other rail transportation workers	53-40XX 53-30XX
9300	Sailors and marine oilers, and ship engineers	53-50XX
9310	Ship and boat captains and operators	53-5020
9350	Parking lot attendants	53-6021
9360	Service station attendants	53-6031
9410	Transportation inspectors	53-6051
9415	Transportation attendants, except flight attendants	53-6061
9420	Other transportation workers, including bridge and lock tenders	53-60XX
9510	Crane and tower operators	53-7021
9520	Dredge, excavating, and loading machine operators	53-7030
9560	Hoist and winch operators, and conveyor operators and tenders	53-70XX
9600	Industrial truck and tractor operators	53-7051
9610	Cleaners of vehicles and equipment	53-7061
9620	Laborers and freight, stock, and material movers, hand	53-7062
9630	Machine feeders and offbearers Packers and marks are shand	53-7063 53-7064
9640 9650	Packers and packagers, hand	53-7064 53-7070
9630 9720	Pumping station operators Refuse and recyclable material collectors	53-7070 53-7081
9720 9750	Material moving workers, including mine shuttle operators and tank car, truck, and	
9130	ship loaders	53-71XX
	4 17	

Armed Forces

*9840 Armed Forces

Detailed Occupation Recodes (01-23)

These codes correspond to Items PRDTOCC1 and PRDTOCC2 in positions 476-479 of the Basic CPS record layout in all months **except** March. In **March**, these codes correspond to Item A-DTOCC and are located in positions 161-162.

CODE	CODE DESCRIPTION	OCCUPATION CODE
1	Management occupations	0010-0430
2	Business and financial operations occupations	0500-0950
3	Computer and mathematical science occupations	1000-1240
4	Architecture and engineering occupations	1300-1560
5	Life, physical, and social science occupations	1600-1965
6	Community and social service occupation	2000-2060
7	Legal occupations	2100-2160
8	Education, training, and library occupations	2200-2550
9	Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations	2600-2960
10	Healthcare practitioner and technical occupations	3000-3540
11	Healthcare support occupations	3600-3655
12	Protective service occupations	3700-3955
13	Food preparation and serving related occupations	4000-4160
14	Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations	4200-4250
15	Personal care and service occupations	4300-4650
16	Sales and related occupations	4700-4965
17	Office and administrative support occupations	5000-5940
18	Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	6000-6130
19	Construction and extraction occupations	6200-6940
20	Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	7000-7630
21	Production occupations	7700-8965
22	Transportation and material moving occupations	9000-9750
23	Armed Forces	9840

Major Occupation Group Recodes (01-11)

These codes correspond to Items PRMJOCC1 and PRMJOCC2 located in positions 482-485 of the Basic CPS record layout in all months **except** March. In **March**, these codes correspond to Item A-MJOCC and are located in positions 159-160.

CODE	CODE DESCRIPTION	OCCUPATION CODE
1	M	0010 0070
1	Management, business, and financial occupations	0010-0950
2	Professional and related occupations	1000-3540
3	Service occupations	3600-4650
4	Sales and related occupations	4700-4965
5	Office and administrative support occupations	5000-5940
6	Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	6000-6130
7	Construction and extraction occupations	6200-6940
8	Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	7000-7630
9	Production occupations	7700-8965
10	Transportation and material moving occupations	9000-9750
11	Armed Forces	9840

ATTACHMENT 11

Specific Metropolitan Identifiers

(Geographic Attachment for CPS Public Use File Documentation Beginning August 2005)

- List 1. FIPS Metropolitan Area (CBSA) Codes
- List 2. FIPS Consolidated Statistical Area (CSA) Codes
- List 3. Individual Principal Cities
- List 4. FIPS County Codes

Unless otherwise noted, all definitions for geographic areas on these lists reflect the June 30, 2003 OMB definitions.

LIST 1: FIPS METROPOLITAN AREA (CBSA) CODES

Unless otherwise noted, Metropolitan Areas are defined using June 30, 2003 OMB definitions. In the New England states, the New England City and Town Area definitions are used to define Metropolitan Areas rather than the county based definitions.

FIPS	
Code	Metropolitan (CBSA) TITLE
0040	
10500	Albany, GA (Baker, Terrell, and Worth Counties not in sample)
10580	Albany-Schenectady-Troy, NY
10740	Albuquerque, NM
10900	Allentown-Bethlehem-Easton, PA-NJ
11020	Altoona, PA
11100	Amarillo, TX (Armstrong and Carson Counties not in sample)
11300	Anderson, IN
11340	Anderson, SC
11460	Ann Arbor, MI
11500	Anniston-Oxford, AL
11540	Appleton, WI
11700	Asheville, NC (Haywood and Madison Counties not in sample)
12020	Athens-Clarke County, GA (Oglethorpe County not in sample)
12060	Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Marietta, GA (Haralson, Heard, Jasper,
	Meriwether and Spalding Counties not in sample)
12100	Atlantic City, NJ
12260	Augusta-Richmond County, GA-SC
12420	Austin-Round Rock, TX
12540	Bakersfield, CA
12580	Baltimore-Towson, MD
12940	Baton Rouge, LA
13140	Beaumont-Port Arthur, TX
13380	Bellingham, WA
13460	Bend, OR
13740	Billings, MT (Carbon County not in sample)
13780	Binghamton, NY
13820	Birmingham-Hoover, AL
14020	Bloomington, IN (Owen County not in sample)
14060	Bloomington-Normal IL
14260	Boise City-Nampa, ID (Owyhee County not in sample)
14500	Boulder, CO
14540	Bowling Green, KY
14740	Bremerton-Silverdale, WA
15180	Brownsville-Harlingen, TX
15380	Buffalo-Niagara Falls, NY
15940	Canton-Massillon, OH
15980	Cape Coral-Fort Myers, FL
16300	Cedar Rapids, IA (Benton and Jones Counties not in sample)
16580	Champaign-Urbana, IL (Ford County not in sample)
16620	Charleston, WV (Clay County not in sample)
16700	Charleston-North Charleston, SC

FIPS	
Code	Metropolitan (CBSA) TITLE
16740	Charlotte-Gastonia-Concord, NC-SC (Anson County, NC not in sample)
16860	Chattanooga, TN-GA
16980	Chicago-Naperville-Joliet, IL-IN-WI (DeKalb, IL; Jasper, IN; and
	Kenosha, WI Counties not in sample)
17020	Chico, CA
17140	Cincinnati-Middletown, OH-KY-IN (Franklin County, IN not in sample; Dearborn and Ohio Counties, IN not identified)
17460	Cleveland-Elyria-Mentor, OH
17660	Coeur d'Alene, ID
17820	Colorado Springs, CO
17860	Columbia, MO (Howard County not in sample)
17900	Columbia, SC
17980	Columbus, GA-AL (Harris County, GA and Russell County,
	Alabama not in sample)
18140	Columbus, OH (Morrow County not in sample)
18580	Corpus Christi, TX
19100	Dallas-Fort Worth-Arlington, TX (Delta and Hunt Counties not in sample)
19340	Davenport-Moline-Rock Island, IA-IL
19380	Dayton, OH
19460	Decatur, Al
19500	Decatur, IL
19660	Deltona-Daytona Beach-Ormond Beach, FL
19740	Denver-Aurora, CO
19780	Des Moines, IA
19820	Detroit-Warren-Livonia, MI
20100	Dover, DE
20260	Duluth, MN-WI (Carlton County, MN not in sample, WI portion not identified)
20500	Durham, NC
20740	Eau Claire, WI
20940	El Centro, CA
21340	El Paso, TX
21500	Erie, PA
21660	Eugene-Springfield, OR
21780	Evansville, IN-KY (Gibson County, IN and Kentucky portion not in sample)
22020	Fargo, ND-MN (MN portion not identified)
22140	Farmington, NM
22180	Fayetteville, NC
22220	Fayetteville-Springdale-Rogers, AR-MO (Madison County, AR and Missouri portion not in sample)
22420	Flint, MI
22460	Florence, AL
22660	Fort Collins-Loveland, CO
22900	Fort Smith, AR-OK (Oklahoma portion not in sample)
23020	Fort Walton Beach-Crestview-Destin, FL
23060	Fort Wayne, IN
23420	Fresno, CA
23540	Gainesville, FL (Gilchrist County not in sample)
24340	Grand Rapids-Wyoming, MI
	1 0

FIDE	
FIPS	Motropoliton (CDCA) TITLE
Code	Metropolitan (CBSA) TITLE
24540	Greeley, CO
24580	Green Bay, WI (Oconto County not in sample)
24660	
24860	Greensboro-High Point, NC Greensville, SC (Leurans and Pickens Counties not in sample)
	Greenville, SC (Laurens and Pickens Counties not in sample)
25060	Gulfport-Biloxi, MS (Stone County not in sample)
25180	Hagerstown-Martinsburg, MD-WV (Berkeley County, WV not identified and Morgan County, WV not in sample)
25420	Harrisburg-Carlisle, PA
25500	Harrisonburg, VA
25860	Hickory-Morganton-Lenoir, NC (Caldwell County not in sample)
26100	Holland-Grand Haven, MI
26180	Honolulu, HI
26420	Houston-Baytown-Sugar Land, TX
26580	Huntington-Ashland, WV-KY-OH (Kentucky and Ohio portions not identified)
26620	Huntsville, AL
26900	Indianapolis, IN
26980	Iowa City, IA (Washington County not in sample)
27100	Jackson, MI
27140	Jackson, MS
27260	Jacksonville, FL
27340	Jacksonville, NC
27500	Janesville, WI
27740	Johnson City, TN
27780	Johnstown, PA
27900 28020	Joplin, MO
28100	Kalamazoo-Portage, MI
28140	Kankakee-Bradley, IL Kansas City, MO-KS (Franklin, KS; Leavenworth, KS; Linn, KS; Bates,
20140	MO; and Caldwell, MO Counties not in sample)
28660	Killeen-Temple-Fort Hood, TX
28700	Kingsport-Bristol, TN-VA (Virginia portion not identified)
28740	Kingsport-Dristol, 11v-vA (virginia portion not identified) Kingston, NY
28940	Knoxville, TN (Anderson County not in sample)
29100	La Crosse, WI-MN (Houston County not in sample)
29180	Lafayette, LA
29340	Lake Charles, LA (Cameron Parish not in sample)
29460	Lakeland-Winter Haven, FL
29540	Lancaster, PA
29620	Lansing-East Lansing, MI
29700	Laredo, TX
29740	Las Cruces, NM
29820	Las Vegas-Paradise, NV
29940	Lawrence, KS
30020	Lawton, OK
30460	Lexington-Fayette, KY
30780	Little Rock-North Little Rock, AR (Perry County not in sample)
30980	Longview, TX (Rusk and Upshur Counties not in sample)
31100	Los Angeles-Long Beach-Santa Ana, CA
31140	Louisville, KY-IN (Washington, IN; Henry, KY; Nelson, KY; Shelby,
J11TU	KY; and Trimble, KY Counties not in sample)
	1x1, and 11mole, 1x1 Counties not in sample)

FIPS	
Code	Metropolitan (CBSA) TITLE
31180	Lubbock, TX (Crosby County not in sample)
31340	Lynchburg, VA (Appomattox and Bedford Counties and Bedford City not
	In sample)
31420	Macon,, GA (Crawford, Monroe, and Twiggs Counties not in sample)
31460	Madera, CA
31540	Madison, WI (Iowa County not in sample)
32580	McAllen-Edinburg-Pharr, TX
32780	Medford, OR
32820	Memphis, TN-MS-AR (Arkansas portion not identified and Tunica
32900	County, MS not in sample) Merced, CA
33100	Miami-Fort Lauderdale-Miami Beach, FL
33140	Michigan City-La Porte, IN
33260	Midland, TX
33340	Milwaukee-Waukesha-West Allis, WI
33460	Minneapolis-St Paul-Bloomington, MN-WI (Wisconsin portion not
	identified)
33660	Mobile, AL
33700	Modesto, CA
33740	Monroe, LA
33780	Monroe, MI
33860	Montgomery, AL
34740	Muskegon-Norton Shores, MI
34820	Myrtle Beach-Conway-North Myrtle Beach, SC
34900	Napa, CA
34940	Naples-Marco Island, FL
34980	Nashville-Davidson-Murfreesboro, TN (Cannon, Hickman and Macon
25200	Counties not in sample)
35380 35620	New Orleans-Metairie-Kenner, LA New York-Northern New Jersey-Long Island, NY-NJ-PA (Pennsylvania
33020	portion not in sample. White Plains central city recoded to
	balance of metropolitan)
35660	Niles-Benton Harbor, MI
36100	Ocala, FL
36140	Ocean City, NJ
36260	Ogden-Clearfield, UT
36420	Oklahoma City, OK
36500	Olympia, WA
36540	Omaha-Council Bluffs, NE-IA
36740	Orlando, FL
36780	Oshkosh-Neenah, WI
37100	Oxnard-Thousand Oaks-Ventura, CA
37340	Palm Bay-Melbourne-Titusville, FL
37460	Panama City-Lynn Haven, FL
37860	Pensacola-Ferry Pass-Brent, FL
37900	Peoria, IL
37980	Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington, PA-NJ-DE
38060	Phoenix-Mesa-Scottsdale, AZ
38300	Pittsburgh, PA

FIPS	
Code	Metropolitan (CBSA) TITLE
38900	Portland-Vancouver-Beaverton, OR-WA (Yamhill County, OR not in sample)
38940	Port St. Lucie-Fort Pierce, FL
39100	Poughkeepsie-Newburgh-Middletown, NY
39140	Prescott, AZ
39340	Provo-Orem, UT (Juab County not in sample)
39380	Pueblo, CO
39460	Punta Gorda, FL
39540	Racine, WI
39580	Raleigh-Cary, NC
39740	Reading, PA
39900	Reno-Sparks, NV
40060	Richmond, VA (Cumberland County not in sample)
40140	Riverside-San Bernardino-Ontario, CA
40220	Roanoke, VA (Craig and Franklin Counties not in sample)
40380	Rochester, NY
40420	Rockford, IL
40900	SacramentoArden-Arcade-Roseville, CA
40980	Saginaw-Saginaw Township North, MI
41060	St. Cloud, MN
41180	St. Louis, MO-IL (Calhoun County, IL not in sample)
41420	Salem, OR
41500	Salinas, CA
41540	Salisbury, MD
	•
41620 41700	Salt Lake City, UT (Tooele County not in sample) San Antonio, TX
41740	·
41740	San Diego-Carlsbad-San Marcos, CA San Francisco-Oakland-Fremont, CA
41940	San Jose-Sunnyvale-Santa Clara, CA
42020	San Luis Obispo-Paso Robles, CA
42020	Santa Barbara-Santa Maria-Goleta, CA
42100	Santa Cruz-Watsonville, CA
42140	Santa Cruz-waisonvine, CA Santa Fe, NM
42220	Santa Pe, NM Santa Rosa-Petaluma, CA
42260	Sarasota-Bradenton-Venice, FL
42340	Savannah, GA
42540	Scranton-Wilkes-Barre, PA
42660	Seattle-Tacoma-Bellevue, WA
43340	Shreveport-Bossier City, LA
43620	Sioux Falls, SD
43780	South Bend-Mishawaka, IN-MI (Michigan portion not identified)
43900	Spartanburg, SC
44060	Spokane, WA
44100	Springfield, IL
44180	* •
44220	Springfield, MO (Dallas and Polk Counties not in sample)
44700	Springfield, OH Stockton, CA
45060	
45220	Syracuse, NY Tallahassaa, FI
45220 45300	Tallahassee, FL Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater, FL
TJJUU	rampa-st. retersourg-Cical water, I'L

FIPS	
Code	Metropolitan (CBSA) TITLE
45780	Toledo, OH (Ottawa County not in sample)
45820	Topeka, KS (Jackson and Jefferson Counties not in sample)
45940	Trenton-Ewing, NJ
46060	Tucson, AZ
46140	Tulsa, OK (Okmulgee County not in sample)
46220	Tuscaloosa, AL (Greene and Hale Counties not in sample)
46540	Utica-Rome, NY
46660	Valdosta, GA (Lanier County not in sample)
46700	Vallejo-Fairfield, CA
46940	Vero Beach, FL
47020	Victoria, TX
47220	Vineland-Millville-Bridgeton, NJ
47260	Virginia Beach-Norfolk-Newport News, VA-NC (North Carolina portion not identified)
47300	Visalia-Porterville, CA
47380	Waco, TX
47580	Warner Robins, GA
47900	Washington-Arlington-Alexandria, DC-VA-MD-WV (West Virginia
	portion not identified. Reston central city recoded to balance of
	metropolitan.)
47940	Waterloo-Cedar Falls, IA (Grundy County not in sample)
48140	Wausau, WI
48620	Wichita, KS
49180	Winston-Salem, NC
49420	Yakima, WA
49620	York-Hanover, PA
49660	Youngstown-Warren-Boardman, OH-PA (Pennsylvania portion not in sample)
70750	Bangor, ME
70900	Barnstable Town, MA
71650	Boston-Cambridge-Quincy, MA-NH
71950	Bridgeport-Stamford-Norwalk, CT
72400	Burlington-South Burlington, VT
72850	Danbury, CT
73450	Hartford-West Hartford-East Hartford, CT
74500	Leominster-Fitchburg-Gardner, MA
75700	New Haven, CT
76450	Norwich-New London, CT-RI (RI portion recoded to Providence NECTA)
76750	Portland-South Portland, ME
77200	Providence-Fall River-Warwick, RI-MA
77350	Rochester-Dover, NH-ME (Maine portion not identified)
78100	Springfield, MA-CT (Connecticut portion not identified)
78700	Waterbury, CT
79600	Worcester, MA-CT (Connecticut portion not identified)

LIST 2: FIPS Consolidated Statistical Area (CSA) Codes

The following CSA's (Combined Statistical Areas) contain 2 or more Metropolitan Statistical Areas that are in the CPS sample and are individually identified on the public use files. Micropolitan Statistical Areas are not specifically identified in the CPS and are not used to identify CSA's nor are parts of such areas coded as belonging to CSA's. The component CBSA's identified on the CPS Public Use Files are listed for each CSA. See the component CBSA listing for any notes concerning the areas in sample and identified on the files.

CSA Code	CBSA Code	CSA Title Component Parts (CBSA's)
118	11540 36780	Appleton-Oshkosh-Neenah, WI Appleton, WI Oshkosh-Neenah, WI
176	16980 28100 33140	Chicago-Naperville-Michigan City, IL-IN-WI (part) Chicago-Naperville-Joliet, IL-IN-WI Kankakee-Bradley, IL Michigan City-LaPorte, IN
184	10420 17460	Cleveland-Akron-Elyria, OH (part) Akron, OH Cleveland-Elyria-Mentor, OH
212	19380 44220	Dayton-Springfield-Greenville, OH (part) Dayton, OH Springfield, OH
216	14500 19740	Denver-Aurora-Boulder, CO Boulder, CO Denver-Aurora, CO
220	11460 19820 22420 33780	Detroit-Warren-Flint, MI Ann Arbor, MI Detroit-Warren-Livonia, MI Flint, MI Monroe, MI
260	23420 31460	Fresno-Madera, CA Fresno, CA Madera, CA
266	24340 26100 34740	Grand Rapids-Muskegon-Holland, MI (part) Grand Rapids-Wyoming, MI Holland-Grand Haven, MI Muskegon-Norton Shores, MI

CSA Code	CBSA Code	CSA Title Component Parts (CBSA's)
268	24660 49180	GreensboroWinston-Salem-High Point, NC (part) Greensboro-High Point, NC Winston-Salem, NC
272	11340 24860	Greenville-Anderson-Seneca, SC (part) Anderson, SC Greenville, SC
290	19460 26620	Huntsville-Decatur, AL Decatur, AL, Huntsville, AL
294	11300 26900	Indianapolis-Anderson-Columbus, IN (part) Anderson, IN Indianapolis, IN
304	27740 28700	Johnson City-Kingsport-Bristol, TN-VA (part) Johnson City, TN Kingsport-Bristol, TN-VA
348	31100 37100 40140	Los Angeles-Long Beach-Riverside, CA Los Angeles-Long Beach-Santa Ana, CA Oxnard-Thousand Oaks-Ventura, CA Riverside-San Bernardino-Ontario, CA
356	31420 47580	Macon-Warner Robins-Fort Valley, GA (part) Macon, GA Warner Robins, GA
376	33340 39540	Milwaukee-Racine-Waukesha, WI Milwaukee-Waukesha-West Allis, WI Racine, WI
378	33460 41060	Minneapolis-St. Paul-Bloomington, MN-WI (part) Minneapolis-St. Paul-Bloomington, MN St. Cloud, MN
408	71950 28740 75700 35620 39100 45940	New York-Newark-Bridgeport, NY-NJ-CT-PA (part) Bridgeport-Stamford-Norwalk, CT NECTA* Kingston, NY New Haven, CT NECTA* New York-Newark-Edison, NY-NJ-PA Poughkeepsie-Newburgh-Middletown, NY Trenton-Ewing, NJ
428	37980 47220	Philadelphia-Camden-Vineland, PA-NJ-DE-MD (part) Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington, PA-NJ-DE-MD Vineland-Millville-Bridgeton, NJ

CSA Code	CBSA Code	CSA Title Component Parts (CBSA's)
450	20500 39580	Raleigh-Durham-Cary, NC (part) Durham, NC Raleigh-Cary, NC
472	40900	Sacramento-Arden-Arcade-Truckee, CA-NV (part) Sacramento-Arden-Arcade-Roseville, CA
482	36260 41620	Salt Lake City-Ogden-Clearfield, UT (part) Ogden-Clearfield, UT Salt Lake City, UT
488	34900 41860 41949 42100 42220 46700	San Jose-San Francisco-Oakland, CA Napa, CA San Francisco-Oakland-Fremont, CA San Jose-Sunnyvale-Santa Clara, CA Santa Cruz-Watsonville, CA Santa Rosa-Petaluma, CA Vallejo-Fairfield, CA
500	14740 36500 42660	Seattle-Tacoma-Olympia, WA part Bremerton-Silverdale, WA Olympia, WA Seattle-Tacoma-Bellevue, WA
548	12580 47900	Washington-Baltimore-Northern Virginia, DC-MD-VA-WV (part) Baltimore-Towson, MD Washington-Arlington-Alexandria, DC-VA-MD-WV
715	71650 74500 79600	Boston-Worcester-Manchester, MA-NH-CT-ME (part) (The Manchester, NH and Portsmouth, NH-ME NECTA's are not individually identified on the files, but these records are coded as being in the Combined New England City and Town Areas {CNECTA}. The Connecticut and Maine portions of this CNECTA are not identified.) Boston-Cambridge-Quincy, MA-NH NECTA Leominster-Fitchburg-Gardner, MA NECTA Worcester, MA-CT NECTA
720	71950 72850 75700 78700	Bridgeport-New Haven-Stamford, CT Bridgeport-Stamford-Norwalk, CT NECTA* Danbury, CT NECTA New Haven, CT NECTA* Waterbury, CT NECTA

^{*} These 2 NECTA's appear in both the New York City CSA (using the county based CBSA definitions) and the Bridgeport-New Haven-Stamford CNECTA (using the NECTA definitions). They are coded on the public use file in the GTCSA field as being in the Bridgeport-New Haven-Stamford CNECTA. If you want to add them to the New York City CSA, you'll need to add them in using the appropriate GTCBSA codes.

List 3: Individual Principal Cities

Please Note: You must use the CBSA code in combination with the city code to uniquely identify principal cities. If a county name is provided, you must incorporate the county code into any algorithm used to tabulate a specific city's characteristics. The same applies to state codes for multi-state CBSA's.

CBSA Code	Title City	GTINDVPC
38060	Phoenix-Mesa-Scottsdale, AZ Phoenix	1
	Mesa Scottsdale	2 3
	Tempe	4
31100	Los Angeles-Long Beach-Santa Ana, CA	
	Los Angeles County	
	Los Angeles	1
	Long Beach	2
	Glendale	3
	Pomona	4
	Torrance	5
	Pasadena	6
	Burbank	7
	Orange County	
	Santa Ana	1
	Anaheim	2
	Irvine	3
	Orange	4
	Fullerton	5
	Costa Mesa	6
37100	Oxnard-Thousand Oaks-Ventura, CA	
	Oxnard	1
	Thousand Oaks	2
40140	Riverside-San Bernardino-Ontario, CA	
	Riverside	1
	San Bernardino	2
	Ontario	3
40900	Sacramento-Arden-Arcade-Roseville, CA	
	Sacramento	1
41740	San Diego-Carlsbad-San Marcos, CA	
	San Diego	1

CBSA Code	Title City	GTINDVPC
41860	San Francisco-Oakland-Fremont, CA San Francisco County	
	San Francisco	1
	Alameda County	1
	Oakland Fremont	$\frac{1}{2}$
	Hayward	3
	Berkeley	4
41940	San Jose-Sunnyvale-Santa Clara, CA	
	San Jose	1
	Sunnyvale Santa Clara	2 3
	Santa Ciara	3
71950	Bridgeport-Stamford-Norwalk, CT	1
	Bridgeport Stamford	1 2
	Stannord	<u> </u>
73450	Hartford-West Hartford-East Hartford, CT	4
	Hartford	1
19740	Denver-Aurora, CO	
	Denver	1
33100	Miami-Fort Lauderdale-Miami Beach, FL	
	Broward County	
	Fort Lauderdale	1
	Miami-Dade County Miami	1
45300	Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater, FL Pinellas County	
	St. Petersburg	1
100.50	-	
12060	Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Marietta, GA Atlanta	1
	1 truntu	1
16980	Chicago-Naperville-Joliet, IL-IN-WI	
	Chicago Naperville	1 2
	Joliet	3
20110	V	
28140	Kansas City, MO-KS Kansas portion	
	Kansas City	1
	Overland Park	2
35380	New Orleans-Metairie-Kenner, LA	
22200	New Orleans	1

CBSA Code	Title City	GTINDVPC
71650	Boston-Cambridge-Quincy, MA-NH	
	Massachusetts portion	
	Boston	1
	Cambridge	2
19820	Detroit-Warren-Livonia, MI	
	Wayne County	
	Detroit	1
	Livonia	2
	Macomb County	
	Warren	1
33460	Minneapolis-St., Paul-Bloomington, MN-WI	
	Minneapolis	1
29820	Las Vegas-Paradise, NV	
	Las Vegas	1
	Paradise	2
35620	New York-Northern New Jersey-Long Island, NY-N	NJ-PA
	New Jersey portion	
	Newark	1
15380	Buffalo-Niagara Falls, NY	
	Buffalo	1
16740	Charlotte-Gastonia-Concord, NC-SC	
	Charlotte	1
77200	Providence-Fall River-Warwick, RI-MA	
	Rhode Island portion	
	Providence	1
19100	Dallas-Fort Worth-Arlington, TX	
	Dallas	1
	Fort Worth	2
	Carrollton	3
	Plano	4
	Irving	5
	Arlington	6
26420	Houston-Baytown-Sugar Land, TX	
	Houston	1
32580	McAllen-Edinburg-Pharr, TX	
	McAllen	1

CBSA Code	Title City	GTINDVPC
47260	Virginia Beach-Norfolk-Newport News, VA-NC	
	Virginia portion	
	Virginia Beach	1
	Norfolk	2
	Newport News	3
	Hampton	4
	Portsmouth	5
47900	Washington-Arlington-Alexandria, DC-VA-MD-WV	
	Virginia portion only	
	Arlington	1
	Alexandria	2
42660	Seattle-Tacoma-Bellevue, WA	
	Seattle	1
	Tacoma	2
	Bellevue	3
33340	Milwaukee-Waukesha-West Allis, WI	
	Milwaukee	1

List 4: FIPS County Codes

Please note that these county codes must be used in conjunction with state codes to create unique county identifiers as county codes start with 001 in each state.

FIPS County Code	County Name	State
		Alabama
003 015 073 097 117	Baldwin* Calhoun Jefferson Mobile Shelby	
		Arizona
003 013 015 019 021 025	Cochise* Maricopa Mohave* Pima Pinal Yavapai	
		Arkansas
119	Pulaski	
		California
001 007 017 019 025 029 037 039 047 053 055 059 061 067 071 073 075	Alameda Butte El Dorado Fresno Imperial Kern Los Angeles Madera Merced Monterey Napa Orange Placer Sacramento San Bernardino San Diego San Francisco San Joaquin	

County Name	State
San Luis Obispo San Mateo Santa Barbara Santa Cruz Solano Sonoma Stanislaus Tulare Ventura Yolo	
	Colorado
Boulder Denver Douglas Jefferson Larimer Pueblo Weld	
	Delaware
Kent New Castle Sussex*	
Distr	rict of Columbia
District of Columbia	
	Florida
Alachua Bay Brevard Broward Charlotte Clay Collier Hernando Hillsborough Indian River Lake Lee Marion Miami-Dade Okaloosa Orange	
	San Luis Obispo San Mateo Santa Barbara Santa Cruz Solano Sonoma Stanislaus Tulare Ventura Yolo Boulder Denver Douglas Jefferson Larimer Pueblo Weld Kent New Castle Sussex* District of Columbia Alachua Bay Brevard Broward Charlotte Clay Collier Hernando Hillsborough Indian River Lake Lee Marion Miami-Dade Okaloosa

FIPS County Code	County Name	State
097 099 101 103 105 109 117 127	Osceola Palm Beach Pasco Pinellas Polk St. Johns Seminole Volusia	
		Georgia
057 063 135 151 153	Cherokee Clayton Gwinnett Henry Houston	
		Hawaii
001 003	Hawaii* Honolulu	
		Idaho
055	Kootenai	
		Illinois
091 099 111 113 115 119 163 179	Kankakee LaSalle McHenry McLean Macon Madison St. Clair Tazewell	
		Indiana
057 063 081 089 091 095	Hamilton Hendricks Johnson Lake LaPorte Madison St. Joseph	

FIPS County Code	County Name	State
		Iowa
103 113 153 163	Johnson Linn Polk Scott	
		Kansas
045 173	Douglas Sedgwick	
		Kentucky
067 111 117	Fayette Jefferson Kenton	
		Louisiana
019 033 051 071 103	Calcasieu East Baton Rouge Jefferson Orleans St. Tammany	
		Maine
011	Kennebec	
		Maryland
003 013 017 025 027 033 043	Anne Arundel Carroll Charles Harford Howard Prince Georges Washington	

FIPS County Code	County Name	State
		Michigan
005 021 049 075 081 099 115 121 125 139	Allegan* Berrien Genesee Jackson Kent Macomb Monroe Muskegon Oakland Ottawa Saginaw	
147 161 163	St. Clair Washtenaw Wayne	
		Minnesota
003 037 123 137 163	Anoka Dakota Ramsey St. Louis Washington	
		Missouri
019 099 189	Boone Jefferson St. Louis	
		Montana
111	Yellowstone	
153	Sarpy	Nebraska
		Nevada
003	Clark	

FIPS County Code	County Name	State
		New Jersey
001 003 005 007 011 013 017 019 021 025 027 029 035 037	Atlantic Bergen Burlington Camden Cumberland Essex Hudson Hunterdon Mercer Monmouth Morris Ocean Somerset Sussex Warren	
041	Waiten	New Mexico
001 013 045 049	Bernalillo Dona Ana San Juan Santa Fe	
		New York
005 013 027 047 055 059 061 067 069 071 081 085 103 111	Bronx Chautauqua* Dutchess Kings Monroe Nassau New York Onondaga Ontario Orange Queens Richmond Suffolk Ulster Westchester	

FIPS County Code	County Name	State
		North Carolina
057 067 097 119 133 155 179 183	Davidson* Forsyth Iredell* Mecklenburg Onslow Robeson* Union Wake	
		North Dakota
017	Cass	
		Ohio
023	Clark	
025	Clermont	
029	Columbiana*	
035	Cuyahoga	
041	Delaware	
045	Fairfield	
049	Franklin	
089	Licking	
095	Lucas	
103	Medina	
133	Portage	
153	Summit	
165 169	Warren	
109	Wayne*	
		Oklahoma
031	Comanche	
		Oregon
017	Deschutes	
029	Jackson	
039	Lane	
043	Linn*	

FIPS County Code	County Name	State
		Pennsylvania
003 007 013 011 017 019 021 029 045 049 055 071 089 091 101 125	Allegheny Beaver Blair Berks Bucks Butler Cambria Chester Delaware Erie Franklin* Lancaster Monroe* Montgomery Philadelphia Washington	
129 133	Westmoreland York	
		South Carolina
007 045 051 063 079 083	Anderson Greenville Horry Lexington Richland Spartanburg	
		Tennessee
093 165 187	Knox Sumner Williamson	

FIPS County Code	County Name	State
		Texas
029 039	Bexar Brazoria	
139	Ellis	
141	El Paso	
183	Gregg	
215	Hidago	
251	Johnson	
303	Lubbock	
309	McLennan	
329	Midland	
439	Tarrant	
479	Webb	
		Utah
049	Utah	
		Virginia
013	Arlington	
041	Chesterfield	
059	Fairfax	
087	Henrico	
107	Loudoun	
153	Prince William	
510	Alexandria City	
550	Chesapeake City	
650	Hampton City	
700	Newport News City	
710 740	Norfolk City	
760	Portsmouth City Richmond City	
810	Virginia Beach City	
010	Virginia Deach City	
		Washington
033	King	
035	Kitsap	
063	Spokane	
067	Thurston	
073	Whatcom	
077	Yakima	

FIPS County Code	County Name	State
		Wisconsin
063	La Crosse	
073	Marathon	
101	Racine	
105	Rock	
139	Winnebago	

^{*} Counties marked with an asterisk (*) are also single county Micropolitan Statistical Areas. They are not otherwise identified on the files. A list of such areas on the file is as follows:

CBSA		County	County
Code	Title	Name	Code
10540	Albany-Lebanon, OR	Linn	043
10880	Allegan, MI	Allegan	005
16540	Chambersburg, PA	Franklin	055
19300	Daphne-Fairhope, AL	Baldwin	003
20620	East Liverpool-Salem, OH	Columbiana	029
20700	East Stroudsburg, PA	Monroe	089
25900	Hilo, HI	Hawaii	001
27460	Jamestown-Dunkirk-Fredonia, NY	Chautauqua	013
29420	Lake Havasu City-Kingman, AZ	Mohave	015
30540	Lexington-Thomasville, NC	Davidson	057
31300	Lumberton, NC	Robeson	155
42580	Seaford, DE	Sussex	005
43420	Sierra Vista-Douglas, AZ	Cochise	003
44380	Statesville-Mooresville, NC	Iredell	097
49300	Wooster, OH	Wayne	169

ATTACHMENT 12

Topcoding of Usual Hourly Earnings

This variable will be topcoded based on an individual's usual hours worked variable, if the individual's edited usual weekly earnings variable is \$999. The topcode is computed such that the product of usual hours times usual hourly wage does not exceed an annualized wage of \$150,000 (\$2,885.00 per week). Below is a list of the appropriate topcode.

Hours	Topcode	Hours	Topcode	Hours	Topcode
1	None	34	\$84.85	67	\$43.06
2	None	35	\$82.43	68	\$42.43
3	None	36	\$80.14	69	\$41.81
4	None	37	\$77.97	70	\$41.21
5	None	38	\$75.92	71	\$40.63
6	None	39	\$73.97	72	\$40.07
7	None	40	\$72.13	73	\$39.52
8	None	41	\$70.37	74	\$38.99
9	None	42	\$68.69	75	\$38.47
10	None	43	\$67.09	76	\$37.96
11	None	44	\$65.57	77	\$37.47
12	None	45	\$64.11	78	\$36.99
13	None	46	\$62.72	79	\$36.52
14	None	47	\$61.38	80	\$36.06
15	None	48	\$60.10	81	\$35.62
16	None	49	\$58.88	82	\$35.18
17	None	50	\$57.70	83	\$34.76
18	None	51	\$56.57	84	\$34.35
19	None	52	\$55.48	85	\$33.94
20	None	53	\$54.43	86	\$33.55
21	None	54	\$53.43	87	\$33.16
22	None	55	\$52.45	88	\$32.78
23	None	56	\$51.52	89	\$32.42
24	None	57	\$50.61	90	\$32.06
25	None	58	\$49.74	91	\$31.70
26	None	59	\$48.90	92	\$31.36
27	None	60	\$48.08	93	\$31.02
28	None	61	\$47.30	94	\$30.69
29	\$99.48	62	\$46.53	95	\$30.37
30	\$96.17	63	\$45.79	96	\$30.05
31	\$93.06	64	\$45.08	97	\$29.74
32	\$90.16	65	\$44.38	98	\$29.44
33	\$87.42	66	\$43.71	99	\$29.14

ATTACHMENT 13

CURRENT POPULATION SURVEY Selected Unweighted Tallies from the CPS October 2012 School Enrollment Supplement

NOTE: Screen children items using PRPERTYP = 1 to match the universes for the items listed.

<u>Item</u>	<u>Value</u>	Tallies
SSCHOL	Is attending or enrolled in regular school? (Regular school includes elementary school, high school and schooling that leads to a college or professional school degree)	
		13733
	1 = Yes $2 = No$	92512
PUBLIC	Is enrolled in public or private school?	
	1 = Public	11599
	2 = Private	2134
FULL	Is attending college full-time or part-time?	
	1 = Full-time	5596
	2 = Part-time	2132
STYPE	Is this a 2-year or a 4-year college or university?	
	1 = 2-year college	2369
	2 = 4- year college	5359

<u>Item</u>	Value	Tallies
SCH35	Is attending or enrolled in nursery school, kindergarten or elementary school?	
	1= Yes 2 = No	3568 1807
SCH614	Is attending or enrolled in regular school?	
	1 = Yes $2 = No$	15798 328
CHPUB	Is enrolled in public or private school?	
	1 = Public 2 = Private	16961 2405
NET1	Do you use a cellular phone or smartphone?	
	1 = Yes $2 = No$	46904 6800
NET3	People can connect to the Internet in multiple ways, including using mobile devices such as laptops or smartphones, as well as on desktop computers.	
	Does anyone in this household use the Internet from home?	
	1 = Yes $2 = No$	102727 25428

<u>Item</u>	<u>Value</u>	Tallies
NET6	What is the MAIN reason you no longer have the Internet at home?	
	1= Don't need it, not interested	729
	2 = Too expensive	1684
	3 = Can use it somewhere else	157
	4 = No longer available in area	63
	5 = No computer or computer inadequate	732
	6 = Privacy or security concerns	68
	7 = Other reason	404
NET9	Do you or any member of this household access the Internet at any location outside the home?	
	1 = Yes	77397
	2 = No	50758

COUNTRIES AND AREAS OF THE WORLD

Current Population Survey

Starting May 2012

Code	Name	Code	Name
057	United States	158	Armenia
060	American Samoa	159	Azerbaijan
066	Guam	160	Belarus
069	Northern Marianas	161	Georgia
073	Puerto Rico	162	Moldova
078	U. S. Virgin Islands	163	Russia
100	Albania	164	Ukraine
102	Austria	165	USSR
103	Belgium	166	Europe, not specified
104	Bulgaria	168	Montenegro
105	Czechoslovakia	200	Afghanistan
106	Denmark	202	Bangladesh
108	Finland	203	Bhutan
109	France	205	Myanmar (Burma)
110	Germany	206	Cambodia
116	Greece	207	China
117	Hungary	209	Hong Kong
118	Iceland	210	India
119	Ireland	211	Indonesia
120	Italy	212	Iran
126	Netherlands	213	Iraq
127	Norway	214	Israel
128	Poland	215	Japan
129	Portugal	216	Jordan
130	Azores	217	Korea
132	Romania	218	Kazakhstan
134	Spain	220	South Korea
136	Sweden	222	Kuwait
137	Switzerland	223	Laos
138	United Kingdom	224	Lebanon
139	England	226	Malaysia
140	Scotland	228	Mongolia
142	Northern Ireland	229	Nepal
147	Yugoslavia	231	Pakistan
148	Czech Republic	233	Philippines
149	Slovakia	235	Saudi Arabia
150	Bosnia & Herzegovina	236	Singapore
151	Croatia	238	Sri Lanka
152	Macedonia	239	Syria
154	Serbia	240	Taiwan
155	Estonia	242	Thailand
156	Latvia	243	Turkey
157	Lithuania	245	United Arab Emirates

Code	Name	Code	Name
246	Uzbekistan	373	Venezuela
247	Vietnam	374	South America, not specified
248	Yemen	399	Americas, not specified
249	Asia, not specified	400	Algeria
300	Bermuda	407	Cameroon
301	Canada	408	Cape Verde
303	Mexico	412	Congo
310	Belize	414	Egypt
311	Costa Rica	416	Ethiopia
312	El Salvador	417	Eritrea
313	Guatemala	421	Ghana
314	Honduras	423	Guinea
315	Nicaragua	425	Ivory Coast
316	Panama	427	Kenya
321	Antigua and Barbuda	429	Liberia
323	Bahamas	430	Libya
324	Barbados	436	Morocco
327	Cuba	440	Nigeria
328	Dominica	444	Senegal
329	Dominican Republic	447	Sierra Leone
330	Grenada	448	Somalia
332	Haiti	449	South Africa
333	Jamaica	451	Sudan
338	St. KittsNevis	453	Tanzania
339	St. Lucia	454	Togo
340	St. Vincent and the Grenadines	457	Uganda
341	Trinidad and Tobago	459	Zaire
343	West Indies, not specified	460	Zambia
360	Argentina	461	Zimbabwe
361	Bolivia	462	Africa, not specified
362	Brazil	501	Australia
363	Chile	508	Fiji
364	Columbia	511	Marshall Islands
365	Ecuador	512	Micronesia
368	Guyana	515	New Zealand
369	Paraguay	523	Tonga
370	Peru	527	Samoa
372	Uruguay	555	Elsewhere

ALLOCATION FLAGS

Current Population Survey

For every edited item, there is a corresponding allocation flag with the prefix "PX". The last six characters of the names are the same. For example, PXMLR is the allocation flag for PEMLR. All allocation flags have the following list of possible values.

- 00 VALUE NO CHANGE
- 01 BLANK NO CHANGE
- 02 DON'T KNOW NO CHANGE
- 03 REFUSED NO CHANGE
- 10 VALUE TO VALUE
- 11 BLANK TO VALUE
- 12 DON'T KNOW TO VALUE
- 13 REFUSED TO VALUE
- 20 VALUE TO LONGITUDINAL VALUE
- 21 BLANK TO LONGITUDINAL VALUE
- 22 DON'T KNOW TO LONGITUDINAL VALUE
- 23 REFUSED TO LONGITUDINAL VALUE
- 30 VALUE TO ALLOCATED VALUE LONG.
- 31 BLANK TO ALLOCATED VALUE LONG.
- 32 DON'T KNOW TO ALLOCATED VALUE LONG.
- 33 REFUSED TO ALLOCATED VALUE LONG.
- 40 VALUE TO ALLOCATED VALUE
- 41 BLANK TO ALLOCATED VALUE
- 42 DON'T KNOW TO ALLOCATED VALUE
- 43 REFUSED TO ALLOCATED VALUE
- 50 VALUE TO BLANK
- 52 DON'T KNOW TO BLANK
- 53 REFUSED TO BLANK

Source of the Data and Accuracy of the Estimates for the October 2012 CPS Microdata File on Internet Use

SOURCE OF THE DATA

The data in this microdata file are from the October 2012 Current Population Survey (CPS). The U.S. Census Bureau conducts the CPS every month, although this file has only October data. The October survey uses two sets of questions, the basic CPS and a set of supplemental questions. The CPS, sponsored jointly by the Census Bureau and the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, is the country's primary source of labor force statistics for the entire population. The National Telecommunications and Information Administration sponsor the supplemental questions for October.

<u>Basic CPS</u>. The monthly CPS collects primarily labor force data about the civilian noninstitutionalized population living in the United States. The institutionalized population, which is excluded from the population universe, is composed primarily of the population in correctional institutions and nursing homes (98 percent of the 4 million institutionalized people in Census 2010). Interviewers ask questions concerning labor force participation about each member 15 years old and over in sample households. Typically, the week containing the nineteenth of the month is the interview week. The week containing the twelfth is the reference week (i.e., the week about which the labor force questions are asked).

The CPS uses a multistage probability sample based on the results of the decennial census, with coverage in all 50 states and the District of Columbia. The sample is continually updated to account for new residential construction. When files from the most recent decennial census become available, the Census Bureau gradually introduces a new sample design for the CPS.

In April 2004, the Census Bureau began phasing out the 1990 sample¹ and replacing it with the 2000 sample, creating a mixed sampling frame. Two simultaneous changes occurred during this phase-in period. First, primary sampling units (PSUs)² selected for only the 2000 design gradually replaced those selected for the 1990 design. This involved 10 percent of the sample. Second, within PSUs selected for both the 1990 and 2000 designs, sample households from the 2000 design gradually replaced sample households from the 1990 design. This involved about 90 percent of the sample. The new sample design was completely implemented by July 2005.

In the first stage of the sampling process, PSUs are selected for sample. The United States is divided into 2,025 PSUs. The PSUs were redefined for this design to correspond to the Office of Management and Budget definitions of Core-Based Statistical Area definitions and to improve efficiency in field operations. These PSUs are grouped into 824 strata. Within each stratum, a single PSU is chosen for the sample, with its probability of selection proportional to its

For detailed information on the 2000 sample redesign, please see reference [1]

The PSUs correspond to substate areas (i.e., counties or groups of counties) that are geographically contiguous.

For detailed information on the 2000 sample redesign, please see reference [1].

population as of the most recent decennial census. This PSU represents the entire stratum from which it was selected. In the case of strata consisting of only one PSU, the PSU is chosen with certainty.

Approximately 72,000 housing units were selected for sample from the sampling frame in October. Based on eligibility criteria, 11 percent of these housing units were sent directly to computer-assisted telephone interviewing (CATI). The remaining units were assigned to interviewers for computer-assisted personal interviewing (CAPI). Of all housing units in sample, about 59,000 were determined to be eligible for interview. Interviewers obtained interviews at about 54,000 of these units. Noninterviews occur when the occupants are not found at home after repeated calls or are unavailable for some other reason.

<u>October 2012 Supplement</u>. In October 2012, in addition to the basic CPS questions, interviewers asked supplementary questions of noninstitutionalized population three years and older on Internet use.

Estimation Procedure. This survey's estimation procedure adjusts weighted sample results to agree with independently derived population estimates of the civilian noninstitutionalized population of the United States and each state (including the District of Columbia). These population estimates, used as controls for the CPS, are prepared monthly to agree with the most current set of population estimates that are released as part of the Census Bureau's population estimates and projections program.

The population controls for the nation are distributed by demographic characteristics in two ways:

- Age, sex, and race (White alone, Black alone, and all other groups combined).
- Age, sex, and Hispanic origin.

The population controls for the states are distributed by race (Black alone and all other race groups combined), age (0-15, 16-44, and 45 and over), and sex.

The independent estimates by age, sex, race, and Hispanic origin, and for states by selected age groups and broad race categories, are developed using the basic demographic accounting formula whereby the population from the 2010 Census data is updated using data on the components of population change (births, deaths, and net international migration) with net internal migration as an additional component in the state population estimates.

The net international migration component of the population estimates includes:

- Net international migration of the foreign born;
- Net migration between the United States and Puerto Rico;
- Net migration of natives to and from the United States; and
- Net movement of the Armed Forces population to and from the United States.

_

For further information on CATI and CAPI and the eligibility criteria, please see reference [2].

Because the latest available information on these components lags the survey date, it is necessary to make short-term projections of these components to develop the estimate for the survey date.

ACCURACY OF THE ESTIMATES

A sample survey estimate has two types of error: sampling and nonsampling. The accuracy of an estimate depends on both types of error. The nature of the sampling error is known given the survey design; the full extent of the nonsampling error is unknown.

<u>Sampling Error</u>. Since the CPS estimates come from a sample, they may differ from figures from an enumeration of the entire population using the same questionnaires, instructions, and enumerators. For a given estimator, the difference between an estimate based on a sample and the estimate that would result if the sample were to include the entire population is known as sampling error. Standard errors, as calculated by methods described in "Standard Errors and Their Use," are primarily measures of the magnitude of sampling error. However, they may include some nonsampling error.

Nonsampling Error. For a given estimator, the difference between the estimate that would result if the sample were to include the entire population and the true population value being estimated is known as nonsampling error. There are several sources of nonsampling error that may occur during the development or execution of the survey. It can occur because of circumstances created by the interviewer, the respondent, the survey instrument, or the way the data are collected and processed. For example, errors could occur because:

- The interviewer records the wrong answer, the respondent provides incorrect information, the respondent estimates the requested information, or an unclear survey question is misunderstood by the respondent (measurement error).
- Some individuals who should have been included in the survey frame were missed (coverage error).
- Responses are not collected from all those in the sample or the respondent is unwilling to provide information (nonresponse error).
- Values are estimated imprecisely for missing data (imputation error).
- Forms may be lost, data may be incorrectly keyed, coded, or recoded, etc. (processing error).

To minimize these errors, the Census Bureau applies quality control procedures during all stages of the production process including the design of the survey, the wording of questions, the review of the work of interviewers and coders, and the statistical review of reports.

Two types of nonsampling error that can be examined to a limited extent are nonresponse and undercoverage.

<u>Nonresponse</u>. The effect of nonresponse cannot be measured directly, but one indication of its potential effect is the nonresponse rate. For the October 2012 basic CPS, the household-level nonresponse rate was 9.6 percent. The person-level nonresponse rate for the Internet Use supplement was an additional 9.2 percent.

Since the basic CPS nonresponse rate is a household-level rate and the Internet Use supplement nonresponse rate is a person-level rate, we cannot combine these rates to derive an overall nonresponse rate. Nonresponding households may have fewer persons than interviewed ones, so combining these rates may lead to an overestimate of the true overall nonresponse rate for persons for the Internet Use supplement.

<u>Coverage</u>. The concept of coverage in the survey sampling process is the extent to which the total population that could be selected for sample "covers" the survey's target population. Missed housing units and missed people within sample households create undercoverage in the CPS. Overall CPS undercoverage for October 2012 is estimated to be about 14 percent. CPS coverage varies with age, sex, and race. Generally, coverage is larger for females than for males and larger for non-Blacks than for Blacks. This differential coverage is a general problem for most household-based surveys.

The CPS weighting procedure partially corrects for bias from undercoverage, but biases may still be present when people who are missed by the survey differ from those interviewed in ways other than age, race, sex, Hispanic origin, and state of residence. How this weighting procedure affects other variables in the survey is not precisely known. All of these considerations affect comparisons across different surveys or data sources.

A common measure of survey coverage is the coverage ratio, calculated as the estimated population before poststratification divided by the independent population control. Table 1 shows October 2012 CPS coverage ratios by age and sex for certain race and Hispanic groups. The CPS coverage ratios can exhibit some variability from month to month.

	Table 1. CPS Coverage Ratios: October 2012										
	Total			White only		Black only		Residual race		<u>Hispanic</u>	
Age group	All people	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
0-15	0.87	0.87	0.86	0.92	0.89	0.74	0.78	0.76	0.78	0.86	0.83
16-19	0.81	0.81	0.80	0.84	0.85	0.70	0.67	0.78	0.71	0.84	0.84
20-24	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.78	0.79	0.63	0.63	0.68	0.68	0.71	0.69
25-34	0.82	0.80	0.85	0.82	0.87	0.73	0.82	0.71	0.76	0.71	0.83
35-44	0.87	0.85	0.89	0.89	0.93	0.72	0.78	0.74	0.77	0.84	0.89
45-54	0.88	0.87	0.89	0.89	0.91	0.73	0.80	0.84	0.86	0.81	0.87
55-64	0.89	0.88	0.90	0.89	0.91	0.83	0.84	0.86	0.78	0.80	0.88
65+	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.93	0.92	0.95	0.94	0.80	0.82	0.86	0.82
15+	0.86	0.85	0.87	0.87	0.89	0.75	0.79	0.77	0.78	0.79	0.84
0+	0.86	0.85	0.87	0.88	0.89	0.75	0.79	0.76	0.78	0.81	0.84

Notes: (1) The Residual race group includes cases indicating a single race other than White or Black, and cases indicating two or more races.

(2) Hispanics may be any race. For a more detailed discussion on the use of parameters for race and ethnicity, please see the "Generalized Variance Parameters" section.

<u>Comparability of Data</u>. Data obtained from the CPS and other sources are not entirely comparable. This results from differences in interviewer training and experience and in differing survey processes. This is an example of nonsampling variability not reflected in the standard errors. Therefore, caution should be used when comparing results from different sources.

Data users should be careful when comparing the data from this microdata file, which reflects Census 2010-based controls, with microdata files from January 2003 through December 2011, which reflect 2000 census-based controls. Ideally, the same population controls should be used when comparing any estimates. In reality, the use of the same population controls is not practical when comparing trend data over a period of 10 to 20 years. Thus, when it is necessary to combine or compare data based on different controls or different designs, data users should be aware that changes in weighting controls or weighting procedures can create small differences between estimates. See the discussion following for information on comparing estimates derived from different controls or different sample designs.

Microdata files from previous years reflect the latest available census-based controls. Although the most recent change in population controls had relatively little impact on summary measures such as averages, medians, and percentage distributions, it did have a significant impact on levels. For example, use of Census 2010-based controls results in about a 0.2 percent increase from the 2000 census-based controls in the civilian noninstitutionalized population and in the number of families and households. Thus, estimates of levels for data collected in 2012 and later years will differ from those for earlier years by more than what could be attributed to actual changes in the population. These differences could be disproportionately greater for certain population subgroups than for the total population.

Users should also exercise caution because of changes caused by the phase-in of the Census 2000 files (see "Basic CPS")⁴. During this time period, CPS data were collected from sample designs based on different censuses. Three features of the new CPS design have the potential of affecting published estimates: (1) the temporary disruption of the rotation pattern from August 2004 through June 2005 for a comparatively small portion of the sample, (2) the change in sample areas, and (3) the introduction of the new Core-Based Statistical Areas (formerly called metropolitan areas). Most of the known effect on estimates during and after the sample redesign will be the result of changing from 1990 to 2000 geographic definitions. Research has shown that the national-level estimates of the metropolitan and nonmetropolitan populations should not change appreciably because of the new sample design. However, users should still exercise caution when comparing metropolitan and nonmetropolitan estimates across years with a design change, especially at the state level.

Caution should also be used when comparing Hispanic estimates over time. No independent population control totals for people of Hispanic origin were used before 1985.

<u>A Nonsampling Error Warning</u>. Since the full extent of the nonsampling error is unknown, one should be particularly careful when interpreting results based on small differences between estimates. The Census Bureau recommends that data users incorporate information about nonsampling errors into their analyses, as nonsampling error could impact the conclusions drawn

_

The phase-in process using the 2010 Census files will begin April 2014.

from the results. Caution should also be used when interpreting results based on a relatively small number of cases. Summary measures (such as medians and percentage distributions) probably do not reveal useful information when computed on a subpopulation smaller than 75,000.

For additional information on nonsampling error including the possible impact on CPS data when known, refer to references [2] and [3].

Standard Errors and Their Use. The sample estimate and its standard error enable one to construct a confidence interval. A confidence interval is a range about a given estimate that has a specified probability of containing the average result of all possible samples. For example, if all possible samples were surveyed under essentially the same general conditions and using the same sample design, and if an estimate and its standard error were calculated from each sample, then approximately 90 percent of the intervals from 1.645 standard errors below the estimate to 1.645 standard errors above the estimate would include the average result of all possible samples.

A particular confidence interval may or may not contain the average estimate derived from all possible samples, but one can say with specified confidence that the interval includes the average estimate calculated from all possible samples.

Standard errors may also be used to perform hypothesis testing, a procedure for distinguishing between population parameters using sample estimates. The most common type of hypothesis is that the population parameters are different. An example of this would be comparing the percentage of men who were part-time workers to the percentage of women who were part-time workers.

Tests may be performed at various levels of significance. A significance level is the probability of concluding that the characteristics are different when, in fact, they are the same. For example, to conclude that two characteristics are different at the 0.10 level of significance, the absolute value of the estimated difference between characteristics must be greater than or equal to 1.645 times the standard error of the difference.

The Census Bureau uses 90-percent confidence intervals and 0.10 levels of significance to determine statistical validity. Consult standard statistical textbooks for alternative criteria.

<u>Estimating Standard Errors</u>. The Census Bureau uses replication methods to estimate the standard errors of CPS estimates. These methods primarily measure the magnitude of sampling error. However, they do measure some effects of nonsampling error as well. They do not measure systematic biases in the data associated with nonsampling error. Bias is the average over all possible samples of the differences between the sample estimates and the true value.

There are two ways to calculate standard errors for the CPS microdata file on Internet Use. They are:

- Direct estimates created from replicate weighting methods;
- Generalized variance estimates created from generalized variance function parameters a and b.

While replicate weighting methods provide the most accurate variance estimates, this approach requires more computing resources and more expertise on the part of the user. The Generalized Variance Function (GVF) parameters provide a method of balancing accuracy with resource usage as well as a smoothing effect on standard error estimates across time. For more information on calculating direct estimates, see reference [4]. For more information on generalized variance estimates refer to the "Generalized Variance Parameters" section.

Generalized Variance Parameters. While it is possible to compute and present an estimate of the standard error based on the survey data for each estimate in a report, there are a number of reasons why this is not done. A presentation of the individual standard errors would be of limited use, since one could not possibly predict all of the combinations of results that may be of interest to data users. Additionally, data users have access to CPS microdata files, and it is impossible to compute in advance the standard error for every estimate one might obtain from those data sets. Moreover, variance estimates are based on sample data and have variances of their own. Therefore, some methods of stabilizing these estimates of variance, for example, by generalizing or averaging over time, may be used to improve their reliability.

Experience has shown that certain groups of estimates have similar relationships between their variances and expected values. Modeling or generalizing may provide more stable variance estimates by taking advantage of these similarities. The generalized variance function is a simple model that expresses the variance as a function of the expected value of the survey estimate. The parameters of the generalized variance function are estimated using direct replicate variances. These generalized variance parameters provide a relatively easy method to obtain approximate standard errors for numerous characteristics. In this source and accuracy statement, Table 3 provides the generalized variance parameters for labor force estimates, and Table 4 provides generalized variance parameters for characteristics from the October 2012 supplement. Also, tables are provided that allow the calculation of parameters for prior years and parameters for U.S. states and regions. Table 5 provides factors to derive prior year parameters. Tables 6 and 7 provide factors and population controls to derive state and regional parameters.

The basic CPS questionnaire records the race and ethnicity of each respondent. With respect to race, a respondent can be White, Black, Asian, American Indian and Alaskan Native (AIAN), Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander (NHOPI), or combinations of two or more of the preceding. A respondent's ethnicity can be Hispanic or non-Hispanic, regardless of race.

The generalized variance parameters to use in computing standard errors are dependent upon the race/ethnicity group of interest. The following table summarizes the relationship between the race/ethnicity group of interest and the generalized variance parameters to use in standard error calculations.

Table 2. Estimation Groups of Interest and Generalized Variance Parameters				
Race/ethnicity group of interest	Generalized variance parameters to use in standard error calculations			
Total population	Total or White			
White alone, White AOIC, or White non-Hispanic population	Total or White			
Black alone, Black AOIC, or Black non-Hispanic population	Black			
Asian alone, Asian AOIC, or Asian non-Hispanic population				
AIAN alone, AIAN AOIC, or AIAN non-Hispanic population	Asian, AIAN, NHOPI			
NHOPI alone, NHOPI AOIC, or NHOPI non-Hispanic population	7 ISAMI, 7 III II V, 7 VII OI I			
Populations from other race groups	Asian, AIAN, NHOPI			
Hispanic population	Hispanic			
Two or more races – employment/unemployment and educational attainment characteristics	Black			
Two or more races – all other characteristics	Asian, AIAN, NHOPI			

Notes: (1) AIAN is American Indian and Alaska Native and NHOPI is Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander.

- (2) AOIC is an abbreviation for alone or in combination. The AOIC population for a race group of interest includes people reporting only the race group of interest (alone) and people reporting multiple race categories including the race group of interest (in combination).
- (3) Hispanics may be any race.
- (4) Two or more races refers to the group of cases self-classified as having two or more races.

<u>Standard Errors of Estimated Numbers</u>. The approximate standard error, s_x , of an estimated number from this microdata file can be obtained by using the formula:

$$s_x = \sqrt{ax^2 + bx} \tag{1}$$

Here *x* is the size of the estimate and *a* and *b* are the parameters in Table 3 associated with the particular type of characteristic. When calculating standard errors from cross-tabulations involving different characteristics, use the set of parameters for the characteristic that will give the largest standard error.

Suppose there were 6,217,000 unemployed men (ages 16 and up) in the civilian labor force. Use the appropriate parameters from Table 3 and Formula (1) to get

Illustration 1				
Number of unemployed males in the civilian labor force (<i>x</i>)	6,217,000			
a parameter (a)	-0.000032			
b parameter (b)	2,971			
Standard error	131,000			
90-percent confidence interval	6,002,000 to 6,432,000			

The standard error is calculated as

$$s_x = \sqrt{-0.000032 \times 6,217,000^2 + 2,971 \times 6,217,000} = 131,000$$

The 90-percent confidence interval is calculated as $6,217,000 \pm 1.645 \times 131,000$.

A conclusion that the average estimate derived from all possible samples lies within a range computed in this way would be correct for roughly 90 percent of all possible samples.

Standard Errors of Estimated Percentages. The reliability of an estimated percentage, computed using sample data for both numerator and denominator, depends on both the size of the percentage and its base. Estimated percentages are relatively more reliable than the corresponding estimates of the numerators of the percentages, particularly if the percentages are 50 percent or more. When the numerator and denominator of the percentage are in different categories, use the parameter from Table 3 or 4 as indicated by the numerator.

The approximate standard error, $s_{y,p}$, of an estimated percentage can be obtained by using the formula:

$$s_{y,p} = \sqrt{\frac{b}{y} p(100 - p)}$$
 (2)

Here y is the total number of people, families, households, or unrelated individuals in the base or denominator of the percentage, p is the percentage 100*x/y ($0 \le p \le 100$), and b is the parameter in Table 3 or 4 associated with the characteristic in the numerator of the percentage.

Suppose there were 122,048,000 households in the U.S., and 74.8 percent had an internet connection in their home. Use the appropriate parameter from Table 4 and Formula (2) to get

Illustration 2	
Percentage of households with an internet	74.8
connection (p)	74.0
Base (y)	122,048,000
b parameter (b)	1,860
Standard error	0.17
90-percent confidence interval	74.5 to 75.1

The standard error is calculated as

$$s_{y,p} = \sqrt{\frac{1,860}{122,048,000} \times 74.8 \times (100.0 - 74.8)} = 0.17$$

The 90-percent confidence interval for the estimated percentage of households with an internet connection in the home is from 74.5 to 75.1 percent (i.e., $74.8 \pm 1.645 \times 0.17$).

Standard Errors of Estimated Differences. The standard error of the difference between two sample estimates is approximately equal to

$$s_{x_1 - x_2} = \sqrt{s_{x_1}^2 + s_{x_2}^2} \tag{3}$$

where s_{xI} and s_{x2} are the standard errors of the estimates, s_{xI} and s_{x2} . The estimates can be numbers, percentages, ratios, etc. This will result in accurate estimates of the standard error of the same characteristic in two different areas, or for the difference between separate and uncorrelated characteristics in the same area. However, if there is a high positive (negative) correlation between the two characteristics, the formula will overestimate (underestimate) the true standard error.

Illustration 3

Suppose that of the 24,173,000 rural households in the U.S., 69.8 percent have an internet connection at home, and of the 97,875,000 urban households in the U.S., 76.0 percent have an internet connection at home. Use the appropriate parameters and factors from Table 4 and Formulas (2) and (3) to get

Illustration 3					
	Rural (x_1)	Urban (x_2)	Difference		
Percentage of households with internet connection (<i>p</i>)	69.8	76.0	6.2		
Base (y)	24,173,000	97,875,000	-		
b parameter (b)	2,790	1,860	-		
Standard error	0.49	0.19	0.53		
90-percent confidence interval	69.0 to 70.6	75.7 to 76.3	5.3 to 7.1		

The standard error of the difference is calculated as

$$s_{x_1-x_2} = \sqrt{0.49^2 + 0.19^2} = 0.53$$

The 90-percent confidence interval around the difference is calculated as $6.2 \pm 1.645 \times 0.53$. Since this interval does not include zero, we can conclude with 90 percent confidence that the percentage of rural households with an internet connection is less than the percentage of urban households with an internet connection.

Accuracy of State Estimates. The redesign of the CPS following the 1980 census provided an opportunity to increase efficiency and accuracy of state data. All strata are now defined within state boundaries. The sample is allocated among the states to produce state and national estimates with the required accuracy while keeping total sample size to a minimum. Improved accuracy of state data was achieved with about the same sample size as in the 1970 design.

Since the CPS is designed to produce both state and national estimates, the proportion of the total population sampled and the sampling rates differ among the states. In general, the smaller the population of the state the larger the sampling proportion. For example, in Vermont approximately 1 in every 250 households is sampled each month. In New York the sample is about 1 in every 2,000 households. Nevertheless, the size of the sample in New York is four times larger than in Vermont because New York has a larger population.

Standard Errors of State Estimates. The standard error for a state may be obtained by determining new state-level a and b parameters and then using these adjusted parameters in the standard error formulas mentioned previously. To determine a new state-level b parameter (b_{state}), multiply the b parameter from Table 3 or 4 by the state factor from Table 5. To determine a new state-level a parameter (a_{state}), use the following:

- (1) If the *a* parameter from Table 3 or 4 is positive, multiply it by the state factor from Table 5.
- (2) If the *a* parameter in Table 3 or 4 is negative, calculate the new state-level *a* parameter as follows:

$$a_{\text{state}} = \frac{-b_{\text{state}}}{\text{POP}_{\text{cross}}} \tag{4}$$

where POP_{state} is the state population found in Table 5.

Illustration 4

Suppose there were 10,503,000 of 13,427,000 households in California, or 78.2 percent, with an internet connection in the home. Use Formula (2) and the appropriate parameter, factor, and population from Tables 4 and 5 to get

Illustration 4	
Percent of households in California with an internet	78.2
connection (p)	76.2
Base (x)	13,427,000
b parameter (b)	1,860
California state factor	1.14
State b parameter (b_{state})	2,120
Standard error	0.52
90-percent confidence interval	77.3 to 79.1

Obtain the state-level *b* parameter by multiplying the *b* parameter, 1,860, by the state factor, 1.14. This gives $b_{state} = 1,860 \times 1.14 = 2,120$.

The standard error of the estimate of the number of California households with an internet connection can then be found by using Formula (2) and the new state-level *b* parameter, 2,120. The standard error is given by

$$s_{y,p} = \sqrt{\frac{2,120}{13,427,000} \times 78.2 \times (100 - 78.2)} = 0.52$$

and the 90-percent confidence interval of the number of California households with an internet connection is calculated as $78.2 \pm 1.645 \times 0.52$.

<u>Standard Errors of Regional Estimates</u>. To compute standard errors for regional estimates, follow the steps for computing standard errors for state estimates found in "Standard Errors of State Estimates" using the regional factors and populations found in Table 6.

Illustration 5

Suppose there were 9,361,000 households in the South where no one used the internet. Use Formulas (1) and (4) and the appropriate parameter, factor, and population from Tables 4 and 6 to get

Illustration 5	
Number of households in the South with no	9,361,000
internet use (x)	9,301,000
b parameter (b)	1,860
South regional factor	1.07
Regional population	115,165,335
Regional a parameter (a_{region})	-0.000017
Regional b parameter (b_{region})	1,990
Standard error	131,000
90-percent confidence interval	9,146,000 to 9,576,000

Obtain the region-level *b* parameter by multiplying the *b* parameter, 1,860, by the regional factor, 1.07. This gives $b_{region} = 1,860 \times 1.07 = 1,990$. Obtain the needed region-level *a* parameter by

$$a_{region} = \frac{-1,990}{115,165,335} = -0.000017$$

The standard error of the estimate of the number of households in the South with no one using the internet can be found by using Formula (1) and the new region-level *a* and *b* parameters, -0.000017 and 1,990, respectively. The standard error is given by

$$s_x = \sqrt{-0.000017 \times 9,361,000^2 + 1,990 \times 9,361,000} = 131,000$$

and the 90-percent confidence interval of the number of households in the South without internet use is calculated as $9,361,000 \pm 1.645 \times 131,000$.

<u>Standard Errors of Groups of States</u>. The standard error calculation for a group of states is similar to the standard error calculation for a single state. First, calculate a new state group factor for the group of states. Then, determine new state group *a* and *b* parameters. Finally, use these adjusted parameters in the standard error formulas mentioned previously. Use the following formula to determine a new state group factor:

$$state group factor = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{n} POP_{i} \times state factor_{i}}{\sum_{i=1}^{n} POP_{i}}$$
 (5)

where POP_i and $state\ factor_i$ are the population and factor for state i from Table 5. To obtain a new state group b parameter ($b_{state\ group}$), multiply the b parameter from Table 3 or 4 by the state factor obtained by Formula (5). To determine a new state group a parameter ($a_{state\ group}$), use the following:

(1) If the *a* parameter in Table 3 or 4 is positive, multiply it by the state group factor determined by Formula (5).

(2) If the *a* parameter in Table 3 or 4 is negative, calculate the new state group *a* parameter as follows:

$$a_{\text{state group}} = \frac{-b_{\text{state group}}}{\sum_{i=1}^{n} POP_{i}}$$
 (6)

Illustration 6

Suppose the state group factor for the state group Arkansas-Louisiana-Alabama was required. The appropriate factor would be

state group factor =
$$\frac{2,909,026 \times 0.70 + 4,507,921 \times 1.09 + 4,750,717 \times 1.09}{2,909,026 + 4,507,921 + 4,750,717} = 1.00$$

<u>Standard Errors of Quarterly or Yearly Averages</u>. For information on calculating standard errors for labor force data from the CPS which involve quarterly or yearly averages, please see the "Explanatory Notes and Estimates of Error: Household Data" section in *Employment and Earnings*, a monthly report published by the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics.

<u>Technical Assistance</u>. If you require assistance or additional information, please contact the Demographic Statistical Methods Division via e-mail at <u>dsmd.source.and.accuracy@census.gov</u>.

Table 3. Parameters for Computation of Standard Errors for Labor Force Characteristics: October 2012

Characteristic	a	b
Total or White		
Civilian labor force, employed	-0.000016	3,068
Not in labor force	-0.000009	1,833
Unemployed	-0.000016	3,096
Civilian labor force, employed, not in labor force, and unemployed		
Men	-0.000032	2,971
Women	-0.000031	2,782
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	-0.000022	3,096
Black		
Civilian labor force, employed, not in labor force, and unemployed		
Total	-0.000151	3,455
Men	-0.000311	3,357
Women	-0.000252	3,062
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	-0.001632	3,455
Hispanic, may be of any race		
Civilian labor force, employed, not in labor force, and unemployed		
Total	-0.000141	3,455
Men	-0.000253	3,357
Women	-0.000266	3,062
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	-0.001528	3,455
Asian, American Indian and Alaska Native, Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander		
Civilian labor force, employed, not in labor force, and unemployed		
Total	-0.000346	3,198
Men	-0.000729	3,198
Women	-0.000659	3,198
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	-0.004146	3,198

Notes: (1) These parameters are to be applied to basic CPS monthly labor force estimates.

- (2) The Total or White, Black, and Asian, AIAN, NHOPI parameters are to be used for both alone and in combination race group estimates.
- (3) For nonmetropolitan characteristics, multiply the *a* and *b* parameters by 1.5. If the characteristic of interest is total state population, not subtotaled by race or ethnicity, the *a* and *b* parameters are zero.
- (4) For foreign-born and noncitizen characteristics for Total and White, the *a* and *b* parameters should be multiplied by 1.3. No adjustment is necessary for foreign-born and noncitizen characteristics for Black, Hispanic, and Asian, AIAN, NHOPI parameters.
- (5) For the groups self-classified as having two or more races, use the Asian, AIAN, NHOPI parameters for all employment characteristics.

Table 4. Parameters for Computation of Standard Errors for Internet Use Characteristics:								
October 2012								
Characteristics	Total or White		Black		Asian, AIAN, NHOPI		Hispanic	
	a	b	a	b	a	b	a	b
PEOPLE								
Educational attainment	-0.000009	2,131	-0.000047	2,410	-0.000092	1,946	-0.000064	2,745
People by family income	-0.000018	4,408	-0.000097	5,047	-0.000238	5,047	-0.000199	8,505
Income	-0.000009	2,207	-0.000049	2,527	-0.000119	2,527	-0.000100	4,259
Marital status, household, and family	-0.000015	4,687	-0.000099	6,733	-0.000241	6,733	-0.000214	11,347
Below poverty	-0.000030	9,336	-0.000138	9,336	-0.000334	9,336	-0.000297	15,733
FAMILIES, HOUSEHOLDS, OR UNRELATE	D INDIVIDI	UALS						
Income	-0.000008	2,016	-0.000042	2,201	-0.000104	2,201	-0.000087	3,709
Marital status, household, and family								
Educational attainment, population by age/sex	-0.000007	1,860	-0.000032	1,683	-0.000079	1,683	-0.000066	2,836
Poverty	0.000092	2,196	0.000092	2,196	0.000092	2,196	0.000155	3,701

Notes: (1) These parameters are to be applied to the October 2012 Internet Use Supplement data.

- (2) AIAN is American Indian and Alaska Native and NHOPI is Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander.
- (3) Hispanics may be any race. For a more detailed discussion on the use of parameters for race and ethnicity, please see the "Generalized Variance Parameters" section.
- (4) The Total or White, Black, and Asian, AIAN, NHOPI parameters are to be used for both alone and in combination race group estimates.
- (5) For nonmetropolitan characteristics, multiply the *a* and *b* parameters by 1.5. If the characteristic of interest is total state population, not subtotaled by race or ethnicity, the *a* and *b* parameters are zero.
- (6) For foreign-born and noncitizen characteristics for Total and White, the *a* and *b* parameters should be multiplied by 1.3. No adjustment is necessary for foreign-born and noncitizen characteristics for Black, Asian, AIAN, NHOPI, and Hispanic parameters.
- (7) For the group self-classified as having two or more races, use the Asian, AIAN, NHOPI parameters for all characteristics except employment, unemployment, and educational attainment, in which case use Black parameters.

Table 5. Factors and Populations for State Standard Errors and Parameters:							
		Octob	er 2012				
State	Factor	Population	State	Factor	Population		
Alabama	1.09	4,750,717	Montana	0.25	991,297		
Alaska	0.18	704,703	Nebraska	0.47	1,832,485		
Arizona	1.13	6,442,182	Nevada	0.65	2,702,199		
Arkansas	0.70	2,909,026	New Hampshire	0.37	1,304,459		
California	1.14	37,547,986	New Jersey	1.14	8,752,636		
Colorado	1.14	5,095,220	New Mexico	0.51	2,061,984		
Connecticut	0.91	3,537,373	New York	1.16	19,331,800		
Delaware	0.23	900,287	North Carolina	1.13	9,551,295		
District of Columbia	0.18	624,955	North Dakota	0.17	681,141		
Florida	1.10	19,014,587	Ohio	1.13	11,405,948		
Georgia	1.11	9,699,469	Oklahoma	0.94	3,747,823		
Hawaii	0.31	1,334,415	Oregon	1.00	3,869,986		
Idaho	0.35	1,579,203	Pennsylvania	1.13	12,615,765		
Illinois	1.13	12,732,823	Rhode Island	0.30	1,035,351		
Indiana	1.11	6,460,572	South Carolina	1.11	4,618,122		
Iowa	0.79	3,043,495	South Dakota	0.18	816,473		
Kansas	0.74	2,830,810	Tennessee	1.12	6,354,592		
Kentucky	1.11	4,306,349	Texas	1.14	25,677,679		
Louisiana	1.09	4,507,921	Utah	0.54	2,838,506		
Maine	0.42	1,316,906	Vermont	0.19	620,434		
Maryland	1.16	5,784,499	Virginia	1.12	7,963,607		
Massachusetts	1.11	6,556,120	Washington	1.15	6,806,433		
Michigan	1.13	9,776,587	West Virginia	0.41	1,832,408		
Minnesota	1.11	5,329,678	Wisconsin	1.13	5,668,576		
Mississippi	0.73	2,921,999	Wyoming	0.15	562,115		
Missouri	1.15	5,927,386					

Notes: (1) The state population counts in this table are for the 0+ population.

⁽²⁾ For foreign-born and noncitizen characteristics for Total and White, the *a* and *b* parameters should be multiplied by 1.3. No adjustment is necessary for foreign-born and noncitizen characteristics for Black, Asian, AIAN, NHOPI, and Hispanic parameters.

Table 6. Factors and Populations for Regional Standard Errors and Parameters: October 2012						
Region Factor Population						
Northeast Midwest South West	1.06 1.06 1.07 1.02	55,070,844 66,505,974 115,165,335 72,536,229				

Notes: (1) The census regional population counts in this table are for the 0+ population.

(2) For foreign-born and noncitizen characteristics for Total and White, the *a* and *b* parameters should be multiplied by 1.3. No adjustment is necessary for foreign-born and noncitizen characteristics for Black, Asian, AIAN, NHOPI, and Hispanic parameters.

REFERENCES

- [1] Bureau of Labor Statistics. 2004. *Employment and Earnings*. "Redesign of the Sample for the Current Population Survey." Volume 51 Number 11, May 2004. Washington, DC: Government Printing Office. pp 4-6.
- [2] U.S. Census Bureau. 2006. *Current Population Survey: Design and Methodology*. Technical Paper 66. Washington, DC: Government Printing Office. (http://www.census.gov/prod/2006pubs/tp-66.pdf)
- [3] Brooks, C.A. and Bailar, B.A. 1978. *Statistical Policy Working Paper 3 An Error Profile: Employment as Measured by the Current Population Survey*. Subcommittee on Nonsampling Errors, Federal Committee on Statistical Methodology, U.S. Department of Commerce, Washington, DC. (http://www.fcsm.gov/working-papers/spp.html)
- [4] U.S. Census Bureau, July 15, 2009, "Estimating ASEC Variances with Replicate Weights Part I: Instructions for Using the ASEC Public Use Replicate Weight File to Create ASEC Variance Estimates."

 http://usa.ipums.org/usa/repwt/Use_of_the_Public_Use_Replicate_Weight_File_final_PR.doc
 Accessed: January 5, 2012

Source of the Data and Accuracy of the Estimates for the October 2012 CPS Microdata File on School Enrollment

SOURCE OF THE DATA

The data in this microdata file are from the October 2012 Current Population Survey (CPS). The U.S. Census Bureau conducts the CPS every month, although this file has only October data. The October survey uses two sets of questions, the basic CPS and a set of supplemental questions. The CPS, sponsored jointly by the Census Bureau and the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, is the country's primary source of labor force statistics for the entire population. The Census Bureau and the National Center for Educational Statistics also jointly sponsor the supplemental questions for October.

<u>Basic CPS</u>. The monthly CPS collects primarily labor force data about the civilian noninstitutionalized population living in the United States. The institutionalized population, which is excluded from the population universe, is composed primarily of the population in correctional institutions and nursing homes (98 percent of the 4 million institutionalized people in Census 2010). Interviewers ask questions concerning labor force participation about each member 15 years old and over in sample households. Typically, the week containing the nineteenth of the month is the interview week. The week containing the twelfth is the reference week (i.e., the week about which the labor force questions are asked).

The CPS uses a multistage probability sample based on the results of the decennial census, with coverage in all 50 states and the District of Columbia. The sample is continually updated to account for new residential construction. When files from the most recent decennial census become available, the Census Bureau gradually introduces a new sample design for the CPS.

In April 2004, the Census Bureau began phasing out the 1990 sample¹ and replacing it with the 2000 sample, creating a mixed sampling frame. Two simultaneous changes occurred during this phase-in period. First, primary sampling units (PSUs)² selected for only the 2000 design gradually replaced those selected for the 1990 design. This involved 10 percent of the sample. Second, within PSUs selected for both the 1990 and 2000 designs, sample households from the 2000 design gradually replaced sample households from the 1990 design. This involved about 90 percent of the sample. The new sample design was completely implemented by July 2005.

In the first stage of the sampling process, PSUs are selected for sample. The United States is divided into 2,025 PSUs. The PSUs were redefined for this design to correspond to the Office of Management and Budget definitions of Core-Based Statistical Area definitions and to improve efficiency in field operations. These PSUs are grouped into 824 strata. Within each stratum, a single PSU is chosen for the sample, with its probability of selection proportional to its

_

For detailed information on the 2000 sample redesign, please see reference [1].

The PSUs correspond to substate areas (i.e., counties or groups of counties) that are geographically contiguous.

population as of the most recent decennial census. This PSU represents the entire stratum from which it was selected. In the case of strata consisting of only one PSU, the PSU is chosen with certainty.

Approximately 72,000 housing units were selected for sample from the sampling frame in October. Based on eligibility criteria, 11 percent of these housing units were sent directly to computer-assisted telephone interviewing (CATI). The remaining units were assigned to interviewers for computer-assisted personal interviewing (CAPI).³ Of all housing units in sample, about 60,000 were determined to be eligible for interview. Interviewers obtained interviews at about 54,000 of these units. Noninterviews occur when the occupants are not found at home after repeated calls or are unavailable for some other reason.

<u>October 2012 Supplement</u>. In October 2012, in addition to the basic CPS questions, interviewers asked supplementary questions of household members three years old and over on school enrollment.

Estimation Procedure. This survey's estimation procedure adjusts weighted sample results to agree with independently derived population estimates of the civilian noninstitutionalized population of the United States and each state (including the District of Columbia). These population estimates, used as controls for the CPS, are prepared monthly to agree with the most current set of population estimates that are released as part of the Census Bureau's population estimates and projections program.

The population controls for the nation are distributed by demographic characteristics in two ways:

- Age, sex, and race (White alone, Black alone, and all other groups combined).
- Age, sex, and Hispanic origin.

The population controls for the states are distributed by race (Black alone and all other race groups combined), age (0-15, 16-44, and 45 and over), and sex.

The independent estimates by age, sex, race, and Hispanic origin, and for states by selected age groups and broad race categories, are developed using the basic demographic accounting formula whereby the population from the 2010 Census data is updated using data on the components of population change (births, deaths, and net international migration) with net internal migration as an additional component in the state population estimates.

_

For further information on CATI and CAPI and the eligibility criteria, please see reference [2].

The net international migration component in the population estimates includes a combination of the following:

- Net international migration of the foreign born;
- Net migration between the United States and Puerto Rico;
- Net migration of natives to and from the United States; and
- Net movement of the Armed Forces population to and from the United States.

Because the latest available information on these components lags the survey date, it is necessary to make short-term projections of these components to develop the estimate for the survey date.

ACCURACY OF THE ESTIMATES

A sample survey estimate has two types of error: sampling and nonsampling. The accuracy of an estimate depends on both types of error. The nature of the sampling error is known given the survey design; the full extent of the nonsampling error is unknown.

<u>Sampling Error</u>. Since the CPS estimates come from a sample, they may differ from figures from an enumeration of the entire population using the same questionnaires, instructions, and enumerators. For a given estimator, the difference between an estimate based on a sample and the estimate that would result if the sample were to include the entire population is known as sampling error. Standard errors, as calculated by methods described in "Standard Errors and Their Use," are primarily measures of the magnitude of sampling error. However, they may include some nonsampling error.

Nonsampling Error. For a given estimator, the difference between the estimate that would result if the sample were to include the entire population and the true population value being estimated is known as nonsampling error. There are several sources of nonsampling error that may occur during the development or execution of the survey. It can occur because of circumstances created by the interviewer, the respondent, the survey instrument, or the way the data are collected and processed. For example, errors could occur because:

- The interviewer records the wrong answer, the respondent provides incorrect information, the respondent estimates the requested information, or an unclear survey question is misunderstood by the respondent (measurement error).
- Some individuals who should have been included in the survey frame were missed (coverage error).
- Responses are not collected from all those in the sample or the respondent is unwilling to provide information (nonresponse error).
- Values are estimated imprecisely for missing data (imputation error).
- Forms may be lost, data may be incorrectly keyed, coded, or recoded, etc. (processing error).

To minimize these errors, the Census Bureau applies quality control procedures during all stages of the production process including the design of the survey, the wording of questions, the review of the work of interviewers and coders, and the statistical review of reports.

Two types of nonsampling error that can be examined to a limited extent are nonresponse and undercoverage.

<u>Nonresponse</u>. The effect of nonresponse cannot be measured directly, but one indication of its potential effect is the nonresponse rate. For the October 2012 basic CPS, the household-level nonresponse rate was 9.6 percent. The person-level nonresponse rate for the school enrollment supplement was an additional 9.2 percent.

Since the basic CPS nonresponse rate is a household-level rate and the school enrollment supplement nonresponse rate is a person-level rate, we cannot combine these rates to derive an overall nonresponse rate. Nonresponding households may have fewer persons than interviewed ones, so combining these rates may lead to an overestimate of the true overall nonresponse rate for persons for the school enrollment supplement.

<u>Coverage</u>. The concept of coverage in the survey sampling process is the extent to which the total population that could be selected for sample "covers" the survey's target population. Missed housing units and missed people within sample households create undercoverage in the CPS. Overall CPS undercoverage for October 2012 is estimated to be about 14 percent. CPS coverage varies with age, sex, and race. Generally, coverage is larger for females than for males and larger for non-Blacks than for Blacks. This differential coverage is a general problem for most household-based surveys.

The CPS weighting procedure partially corrects for bias from undercoverage, but biases may still be present when people who are missed by the survey differ from those interviewed in ways other than age, race, sex, Hispanic origin, and state of residence. How this weighting procedure affects other variables in the survey is not precisely known. All of these considerations affect comparisons across different surveys or data sources.

A common measure of survey coverage is the coverage ratio, calculated as the estimated population before poststratification divided by the independent population control. Table 1 shows October 2012 CPS coverage ratios by age and sex for certain race and Hispanic groups. The CPS coverage ratios can exhibit some variability from month to month.

	Table 1. CPS Coverage Ratios: October 2012										
	<u>Total</u>			White only		Black only		Residual race		Hispanic	
Age group	All people	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
0-15	0.87	0.87	0.86	0.92	0.89	0.74	0.78	0.76	0.78	0.86	0.83
16-19	0.81	0.81	0.80	0.84	0.85	0.70	0.67	0.78	0.71	0.84	0.84
20-24	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.78	0.79	0.63	0.63	0.68	0.68	0.71	0.69
25-34	0.82	0.80	0.85	0.82	0.87	0.73	0.82	0.71	0.76	0.71	0.83
35-44	0.87	0.85	0.89	0.89	0.93	0.72	0.78	0.74	0.77	0.84	0.89
45-54	0.88	0.87	0.89	0.89	0.91	0.73	0.80	0.84	0.86	0.81	0.87
55-64	0.89	0.88	0.90	0.89	0.91	0.83	0.84	0.86	0.78	0.80	0.88
65+	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.93	0.92	0.95	0.94	0.80	0.82	0.86	0.82
15+	0.86	0.85	0.87	0.87	0.89	0.75	0.79	0.77	0.78	0.79	0.84
0+	0.86	0.85	0.87	0.88	0.89	0.75	0.79	0.76	0.78	0.81	0.84

Notes: (1) The Residual race group includes cases indicating a single race other than White or Black, and cases indicating two or more races.

(2) Hispanics may be any race. For a more detailed discussion on the use of parameters for race and ethnicity, please see the "Generalized Variance Parameters" section.

<u>Comparability of Data</u>. Data obtained from the CPS and other sources are not entirely comparable. This results from differences in interviewer training and experience and in differing survey processes. This is an example of nonsampling variability not reflected in the standard errors. Therefore, caution should be used when comparing results from different sources.

Data users should be careful when comparing the data from this microdata file, which reflects Census 2010-based controls, with microdata files from January 2003 through December 2011, which reflect 2000 census-based controls. Ideally, the same population controls should be used when comparing any estimates. In reality, the use of the same population controls is not practical when comparing trend data over a period of 10 to 20 years. Thus, when it is necessary to combine or compare data based on different controls or different designs, data users should be aware that changes in weighting controls or weighting procedures can create small differences between estimates. See the discussion following for information on comparing estimates derived from different controls or different sample designs.

Microdata files from previous years reflect the latest available census-based controls. Although the most recent change in population controls had relatively little impact on summary measures such as averages, medians, and percentage distributions, it did have a significant impact on levels. For example, use of Census 2010-based controls results in about a 0.2 percent increase from the 2000 census-based controls in the civilian noninstitutionalized population and in the number of families and households. Thus, estimates of levels for data collected in 2012 and later years will differ from those for earlier years by more than what could be attributed to actual changes in the population. These differences could be disproportionately greater for certain population subgroups than for the total population.

Users should also exercise caution because of changes caused by the phase-in of the Census 2000 files (see "Basic CPS")⁴. During this time period, CPS data were collected from sample designs based on different censuses. Three features of the new CPS design have the potential of affecting published estimates: (1) the temporary disruption of the rotation pattern from August 2004 through June 2005 for a comparatively small portion of the sample, (2) the change in sample areas, and (3) the introduction of the new Core-Based Statistical Areas (formerly called metropolitan areas). Most of the known effect on estimates during and after the sample redesign will be the result of changing from 1990 to 2000 geographic definitions. Research has shown that the national-level estimates of the metropolitan and nonmetropolitan populations should not change appreciably because of the new sample design. However, users should still exercise caution when comparing metropolitan and nonmetropolitan estimates across years with a design change, especially at the state level.

Caution should also be used when comparing Hispanic estimates over time. No independent population control totals for people of Hispanic origin were used before 1985.

A Nonsampling Error Warning. Since the full extent of the nonsampling error is unknown, one should be particularly careful when interpreting results based on small differences between estimates. The Census Bureau recommends that data users incorporate information about nonsampling errors into their analyses, as nonsampling error could impact the conclusions drawn from the results. Caution should also be used when interpreting results based on a relatively small number of cases. Summary measures (such as medians and percentage distributions) probably do not reveal useful information when computed on a subpopulation smaller than 75,000.

For additional information on nonsampling error including the possible impact on CPS data when known, refer to references [2] and [3].

Standard Errors and Their Use. The sample estimate and its standard error enable one to construct a confidence interval. A confidence interval is a range about a given estimate that has a specified probability of containing the average result of all possible samples. For example, if all possible samples were surveyed under essentially the same general conditions and using the same sample design, and if an estimate and its standard error were calculated from each sample, then approximately 90 percent of the intervals from 1.645 standard errors below the estimate to 1.645 standard errors above the estimate would include the average result of all possible samples.

A particular confidence interval may or may not contain the average estimate derived from all possible samples, but one can say with specified confidence that the interval includes the average estimate calculated from all possible samples.

The phase-in process using the 2010 Census files will begin April 2014.

Standard errors may also be used to perform hypothesis testing, a procedure for distinguishing between population parameters using sample estimates. The most common type of hypothesis is that the population parameters are different. An example of this would be comparing the percentage of men who were part-time workers to the percentage of women who were part-time workers.

Tests may be performed at various levels of significance. A significance level is the probability of concluding that the characteristics are different when, in fact, they are the same. For example, to conclude that two characteristics are different at the 0.10 level of significance, the absolute value of the estimated difference between characteristics must be greater than or equal to 1.645 times the standard error of the difference.

The Census Bureau uses 90-percent confidence intervals and 0.10 levels of significance to determine statistical validity. Consult standard statistical textbooks for alternative criteria.

<u>Estimating Standard Errors</u>. The Census Bureau uses replication methods to estimate the standard errors of CPS estimates. These methods primarily measure the magnitude of sampling error. However, they do measure some effects of nonsampling error as well. They do not measure systematic biases in the data associated with nonsampling error. Bias is the average over all possible samples of the differences between the sample estimates and the true value.

Generalized Variance Parameters. While it is possible to compute and present an estimate of the standard error based on the survey data for each estimate in a report, there are a number of reasons why this is not done. A presentation of the individual standard errors would be of limited use, since one could not possibly predict all of the combinations of results that may be of interest to data users. Additionally, data users have access to CPS microdata files, and it is impossible to compute in advance the standard error for every estimate one might obtain from those data sets. Moreover, variance estimates are based on sample data and have variances of their own. Therefore, some methods of stabilizing these estimates of variance, for example, by generalizing or averaging over time, may be used to improve their reliability.

Experience has shown that certain groups of estimates have similar relationships between their variances and expected values. Modeling or generalizing may provide more stable variance estimates by taking advantage of these similarities. The generalized variance function is a simple model that expresses the variance as a function of the expected value of the survey estimate. The parameters of the generalized variance function are estimated using direct replicate variances. These generalized variance parameters provide a relatively easy method to obtain approximate standard errors for numerous characteristics. In this source and accuracy statement, Table 4 provides the generalized variance parameters for labor force estimates, and Table 5 provides generalized variance parameters for characteristics from the October 2012 supplement. Also, tables are provided that allow the calculation of parameters for prior years and parameters for U.S. states and regions. Tables 6 and 7 provide factors to derive prior year parameters. Table 8 provides factors and population controls to derive U.S. state and regional parameters.

The basic CPS questionnaire records the race and ethnicity of each respondent. With respect to race, a respondent can be White, Black, Asian, American Indian and Alaskan Native (AIAN), Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander (NHOPI), or combinations of two or more of the preceding. A respondent's ethnicity can be Hispanic or non-Hispanic, regardless of race.

The generalized variance parameters to use in computing standard errors are dependent upon the race/ethnicity group of interest. The following table summarizes the relationship between the race/ethnicity group of interest and the generalized variance parameters to use in standard error calculations.

Table 2. Estimation Groups of Interest and Generalized Variance Parameters						
Race/ethnicity group of interest	Generalized variance parameters to use in standard error calculations					
Total population	Total or White					
White alone, White AOIC, or White non-Hispanic population	Total or White					
Black alone, Black AOIC, or Black non-Hispanic population	Black					
Asian alone, Asian AOIC, or Asian non-Hispanic population						
AIAN alone, AIAN AOIC, or AIAN non-Hispanic population	Asian, AIAN, NHOPI					
NHOPI alone, NHOPI AOIC, or NHOPI non-Hispanic population	7 KSIGHI, 7 KF 13, 13 F 10 F 1					
Populations from other race groups	Asian, AIAN, NHOPI					
Hispanic population	Hispanic					
Two or more races – employment/unemployment and educational attainment characteristics	Black					
Two or more races – all other characteristics	Asian, AIAN, NHOPI					

Notes: (1) AIAN is American Indian and Alaska Native and NHOPI is Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander.

- (2) AOIC is an abbreviation for alone or in combination. The AOIC population for a race group of interest includes people reporting only the race group of interest (alone) and people reporting multiple race categories including the race group of interest (in combination).
- (3) Hispanics may be any race.
- (4) Two or more races refers to the group of cases self-classified as having two or more races.

<u>Standard Errors of Estimated Numbers</u>. The approximate standard error, s_x , of an estimated number from this microdata file can be obtained by using the formula:

$$s_x = \sqrt{ax^2 + bx} \tag{1}$$

Here *x* is the size of the estimate and *a* and *b* are the parameters in Table 4 associated with the particular type of characteristic. When calculating standard errors from cross-tabulations involving different characteristics, use the set of parameters for the characteristic that will give the largest standard error.

Illustration 1

Suppose there were 6,217,000 unemployed men (ages 16 and up) in the civilian labor force. Use the appropriate parameters from Table 4 and Formula (1) to get

Number of unemployed males in the civilian labor force (<i>x</i>)	6,217,000
a parameter (a)	-0.000032
b parameter (b)	2,971
Standard error	131,000
90-percent confidence interval	6,002,000 to 6,432,000

The standard error is calculated as

$$s_x = \sqrt{-0.000032 \times 6,217,000^2 + 2,971 \times 6,217,000} = 131,000$$

The 90-percent confidence interval is calculated as $6,217,000 \pm 1.645 \times 131,000$.

A conclusion that the average estimate derived from all possible samples lies within a range computed in this way would be correct for roughly 90 percent of all possible samples.

<u>Standard Errors of Estimated School Enrollment Numbers</u>. The approximate standard error, s_x , of an estimated school enrollment number from this microdata file can be obtained by using the formula:

$$s_{x} = \sqrt{-\left(\frac{b}{T}\right)x^{2} + bx} \tag{2}$$

Here *x* is the size of the estimate, *T* is the population control in Table 3 for the total number of persons in a specific age group and *b* is the parameter in Table 5 associated with the particular type of characteristic. If Table 3 does not contain the age group of interest, use the smallest age group available in the table that does contain the age group of interest. When calculating standard errors for numbers from cross-tabulations involving different characteristics, use the set of parameters for the characteristic that will give the largest standard error.

Table 3. Po	opulation Con		ol Enrollment	Age Groups:
Age group	Total or White	October 2012 Black	Asian, AIAN, NHOPI	Hispanic
3+	298,399,362	65,552,779	26,926,726	52,981,284
3-4	9,184,755	3,357,997	1,523,878	5,231,714
3-6	18,515,568	6,683,578	3,007,911	10,298,058
3-17	71,323,636	19,506,009	8,292,170	19,581,372
3-24	93,216,533	25,059,076	10,487,071	24,125,756
5-24	84,031,778	21,701,079	8,963,193	18,894,042
6-13	33,992,404	9,742,581	4,225,548	10,691,800
14-17	25,139,498	6,405,431	2,542,744	9,283,314
15+	248,516,482	51,823,791	21,177,300	42,683,226
15-17	21,440,756	5,777,021	2,542,744	9,283,314
15-19	21,440,756	5,777,021	2,542,744	9,283,314
15-24	43,333,653	11,330,088	4,737,645	13,827,698
16-17	16,907,036	4,302,832	1,687,906	3,657,858
16-24	38,799,933	9,855,899	3,882,807	8,202,242
18-19	16,907,036	4,302,832	1,687,906	3,657,858
18-24	38,799,933	9,855,899	3,882,807	8,202,242
20-21	21,892,897	5,553,067	2,194,901	4,544,384
20-24	21,892,897	5,553,067	2,194,901	4,544,384
22-24	21,892,897	5,553,067	2,194,901	4,544,384
25+	205,182,829	40,493,703	16,439,655	28,855,528
25-29	20,674,143	4,934,189	2,155,182	4,293,826
25-34	41,110,779	9,785,722	4,304,878	8,548,048
30-34	20,436,636	4,851,533	2,149,696	4,254,222
35+	164,072,050	30,707,981	12,134,777	20,307,480

Notes:

- (1) AIAN is American Indian and Alaska Native and NHOPI is Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander.
- (2) Hispanics may be any race.

Suppose there were 4,289,000 three and four year olds enrolled in school and 8,014,000 total children in that age group. Use the appropriate *b* parameter from Table 5 and Formula (2) to get

Number of three and four year olds enrolled in school (x)	4,289,000
Total (T)	8,014,000
b parameter (b)	2,453
Standard error	70,000
90-percent confidence interval	4,174,000 to 4,404,000

The standard error is calculated as

$$s_x = \sqrt{-\left(\frac{2,453}{8,014,000}\right) \times 4,289,000^2 + 2,453 \times 4,289,000} = 70,000$$

The 90-percent confidence interval is calculated as $4,289,000 \pm 1.645 \times 70,000$.

A conclusion that the average estimate derived from all possible samples lies within a range computed in this way would be correct for roughly 90 percent of all possible samples.

Standard Errors of Estimated Percentages. The reliability of an estimated percentage, computed using sample data for both numerator and denominator, depends on both the size of the percentage and its base. Estimated percentages are relatively more reliable than the corresponding estimates of the numerators of the percentages, particularly if the percentages are 50 percent or more. When the numerator and denominator of the percentage are in different categories, use the parameter from Table 4 or 5 as indicated by the numerator.

The approximate standard error, $s_{y,p}$, of an estimated percentage can be obtained by using the formula:

$$s_{y,p} = \sqrt{\frac{b}{y}p(100-p)}$$
 (3)

Here y is the total number of people, families, households, or unrelated individuals in the base of the percentage, p is the percentage (0 # p #100), and b is the parameter in Table 4 or 5 associated with the characteristic in the numerator of the percentage.

Suppose there were 17,354,000 people aged 18 to 21, and 49.4 percent were enrolled in college. Use the appropriate parameter from Table 5 and Formula (3) to get

Percentage of people aged 18-21 enrolled in	49.4
college (p)	77.7
Base (y)	17,354,000
b parameter (b)	2,131
Standard error	0.55
90-percent confidence interval	48.50 to 50.30

The standard error is calculated as

$$s_{y,p} = \sqrt{\frac{2,131}{17,354,000} \times 49.4 \times (100.0 - 49.4)} = 0.55$$

The 90-percent confidence interval for the estimated percentage of people aged 18 to 21 enrolled in college is from 48.50 to 50.30 percent (i.e., $49.4 \pm 1.645 \times 0.55$).

Standard Errors of Estimated Differences. The standard error of the difference between two sample estimates is approximately equal to

$$S_{x_1-x_2} = \sqrt{S_{x_1}^2 + S_{x_2}^2} \tag{4}$$

where s_{x1} and s_{x2} are the standard errors of the estimates, x_1 and x_2 . The estimates can be numbers, percentages, ratios, etc. This will result in accurate estimates of the standard error of the same characteristic in two different areas, or for the difference between separate and uncorrelated characteristics in the same area. However, if there is a high positive (negative) correlation between the two characteristics, the formula will overestimate (underestimate) the true standard error.

Suppose that of the 7,081,000 employed men between 20-24 years of age, 32.6 percent were part-time workers, and of the 6,454,000 employed women between 20-24 years of age, 42.6 percent were part-time workers. Use the appropriate parameters from Table 4 and Formulas (3) and (4) to get

	Male (x_1)	Female (x_2)	Difference
Percentage working part-time (<i>p</i>)	32.6	42.6	10.0
Base (y)	7,081,000	6,454,000	-
b parameter (b)	2,971	2,782	-
Standard error	0.96	1.03	1.41
90-percent confidence interval	31.02 to 34.18	40.91 to 44.29	7.68 to 12.32

The standard error of the difference is calculated as

$$s_{x_1-x_2} = \sqrt{0.96^2 + 1.03^2} = 1.41$$

The 90-percent confidence interval around the difference is calculated as $10.0 \pm 1.645 \times 1.41$. Since this interval does not include zero, we can conclude with 90 percent confidence that the percentage of part-time women workers between 20-24 years of age is greater than the percentage of part-time men workers between 20-24 years of age.

<u>Standard Errors of Quarterly or Yearly Averages</u>. For information on calculating standard errors for labor force data from the CPS which involve quarterly or yearly averages, please see the "Explanatory Notes and Estimates of Error: Household Data" section in *Employment and Earnings*, a monthly report published by the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics.

<u>Technical Assistance</u>. If you require assistance or additional information, please contact the Demographic Statistical Methods Division via e-mail at <u>dsmd.source.and.accuracy@census.gov</u>.

Table 4. Parameters for Computation of Standard Errors for Labor Force Characteristics: October 2012

Characteristic	a	b
Total or White		
Civilian labor force, employed	-0.000016	3,068
Not in labor force	-0.000009	1,833
Unemployed	-0.000016	3,096
Civilian labor force, employed, not in labor force, and unemployed		
Men	-0.000032	2,971
Women	-0.000031	2,782
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	-0.000022	3,096
Black		
Civilian labor force, employed, not in labor force, and unemployed		
Total	-0.000151	3,455
Men	-0.000311	3,357
Women	-0.000252	3,062
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	-0.001632	3,455
Hispanic, may be of any race		
Civilian labor force, employed, not in labor force, and unemployed		
Total	-0.000141	3,455
Men	-0.000253	3,357
Women	-0.000266	3,062
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	-0.001528	3,455
Asian, American Indian and Alaska Native, Native Hawaiian and		
Other Pacific Islander		
Civilian labor force, employed, not in labor force, and unemployed		
Total	-0.000346	3,198
Men	-0.000729	3,198
Women	-0.000659	3,198
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	-0.004146	3,198

Notes: (1) These parameters are to be applied to basic CPS monthly labor force estimates.

- (2) The Total or White, Black, and Asian, AIAN, NHOPI parameters are to be used for both alone and in combination race group estimates.
- (3) For nonmetropolitan characteristics, multiply the *a* and *b* parameters by 1.5. If the characteristic of interest is total state population, not subtotaled by race or ethnicity, the *a* and *b* parameters are zero.
- (4) For foreign-born and noncitizen characteristics for Total and White, the *a* and *b* parameters should be multiplied by 1.3. No adjustment is necessary for foreign-born and noncitizen characteristics for Black, Hispanic, and Asian, AIAN, NHOPI parameters.
- (5) For the groups self-classified as having two or more races, use the Asian, AIAN, NHOPI parameters for all employment characteristics.

Table 5. Parameters for Computation of Standard Errors for School Enrollment Characteristics: October 2012							
	b						
Characteristics	Total or White	Black	Asian, AIAN, NHOPI	Hispanic			
PEOPLE							
Persons enrolled in school:							
Total	2,131	2,410	2,410	2,744			
Children 13 and under	2,453	2,775	2,775	3,159			
Marital status, household and family characteristics, health insurance Some household members	4,687 5,695	6,733 9,929	6,733 9,929	11,347 16,733			
FAMILIES, HOUSEHOLDS, OR UNRELATED	INDIVIDU	ALS					
Income, earnings	2,016	2,201	2,201	3,709			
Marital status, household and family characteristics, educational attainment, population by age/sex	1,860	1,683	1,683	2,836			

Notes: (1) These parameters are to be applied to the October 2012 School Enrollment Supplement data.

- (2) AIAN is American Indian and Alaska Native and NHOPI is Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander.
- (3) Hispanics may be any race. For a more detailed discussion on the use of parameters for race and ethnicity, please see the "Generalized Variance Parameters" section.
- (4) The Total or White, Black, and Asian, AIAN, NHOPI parameters are to be used for both alone and in combination race group estimates.
- (5) For nonmetropolitan characteristics, multiply the *a* and *b* parameters by 1.5. If the characteristic of interest is total state population, not subtotaled by race or ethnicity, the *a* and *b* parameters are zero.
- (6) For foreign-born and noncitizen characteristics for Total and White, the *a* and *b* parameters should be multiplied by 1.3. No adjustment is necessary for foreign-born and noncitizen characteristics for Black, Asian, AIAN, NHOPI, and Hispanic parameters.
- (7) For the group self-classified as having two or more races, use the Asian, AIAN, NHOPI parameters for all characteristics except employment, unemployment, and educational attainment, in which case use Black parameters.

In 1994, we calculated school enrollment parameters directly from the 1994 CPS data. Since that time, the school enrollment parameters have been based on these updated parameters. Therefore, when calculating past school enrollment parameters, a separate set of year factors should be used.

Table 6 shows the prior year factors to apply to the non-school enrollment parameters.

Table 6. Year Factors for Non-School Enrollment Characteristics (1942-2012)						
Time Period	Total or White	Black		Asian, AIAN, NHOPI	Hispanic	
	a and b	a	b	a and b	a and b	
January 2003 – Present	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
July 2001 – December 2002 (SCHIP)	1.00	1.20	1.00	NA	1.00	
January 1996 - June 2001 (Non-SCHIP)	1.11	1.33	1.11	NA	1.11	
April 1989 - December 1995	1.03	1.23	1.03	NA	1.03	
April 1988 - March 1989	1.14	1.37	1.14	NA	1.20	
January 1985 - March 1988	0.96	1.15	0.96	NA	0.96	
January 1982 - December 1984	0.96	1.15	0.96	NA	1.35	
March 1973 - December 1981	0.86	1.03	0.86	NA	1.20	
January 1967 - February 1973	0.86	1.03	0.86	NA	1.20	
May 1956 - December 1966	1.29	1.55	1.29	NA	1.81	
August 1942 - April 1956	1.93	2.32	1.96	NA	2.71	

Notes: (1) These factors are for use with the 2012 non-School Enrollment a and b parameters.

⁽²⁾ AIAN, NHOPI are American Indian and Alaska Native, Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander.

⁽³⁾ Hispanics may be any race. For a more detailed discussion on the use of parameters for race and ethnicity, please see the "Generalized Variance Parameters" section.

Table 7 shows prior year factors to apply to school enrollment parameters.

Table 7. Year Factors for School Enrollment Characteristics (1945-2012)						
Time Period	Total or White	Black		Asian, AIAN, NHOPI	Hispanic	
	a and b	a	b	a and b	a and b	
January 2003 – Present	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
July 2001 - December 2002 (SCHIP)	1.00	1.20	1.00	NA	1.00	
January 1996 - June 2001 (Non-SCHIP)	1.11	1.33	1.11	NA	1.11	
March 1995 - December 1995	1.03	1.23	1.03	NA	1.03	
April 1989 - February 1995	1.19	1.70	1.42	NA	2.10	
April 1988 - March 1989	1.32	1.89	1.58	NA	2.45	
January 1985 - March 1988	1.11	1.60	1.33	NA	1.97	
January 1982 - December 1984	1.11	1.60	1.33	NA	2.76	
March 1973 - December 1981	0.99	1.43	1.19	NA	2.46	
January 1967 - February 1973	0.99	1.43	1.19	NA	2.46	
May 1956 - December 1966	1.49	2.14	1.78	NA	3.69	
October 1945 - April 1956	2.24	3.21	2.67	NA	5.54	

Notes: (1) These factors are for use with the 2012 School Enrollment a and b parameters.

- (2) AIAN, NHOPI are American Indian and Alaska Native, Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander.
- (3) Hispanics may be any race. For a more detailed discussion on the use of parameters for race and ethnicity, please see the "Generalized Variance Parameters" section.

Table 8 provides the U.S. regional factors to apply to parameters in order to calculate standard errors for U.S. regional estimates.

Table 8. Regional Factors to Apply To 2012 Parameters				
Type of characteristic	Factor			
U. S. totals	1.00			
Regions:				
Northeast	1.06			
Midwest	1.06			
South	1.07			
West	1.02			

REFERENCES

- [1] Bureau of Labor Statistics. 2004. *Employment and Earnings*. "Redesign of the Sample for the Current Population Survey." Volume 51 Number 11, May 2004. Washington, DC: Government Printing Office. pp 4-6.
- [2] U.S. Census Bureau. 2006. *Current Population Survey: Design and Methodology*. Technical Paper 66. Washington, DC: Government Printing Office. (http://www.census.gov/prod/2006pubs/tp-66.pdf)
- [3] Brooks, C.A. and Bailar, B.A. 1978. *Statistical Policy Working Paper 3 An Error Profile: Employment as Measured by the Current Population Survey*. Subcommittee on Nonsampling Errors, Federal Committee on Statistical Methodology, U.S. Department of Commerce, Washington, DC. (http://www.fcsm.gov/working-papers/spp.html)
- [4] U.S. Census Bureau, July 15, 2009, "Estimating ASEC Variances with Replicate Weights Part I: Instructions for Using the ASEC Public Use Replicate Weight File to Create ASEC Variance Estimates."

 http://usa.ipums.org/usa/repwt/Use_of_the_Public_Use_Replicate_Weight_File_final_PR.doc
 Accessed: February 3, 2012

USER NOTES

Revision to Internet Use Supplement Items

The Census Bureau has re-issued the 2012 October School Enrollment and Internet Use microdata file to correct an error occurring for two household records. The value for two household records, for the variable HENET2 (number of computers in the household), was incorrectly stored as -1 (out of universe); the correct value is HENET2 = 1 (yes).

The procedure used to make this correction called for storing the value of the household variable onto every person record within each household. This resulted in the storing of non-blank values for persons "out of universe" for the supplement (those ages 0-2). When tabulating household and person variables together, it is recommended to screen out persons whose PRTAGE includes 0, 1, or 2 (those not in universe for the supplement).

September 2013